

C H I N E S E - C A N T O N E S E

Dictionary
of
Common
Chinese-Cantonese
Characters

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DEFENSE LANGUAGE INSTITUTE
FOREIGN LANGUAGE CENTER

DICTIONARY OF COMMON CHINESE-CANTONESE CHARACTERS

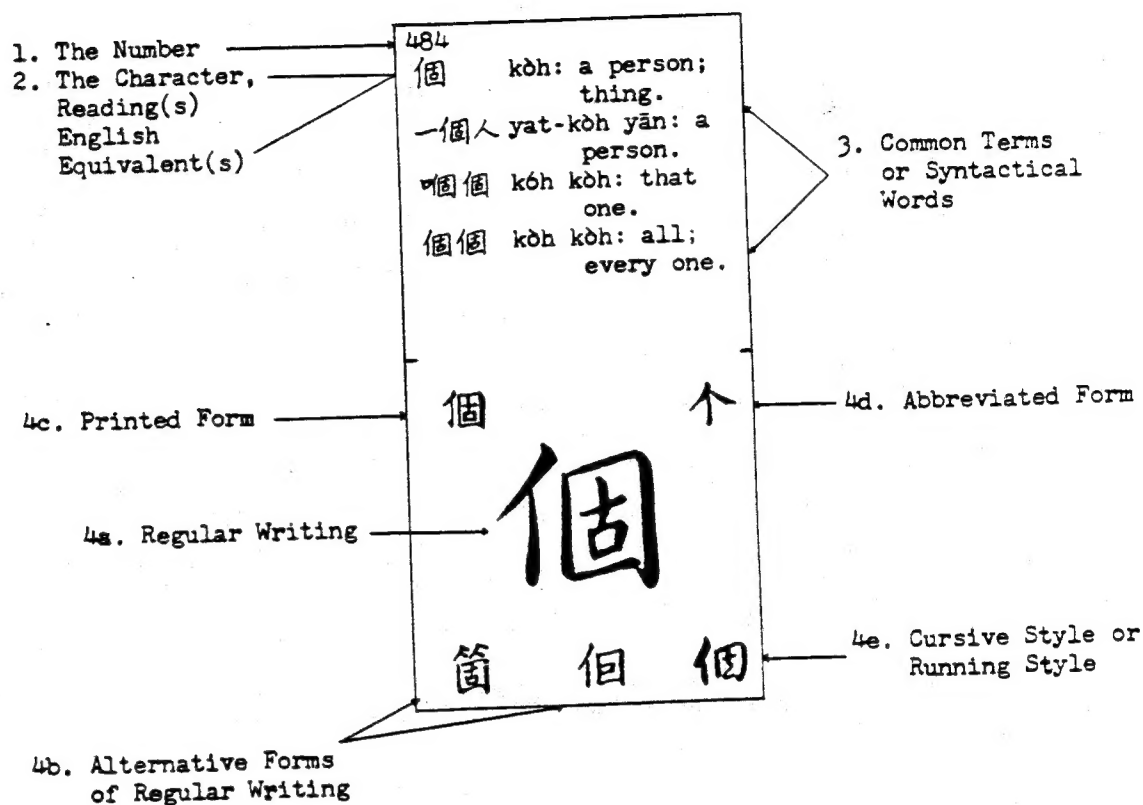
This dictionary contains 1,500 Chinese-Cantonese characters tŝ 字 (words) with more than 6,000 Chinese-Cantonese terms ts'ẑ 辭 (syntactical words). The characters were systematically selected from three frequency lists. The terms were carefully chosen from three Cantonese-English dictionaries.

The characters are arranged alphabetically according to the U.S. Army Language School System of Romanization. This system of Romanization is comprehensively described in the Chinese-Cantonese Basic Course Volume I and Chinese-Cantonese Refresher Course Volume I, both published by the U.S. Army Language School.

Each entry of this dictionary has the following:

1. The number of the character.
2. The character, its reading(s), and its English equivalents.
3. Use of the character in some most common terms or syntactical words.
4. Various forms and styles of the character:
 - a. The model or regular writing k'aai-shue 楷書 in the center.
 - b. The alternative forms of regular writing in the lower center and lower left corner.
 - c. The printed form hak-paán-tŝ 刻版字 at the upper left corner.
 - d. The abbreviated form kaám-pat-tŝ 減筆字 at the upper right corner.
 - e. The cursive style ts'ó-shue 草書 or running style hāng-shue 行書 at the lower right corner.

For example:



This dictionary is a companion text to the Common Chinese-Cantonese Characters Flash Cards and to the List of Common Chinese-Cantonese Characters, both published by the Defense Language age Institute. The Flash Cards have additional information concerning the radical, number of strokes, and calligraphy of each character. The List is to be used to evaluate a student's mastery of these common Chinese-Cantonese characters.

1

呀 a: final particle
 呀 a: final particle
 呀 ā: final particle
 呀 à: mildly emphatic;
 calling attention

3

鴨 aap: duck (Cl. 鴨)
 鴨 aap: duck (Cl. 鴨)
 水鴨 shui-aap: wild duck.
 臘鴨 laap-aap: pre-served duck.

5

握 ak: grasp
 握 aak: grasp
 握手 aak-shak: to shake hand.

呀

鴨

握

呀

呀

鴨

鴨

握

握

2

挨 ai: towards, against.
 挨晚 ai-mahn: towards evening

4

壓 aat: to repress, press down.
 壓位 aat-chuē: keep in check, repress.
 壓制 aat-chai: to oppress
 壓力 aat-līk: pressure.

6

差 ch'a: wrong, different.
 差 ch'ai: a messenger.
 差不多 ch'a-m-toh: almost, nearly most.
 差得遠 ch'a-tak-uēn: very different, far from it.
 郵差 yau-ch'ai: a postman.

挨

壓

壓

差

挨

挨

壓

壓

差

差

7

炸 chà: to explode

炸彈 chà-taán: a bomb.

炸藥 chà-yèuk: dynamite,

油炸 yāu-chà: to fry in oil

爆炸 paaù-chà: to explode, explosion.

9

查 ch'ā: to examine, investigate.

查出 ch'ā-ch'ut: to find out, seek out.

查問 ch'ā-mān: to investigate.

查真 ch'ā-čan: to ascertain.

11

柴 ch'aaī: firewood

火柴 fōh-ch'aaī (fōh-ch'aaī): matches

破柴 p'òh-ch'aaī: to split firewood.

炸

查

柴

柴

炸

炸

查

查

柴

柴

8

茶 ch'ā: tea.

茶葉 ch'ā-ép: tea leaves

茶壺 ch'ā-ōō: tea-pot

煲茶 pō-ch'ā: to make tea.

10

猜 ch'aaī: to guess, suspect.

猜謎 ch'aaī-māī: to guess riddles

猜想 ch'aaī-séung: to conjecture

猜枚 ch'aaī-moōī: morra (game of guessing at fingers held up)

12

責 chaàk: duty, responsibility to punish

責任 chaàk-yām: official charge, duty

責罰 chaàk-fāt: to punish

茶

猜

責

茶

茶

猜

猜

責

責

13

澤 chaâk: benefits,
moist, fertile.

潤澤 yün-chaâk:
healthy, robust

15

站 chaâm: station,
to stand.

車站 ch'ê-chaâm: bus-
station or
railway station.

站長 chaâm-chéung:
station master.

17

產 ch'ân: to produce
bear, productions,
estate.

產業 ch'ân-ip: real
estate

家產 ka-ch'ân: family
possessions.

土產 t'ô-ch'ân: native
product.

生產 shaang-ch'ân: to
raise, to bear a
child, to produce

澤

站

產

澤

站

產

14

策 ch'âk: to plan,
scheme.

計策 kâi-ch'âk: a
plan, a scheme

策劃 ch'âk-wâk: to
plan.

16

賺 chaân: earn,
gain, to make
profit.

賺錢 chaân-ts'în: to
earn money.

賺佣 chaân-yung: to
make a com-
mission.

18

爭 chaang: to debate,
wrangle, contest

爭 chang: ditto.

爭執 chaang-chap:
disagreement.

爭的 chaang-ti: al-
most, nearly.

爭論 chaang-lün: to
dispute, argue
châ-chang: war

策

賺

爭

策

賺

爭

19

插 ch'aáp: to insert, drive into

插嘴 ch'aáp-tsui: interrupt in talking.

21

找 ch'aáu: to seek, to change (as money)

找尋 ch'aáu-ts'ān: to seek, search for

找換 ch'aáu-oôn-ch'uè: money exchange

23

掉 ch'aáu: to row, propel

掉艇 ch'aáu-tēng: to row a boat

掉槳 ch'aáu-ts'ung: to pull an oar

插

找

掉

插

找

掉

插

插

找

掉

擢

掉

20

察 ch'aát: to examine, investigate

查察 ch'ā-ch'aát: to inquire

監察 k'as-ch'aát: inspection, examination

警察 k'ing-ch'aát: policeman

22

抓 ch'aáu: to scratch

抓爛 ch'aáu-lān: to lacerate

抓抓 ch'aáu-wá: to scratch

24

吵 ch'aáu: clamor, uproar

吵鬧 ch'aáu-naáu: to brawl

吵耳 ch'aáu-í: annoying, noise

察

抓

吵

察

抓

吵

察

察

抓

吵

25

制 chài: to govern,
to stop, to cut
off

抵制 tǎi-chài: to
boycott

制服 chài-fú: uni-
form, to over-
come

專制 chuen-chài: des-
potism

制度 chài-tó: system

制

27

針 chām: needle,
probe.

大頭針 tasī-t'au-chām:
a pin

指南針 chí-nān-chām:
compass

針

29

振 chàn: to stimu-
late, restore,

振作 chàn-tsòk: to
rouse, stimulate

振興 chàn-hing: to
develop

振

制 針 振

制

針

鍼

針

振

26

製 chài: to make,
to compound

製造 chài-tsò: to
manufacture

製造品 chài-tsò-pán:
manufactured
articles

製藥 chài-yauk: to
compound medi-
cines

製

28

真 chām: true, sure
genuine

真係 chām-hái: it is
so, really.

真心 chām-sam: in
earnest, sin-
cere.

真實 chām-shát: the
truth.

真相 chām-séung: the
true facts

真

30

鎮 chàn: town, com-
mandary: to
press down to
guard.

鎮守 chàn-shau: to
guard

鎮壓 chàn-àt: to re-
press, to re-
duce to order

鎮

製 真 鎮

製

真

鎮

31

陣 ch'ân (ch'ân): Cl.
for gusts, blast
showers.
period of time,
battle array.

一陣間 yat-ch'ân-kaan:
a moment

一陣雨 yat-ch'ân-üé: a
shower

陣勢 ch'ân-shai: troop
arrangement

陣

陣

陣

33

陳 ch'ân: to arrange
display, old,
stale.

陳列 ch'ân-lit: to ar-
range in order,
to display.

陳皮 ch'ân-p'ei: dried
orange peel.

陳

陳

陳

35

質 chat: substance,
disposition, to
confront.

質 ch'i: (lit pro)
a pledge

品質 pán-chat: quality
disposition

質問 chat-mán: to ques-
tion, to ask.

質

質

質

32

趁 ch'ân: to embrace
an opportuni-
ty, whilst.

趁機會 ch'ân-kei-ooi:
to take advan-
tage of opportu-
nity.

趁早 ch'ân-tsó: while
it is early.

趁

趁

趁

34

執 chap: to pick up,
grasp, hold.

執起茶 chap-hei-laí: to
pick up

執籌 chap ch'au: to
draw lots

固執 kòo-chap: obstin-
ate, stubborn.

執政 chap ch'ing:
governmental
administration

執

執

執

36

周 chau: everywhere,
all, surname
complete, to
assist.

周圍 chau-wai: all
around

周到 chau-tò: well
arranged, assid-
uity, assiduous,
attentive.

執 周

周

周

37

週 ch'au: to revolve,
a week, a year
週年 ch'au-nīn: a year
週期 ch'au-k'ei: a
period
週圍 ch'au-wai: all
around
週轉 ch'au-chuēn: cir-
culation (of
money)

週

39

抽 ch'au: to lift,
levy, whip
抽起 ch'au-hei: to
lift up
抽筋 ch'au-kan: spasm,
cramps

周

抽

41

仇 ch'au (shau): to
hate, oppose,
an enemy, rival
仇敵 shau-tik: an
enemy
仇人 shau-yān: an
enemy
報仇 pò-shau: to take
revenge

仇

週

抽

仇

週

抽

仇

38

州 ch'au: a political
division, district,
a state.
廣州 Kwóng-chau: Canton.

州

40

臭 ch'au: stench, bad
smell.
臭氣 ch'au-hei: a bad
smell.
臭名 ch'au mēng*: bad re-
putation
臭丸 ch'au-uēn*: moth-
ball

臭

42

綢 ch'au (ch'au*):
silk; pongee; fine
texture.
生綢 shang-ch'au*: raw
pongee.
紡綢 fong-ch'au*: semi-
raw silk.

綢

州

州

臭

臭

綢

綢

43

籌 ch'au: to compute,
a lot; tally kind
of game

籌款 ch'au foon: to raise
funds

籌備 ch'au pei: prepare,
plan.

執籌 chap-ch'au: to
draw lots

45

遮 che: to cover, an
umbrella. (Cl. pa)

雨遮 uē che: umbrella

遮住 che-chue: cover
over; conceal

47

車 ch'é: cart, vehicle
(Cl. ká) to turn
in lathe

車 kui: (lit pro) cart

汽車 heí-ch'é: automobile

火車 foh-ch'é: a train

電車 tén-ch'é: tram car

車輪 ch'e-lún: wheel

籌

籌

遮

車

籌

籌

籌

遮

遮

車

車

44

酬 ch'au: to pledge
an offering.

應酬 ying-ch'au: social
intercourse, so-
cial activity

酬勞 ch'au-ló: repay one
for trouble taken

46

者 ch'é: used to form
nouns, impersonal
pronoun, that, those
one.

再者 tsao-ch'é: further,
P.S.

敬啟者 king-k'ai-ch'é: "I
beg respectfully
to say" at the
beginning of letter

48

且 ch'é: also; moreover
尚且 shang-ch'é: but
yet; still

況且 fong-ch'é: moreover

而且 i-ch'é: also

酬

者

且

酬

酬

者

者

且

且

49

隻 chèk: Cl. of birds;
animals, ships,
limbs etc.

一隻船 yat chèk shuān: a
boat

一隻眼 yat chèk ngān: an
eye

51

着 cheuk: right; com-
pleted action;
put, attain to

遇着 uē-cheuk: to meet
with

着力 cheuk-līk: to
exert oneself

着色 cheuk-kap: impa-
tient, restless

53

張 cheung: open out;
a sheet; Cl. for
paper, chair etc.

一張紙 yat cheung chí: a
sheet of paper.

主張 chue-cheung: advo-
cate

隻

只

着

隻

着

張

張

張

50

尺 ch'āk: Chinese foot;
a ruler (Cl. pa)

尺寸 ch'āk-ts'uen: dimen-
sions

間尺 kuan-ch'āk: ruler
(for drawing etc)

52

桌 ch'wāk: table, stand

54

章 cheung: chapter;
rules, system

章程 cheung-ch'ing: rules
by laws

第一章 t'ai yat cheung: chap-
ter I.

圖章 t'ū-cheung: a seal
chop

尺

桌

卓

章

尺

桌

章

55

掌 chéung: palm of
hand, to con-
trol.

手掌 shau-chéung:
palm of hand

掌櫃 chéung-kwái*:
cashier

掌

掌

掌

57

仗 chéung: warfare
weapons

仗 chéung: to rely
on, to trust.

打仗 tá-chéung: to
make war

打勝仗 tá-shing-chéung:
to win a vic-
tory

仗義 chéung-í: stir-
red to action
by righteous-
ness

仗

仗

仗

59

丈 chéung: ten
feet (Chinese)
a senior, one
worthy of res-
pect.

一丈 yat chéung
ch'eung: ten
feet long

丈夫 chéung-foo: a
husband

方丈 fong-chéung:
10 square feet

丈

丈

丈

56

帳 chéung: a curtain
screen, awning

蚊帳 man-chéung: mos-
quito net

布帳 pò-chéung: awn-
ing

帳幕 chéung-mòk: a
tent

帳

帳

帳

58

漲 chéung: to flood;
over flow.

水漲 shuǐ chéung: the
water rises

漲

漲

漲

60

窗 ch'eung: window

窗門 ch'eung-moōn*: a
window

百頁窗 paak-í-p-ch'eung:
Venetian blind

窗

窗

窗

窗

窗

61

倡 Ch'eung: a leader;
to promote倡議 ch'eung-yi: to make
a motion;
to propose(
an idea).倡亂 ch'eung-luén: to
lead an in-
surrection.

63

場 ch'eūng: a "field";
floor; place墳場 fān-ch'eūng: grave-
yard戰場 chìn-ch'eūng: bat-
tle ground運動場 yán-tūng-ch'eūng:
athletic
field

65

腸 ch'eūng: bowels;
intestines;
feelings (Cl.
t'iu)臘腸 laáp-ch'eūng*: dried
sausage心腸 sam-ch'eūng: inward
thoughts

倡

場

坊

腸

肪

倡

場

腸

倡

場

坊

肪

62

唱 ch'èung: to sing;
to recite.唱歌 ch'èung-koh: to sing
songs

64

長 ch'eūng: long
cheung: old, to grow,
to exalt長氣 ch'eūng-hei: tedious;
long steamer;
talkative.長短 ch'eūng-tuén: merits
& defects家長 ka-ch eung: head of
a family長子 cheung-tsí: eldest
son長大 cheung-taí: to
grow up

66

知 chi: to know; wis-
dom.

知到 chi-tò: to know.

知覺 chi-kòk: feeling;
sensation

先知 sin-chi: a prophet

知足 chi-tsuk: content
with; satisfied知己 chi-keí: intimate
friend.

唱

長

长

知

唱

長

知

唱

長

知

67

支 chí: branch, to pay
 支銀 chí-nghān*: to pay out money
 支店 chí-tim: a branch (shop etc.)
 支票 chí-p'iu: check
 支持 chí-ch'í: to support, maintain

69

指 chí: finger (Cl. chí) to point indicate
 指公 shau-chí-kung: thumb
 指教 chí-kaau: to advise
 指揮 chí-fai: to command
 指甲 chí-kaap: finger nail

71

止 chí: to halt; stop; end
 止痛 chí-t'àng: to stop pain
 止步 chí-pó: to stop (no admittance)

支

指

止

支

指

止

支

指

止

68

之 chí: sign of to arrive at; possessive; lit. Chinese
 之字形 chí-tsé-yíng: zigzag

70

紙 chí: paper (Cl. chéung)
 紙幣 chí-pai: paper money
 印水紙 yan-shui-chí: blotter

72

只 chí: merely; only; but
 只要 chí-iú: only if
 只管 chí-koon: just do not hesitate to

之

紙

只

之

紙

只

之

紙

只

73

至 ch'i: to reach;
superlative
degree

至少 ch'i-shin: at
least

至到 ch'i-tò: until,
as to

至於 ch'i-ue: as for

至要 ch'i-iá: most
important

75

志 ch'i: will, purpose

志向 ch'i-hóng: aim
object

志氣 ch'i-héi: ambitious
will power

志願 ch'i-yên: to volun-
teer, ambition,
wishes

77

治 ch'i: to govern;
rule

治理 ch'i-léi: to man-
age, to govern

自治 tsai-ch'i: self-
government,
self-manage

政治 ching-ch'i: poli-
tics

至

至

至

志

志

志

治

治

治

74.

致 ch'i: to come to;
attain; send;
cause.

致敬 ch'i-king: to show
homage; to show
deep respect.

致函 ch'i hán: send a
letter to

76

置 ch'i: to buy; to
arrange; to
put aside.

安置 an-ch'i: to arran-
ge; to place.

置業 ch'i íp: to buy
property

位置 wai-ch'i: position
situation.

78

始 ch'i: to begin;
first.

始末 ch'i-mòt: from
beginning to
end

始創 ch'i-ch'àng: to
commence; open
up; originate

開始 hoi-ch'i: to
begin; to
start

致

致

致

置

置

置

始

始

始

79

齒 ch'i: teeth; age
 牙齒 ngā-ch'i: teeth;
 有口齒 mō-hāu-ch'i:
 break one's
 promise

81

持 ch'i: to grasp;
 hold; support
 維持 wai-ch'i: to
 maintain; up-
 hold; to aid
 主持 chū-ch'i: to
 manage; to
 direct.
 支持 chi-ch'i: to
 support

83

遲 ch'i: late; slow
 tardy.
 延遲 In-ch'i: delay
 遲疑 ch'i-i: hesita-
 tion; irresol-
 ute
 來得遲 loi-tak-ch'i:
 come late

齒

齒

持

遲

齒

齒

持

持

遲

遲

80

恥 ch'i: disgrace;
 shame
 羞恥 sau-ch'i: shame
 知恥 chi-ch'i: con-
 scious of dis-
 grace; sense
 of shame
 恥辱 ch'i-yuk: shame
 disgrace

82

池 ch'i: a cistern;
 pond (Cl kōn)
 水池 shui-ch'i: pond
 池塘 ch'i-t'ōng: pond

84

織 chik: to weave;
 knit.
 織布機 chik-pò-kei: a
 loom
 紡織 fōng-chik: to
 spin and weave

恥

池

織

織

恥

耻

恥

池

池

織

織

85

職 chik: duty
 職業 chik-íp: occupation; profession
 職員 chik-nén: personnel; staff.
 職位 chik-wái: position

87

值 chik: price; worth; to happen
 價值 ka-chik: cost; price
 適值 chik-chik: just happen to be
 值日 chik-yat: one's day on duty

89

佔 chin: to usurp; seize
 強佔 k'ung chin: to take by force; usurp
 佔領 chin-líng: to seize territory "occupation"
 佔據 chin-kui: to occupy forcibly

職

戢

值

佔

職

值

佔

戢

值

佔

86

直 chik: straight
 直去 chik hui: straight ahead
 直言 chik-lín: outspoken; frankness
 忠直 chung-chik: unaffected; artless

88

植 chik: to plant
 植物 chik-mat: plant vegetable
 種植 ching-chik: afforestation; plantation.
 植物學 chik-mat hók: botany

90

展 chin: to open out; unroll
 展開 chin-hoi: to spread out; open
 發展 fait-chín: to develop
 展期 chin-k'oi: to postpone
 展覽會 chin-lám ooi: an exhibition

直

植

展

直

植

展

直

植

展

91

戰 chin: to fight;
war; terrified

戰勝 chin-shing: vic-
tory; to win a
battle

戰爭 chin-chang: war

戰壕 chin-hō: trench

戰場 chin-ch'ung:
battle field

93

整 ching: to make;
do; arrange

修整 sau-ching: to re-
pair

整齊 ching-ts'ai: or-
derly; neat and
tidy

95

證 ching: to witness
evidence

證人 ching-yān: a
witness

證據 ching-kuì: proof
evidence; test-
imonial

證明 ching-ming: to
testify; to
prove

戰

战

整

證

戰

戰

整

整

證

証

92

征 ching: to make
war; subjugate
levy taxes

征伐 ching-fāt: to
attack; to in-
vade

94

正 ching: straight;
right; just;
exact

正當 ching-tōng: pro-
per; right

正式 ching-shik: of-
ficially

正月 ching-uēt: Jan-
uary

96

政 ching: to rule;
administration;
law

政府 ching-fōo: the
government

政治 ching-ch'ai: poli-
tics

政策 ching-ch'āek:
policy

征

正

政

征

征

正

正

政

政

97

稱 ch'ing: state;
to praise

稱 ch'ing: to wei-
gh; to estimate

相稱 seung-ch'ing:
symmetrical;
in accordance
with

稱職 ch'ing-chik: able
to fulfil the
responsibility

稱

稱

秤

稱

99

折 ch'it: to break
off; bend

折價 ch'it-ká: redu-
ced price

九折 kau-ch'it 90% of
list price
(10% discount)

折

折

折

101

朝 chiu: morning

朝 ch'iu: a dynasty

朝晚 chiu mǎn: mor-
ning and even-
ing

朝頭早 chiu-t'au-tsó:
early in the
morning.

清朝 Ch'ing-ch'iu:
Ch'ing dynasty

朝

朝

朝

98

程 ch'ing: route;
journey

起程 hsi-ch'ing: to
begin a jour-
ney

章程 ch'ung-ch'ing:
rules; regula-
tions

程度 ch'ing-tó: stan-
dard; grade

程

程

程

100

設 ch'it: to set
up; set forth
devise

設立 ch'it-laáp: es-
tablish

設法 ch'it-faát: to
devise means;
to find ways

設

設

設

102

招 chiu: to invite
to come; enter-
tain; receive

招牌 chiu-p'aai: sign
board; shop
sign

招待 chiu-toi: to
entertain

招兵 chiu-ping: to
recruit

招集 chiu-tsaáp: to
call in, to
get together

招

招

招

103

- 照 chiù: to shine upon; according to
- 照鏡 chiù-kèng: to look in a mirror
- 照舊 chiù-kiù: as formerly
- 護照 ô-chiù: a passport

105

- 超 ch'iu: to surpass to save; to leap over
- 超等 ch'iu-tang: the best; first class
- 超越 ch'iu-uét: surpassing

107

- 助 ch'oh: to assist help
- 幫助 pong-ch'oh: to aid; assist
- 內助 noi-ch'oh: help mate (wife)
- 樂助 lèk-ch'oh: free-will contribution

照

超

助

照

超

助

照

照

超

超

助

104

- 召 chiù: to call; summon
- 召見 chiù-hin: summon into presence
- 聖召 shing-chiù: Vocation (C)

106

- 阻 ch'oh: to hinder; impede
- 阻住 ch'oh-ch'ue: to hinder
- 阻礙 ch'oh-ngoi: hindrance; to hinder
- 阻止 ch'oh-ch'í: to stop

108

- 初 ch'oh: first original
- 當初 tong-ch'oh: at the beginning
- 初幾 ch'oh kei: first part of the month (up to 10)
- 初時 ch'oh-shí: at first

召

阻

初

召

阻

初

召

召

阻

初

109

楚 ch'oh: distress-
ing; painful;
clear
苦楚 koo-ch'oh: hard;
distressing;
清楚 ts'ing-ch'oh:
clear

111

裝 chong: to dress;
to pack; load
裝滿 chong-moŋ: pack-
ed full
唐裝 t'ong-chong: Chin-
ese costume
裝置 chong-chi: to in-
stal

113

壯 chông: strong; ro-
bust
壯健 chông-kîn: heal-
thy; hale
壯胆 chông-taam: to
strengthen one's
courage
強壯 k'eung-chông:
strong

楚

楚

裝

裝

壯

壯

110

鋤 ch'oh: hoe; mat-
tock (Cl. pá)
to hoe; till
鋤頭 ch'oh-t'au: a
heavy hoe
鋤地 ch'oh tef: dig
up the ground

112

莊 chong: serious;
sedate
端莊 tuen-chong: dig-
nified

114

狀 chông: appearance
form; lawsuit;
accusation
告狀 kò-chông: accusa-
tion; to sue in
court

鋤

鋤

莊

莊

狀

狀

115

廠 ch'óng: shed;
factory; works機器廠 kei-hei-ch'óng:
machine shop織布廠 chik-pò-ch'óng:
weaving mill工廠 kung-ch'óng:
factory

117

牀 ch'óng: bed; cou-
ch牀鋪 ch'óng-pò: bed-
ding牀褥 ch'óng-yük: mat-
tress彈弓牀 taán-kung ch'óng:
spring bed;
sofa

119

珠 chue: pearl;
bead (Cl. nap)珍珠 chan-chue: a
pearl眼珠 ngaán-chue: pu-
pil of an eye.

廠

牀

珠

廠

牀

珠

廠

廠

床

牀

珠

116

創 ch'óng: to begin
found; invent;
to create.創立 ch'óng laáp: to
establish創造 ch'óng-tsó: to
create; to in-
vent.創傷 ch'óng-shung:
wound, injury

118

豬 chue: pig; swine
(Cl. ch'ak)

豬肉 chue-yuk: pork

山豬 shan chue:
wild hog

120

朱 chue: red color
s朱紅 chue-hung: scar-
let; vermilion朱顏 chue-ngaán: ruddy
face

創

豬

朱

創

豬

朱

創

猪

猪

朱

121

主 chué: lord; master; owner; to rule

主人 chué-yān: master

天主 t'ín-chue: God

主意 chué-í: resolution; decision; main ideas

主持 chué-ch'í: to manage

123

注 chué: to fix the the mind on; to pour; to record

注意 chué-í: to heed; "notice" to pay attention to

注射 chué-shē: to inject; syringes

注重 chué-chung: to emphasize

125

處 ch'üē: a location

處 shüē: place

用處 yung-ch'üē: function; usefulness

好處 hó-ch'üē: benefit advantage

邊處 pin-shue: where

辦事處 pán-sí-ch'üē: office

主

注

處

處

主

主

注

注

處

處

處

122

煮 chué: to cook; prepare food

煮飯 chué faan: to cook rice

煮熟 chué-shák: "done"

124

住 chué: to abide; dwell;

住家 chué-ka: a residence

守住 shau-chuē: guard

居住 kui-chuē: live in

住客 chuē-haak: tenants

126

柱 ch'üē: pillar; post (Cl. t'íū)

石柱 shák ch'üē: stone pillar

煮

住

柱

煮

煮

住

住

柱

柱

127

石磚 chuen: brick;
tile (Cl.kōh)
青磚 ts'ing-chuen:
burnt brick
-chuen
泥磚 nai: mud brick

129

轉 chuen: change;
rotate
轉 chuen: to turn
轉灣 chuen-wan: turn
a bend
轉頭 chuen-t'au: to
turn back
調轉頭 tiu-chuen-t'au:
to turn around;
on the contrary

131

川 ch'uen: a stream
四川 Sei-ch'uen: Sse-
chuen (province
of China)

磚

轉

川

磚

轉

川

磚

磚

轉

川

128

專 chuen: single;
special
專心 chuen-sin: en-
grossed in;
concentration
專家 chuen-ka: a
specialist
專門 chuen-moōn:
specialisation
專科 chuen-fōh: spec-
ial course

130

穿 ch'uen: to drill
through; per-
forate
穿窿 ch'uen-lung: to
perforate
穿衣服 ch'uen i-fūk: to
put on clothes
穿針 ch'uen chan:
thread a needle

132

傳 ch'uen: to an-
nounce; hand
down
傳 chuen: biography
record; story
傳話 ch'uen-wá: act
as interpreter
to interpret
傳單 ch'uen-taan:
leaflet; hand-
bill

專

穿

傳

專

穿

傳

專

專

穿

傳

133

追 chui: to pursue;
to chase

追到 chui-tò: caught
up with

追究 chui-kaù: to
investigate;
follow up

135

錘 ch'ui: a hammer
to pound; scale
weight

鉄錘 t'it ch'ui: a
hammer

錘爛 ch'ui-laán: ham-
mer to pieces

137

竹 chuk: bamboo

竹篙 chuk-ko: bamboo
pole

竹笋 chuk-sún: bamboo
shoot

追

錘

竹

追

錘

竹

追

錘

錘

竹

134

吹 ch'ui: to blow;
play wind in-
strument

吹熄 ch'ui sik: to
blow out (lamp)

吹口 ch'ui-kau: to
whistle

吹號 ch'ui-hò: to
give a signal
(trumpeter)

136

除 ch'ui: to deduct
laying aside

除咗 ch'ui-chòh: af-
ter deducting

除非 ch'ui-fai: un-
less; except

開除 hoi-ch'ui: dis-
miss

除數 ch'ui-shò: divi-
sion (Arith)

138

祝 chuk: to invoke

祝福 chuk-fuk: invoke
blessing

祝壽 chuk-shò: to
offer birthday
congratulation

吹

除

祝

吹

除

祝

吹

除

祝

139

捉 chuk: to arrest;
to catch; seize捉住 chuk-chuê: to
seize捉賊 chuk ts'aak: to cap-
ture robbers

141

畜 ch'uk: cattle;
beasts; to rear畜生 ch'uk-shang: an-
imals畜馬 ch'uk mā: to
breed horse

143

準 ch'un: accurate; stan-
dard; exact

準備 ch'un-pel: to get ready

準確 ch'un-k'òk: accurate;
correct

捉

捉

捉

畜

畜

畜

準

準

準

準

140

築 chuk: to build;
raise;築馬路 chuk mā-lô: con-
struct a road築牆 chuk ts'wāng:
to build a wall

142

准 ch'un: to allow;
permit唔准 w-ch'un: not al-
low

準期 ch'un-kwai: on time

144

春 ch'un: Spring
season春天 ch'un-t'in:
springtime春季 ch'un kwai:
spring season

築

築

築

准

准

准

春

春

春

145

- 中 chung: middle;
center; within
- 中 chung: right;
exactly
- 中間 chung-kaan: middle
in between
- 中意 chung-í: to like
- 打中 tá-chung: hit the
mark

147

- 鐘 chung: a bell;
clock (Cl.kh)
- 打鐘 tá chung: to ring
a bell
- 鬧鐘 naú-chung: alarm
clock

149

- 種 chung: seed; germ
race
chung: to plant
- 種類 chung-lui: class;
variety
- 種族 chung-tsuk: race
of men
- 種子 chung-tsí: seeds
- 種菜 chung ts'oi: to
plant vegetable

中

鐘

鐘

種

種

中

鐘

種

中

鐘

種

146

- 忠 chung: devoted;
loyal
- 忠直 chung-chik: up-
right; honest
- 忠心 chung-sin: loyal

148

- 終 chung: final; the
end
- 終身 chung-shan: all
one's life
- 終日 chung-yat: the
whole day; all
the time
- 終點 chung-tám: final
end

150

- 衆 chung: many; a
crowd; all
- 大眾 tsai-chung: the
public; every-
one
- 出衆 ch'ut-chung: above
the average; un-
common
- 民衆 min-chung: the
people

忠

終

衆

衆

忠

終

衆

忠

終

衆

衆

151

- 重 ch'ung: double
 重 ch'ung: heavy; serious
 重 ch'ung: heavy; serious; more
 好重 hó-ch'ung: very heavy
 雙重 shuang-ch'ung: double; twice
 重有 ch'ung yau: still more

重

重

153

- 衝 ch'ung: to rush; towards; collide with
 衝突 ch'ung-tat: conflict
 衝鋒 ch'ung-fung: to charge (an enemy)

衝

衝

155

- 出 ch'ut: out; to go out; put out
 出街 ch'ut kasai: to go out
 出聲 ch'ut-sheng: to utter
 出貨 ch'ut-yau: to let
 出口 ch'ut-hau: export

出

出

152

- 充 ch'ung: to fill; satify
 充滿 ch'ung-moon: to fill up; full of
 冒充 mó-ch'ung: pretend to be other person
 充公 ch'ung-kung: to confiscate

充

充

154

- 蟲 ch'ung: worms; insects (Cl. t'iu)
 生蟲 shaang-ch'ung: to contain worms
 蟲類 ch'ung-lui: the class of insect or reptiles
 害蟲 hóf ch'ung: destructive insect

蟲

蟲

156

- 花 fa: flowers; blossom
 花王 fa-wong: garden-er
 花紅 fa-hung: reward
 花園 fa-uén: garden
 花布 fa-pò: flowered cloth

虫

花

花

157

化 fà: to change; to transform; melt

化學 fà-hók: chemistry

文化 mǎn-fà: culture; civilization

消化 siu-fà: to digest

進化 tsùn-fà: evolution

159

塊 faai: clod; lump; pieces(Cl.)

一塊布 yat-faai pò: a piece of cloth

一塊地 yat-faai tēi: a plot of ground

161

反 faan: to turn back or over; to rebel

反抗 faan-k'òng: violent opposition

反轉面 faan-chuèn-mín: to turn over

相反 seung-faan: contrary

反對 faan-tui: to oppose

化

塊

反

化 塊 反

化

塊

反

158

快 faai: quick; cheerful

快慢 faai-mǎn: quick & slow; speed

快樂 faai-lók: happy

快活 faai-óot: happy

快車 faai-ch'è: express train

160

翻 faan: to return; to overturn

翻轉頭 faan-chuèn-t'au: to return back

翻印 faan-yàn: to print again

162

凡 faan: all; common everyone

但凡 taan-faan: whatever; whoever

凡事 faan-sí: anything everything

快

翻

番 凡

快 翻 凡

快

翻

凡

凡

163

- 煩 faān: to annoy;
worry; trouble
- 麻煩 mā-faān: to both-
er; troublesome
- 煩悶 faān-moōn: de-
pressed; annoyed
chagrined

165

- 犯 faān: to offend;
do wrong
- 犯罪 faān-tsui: commit
a crime
- 犯法 faān-faāt: to
break the laws
- 監犯 kaam-faān: a
prisoner

167

- 發 faāt: to send
forth; to start
- 發生 faāt-shang: to
break out; hap-
pen
- 發明 faāt-ming: to
invent
- 發現 faāt-fān: to dis-
cover
- 發熱 faāt-it: to have
a fever

煩

犯

發

發

煩

犯

發

煩

犯

發

164

- 飯 faān: cooked
rice; a meal
- 煮飯 chue faān: to
cook rice; to
cook a meal
- 裝飯 chong-faān: dis-
up the rice

166

- 範 faān: pattern;
standard
- 模範 mō-faān: model;
example
- 範圍 faān-wai: limits
scope; sphere

168

- 法 faāt: law; rules
means; French
- 法子 faāt-tsz: means
ways
- 設法 ch'it-faāt: find
a means
- 法律 faāt-lūt: laws
- 法院 faāt-faen: a
court of law

飯

範

法

飯

範

法

飯

範

法

169

髮 faät: hair of the head (Cl. t'ü)

剪髮 tsün-faät: to cut the hair

飛髮 fei-faät: to cut the hair

171

廢 fai: to throw away; destroy; annul

廢物 fai-mät: worthless articles

廢除 fai-ch'üi: to abolish; to abrogate

173

肺 fai: the lungs

肺病 fai pêng: consumption

髮

髮

廢

廢

廢 肺

肺

170

揮 fai: to move; to shake

發揮 faät-fai: make known; to manifest

172

費 fai: fee; to spend; waste

費用 fai-yung: expenses

費事 fai-si: troublesome

學費 hók-fai: tuition

經費 king-fai: funds; maintenance

174

分 fan: to divide; percentage; minute

分 fân: a part; a share

本分 pón-fân: duty & general obligations

分開 fan-hoi: to divide

揮

揮

費

費

分

分

175

女昏 fan: to marry a wife; marriage
 婚事 fan-si: marriage
 結婚 kit-fan: to marry
 訂婚 ting-fan: to engage
 離婚 lei-fan: to divorce

177

粉 fán: flour; powder
 麵粉 mīn-fán: wheat flour
 通心粉 t'ung-san-fán: macaroni
 搽粉 ch'á-fán: to put powder on face

179

糞 fàn: manure; night soil; dung
 糞肥 fàn-fēi: refuse, manure
 糞廁 fàn-ts'ì: a privy
 落糞 lók-fàn: to manure

婚



婚

粉



粉

糞



糞

176

紛 fan: disorderly; numerous
 紛亂 fan-luán: disorder; confusion

178

訓 fàn: to instruct; teach; teachings
 教訓 k'au-fàn: to teach; advise
 訓練 fàn-lín: to train; to drill discipline

180

奮 fàn: earnest endeavor; energetic
 發奮 fát-fàn: to exert one's greatest effort
 奮力 fàn-lík: to exert one's effort; to put forth effort

紛



紛

訓



訓

奮



奮

181

忽 fat: suddenly;
to disregard
忽然 fat-tin: suddenly
忽略 fat-leuk: to
slight; to neg-
lect

183

否 fau: negative;
no
是否 shai fau: is it
so or not;
yes or no
否認 fau-ying: deny

185

飛 fei: to fly
飛禽 fei k'ān: birds
in general
飛機 fei-kei: airplane

忽

忽

否

否

飛

飛

182

罰 fāt (faāt): to
punish; fine;
forfeit
責罰 chaak-fāt: reprimand; blame
賞罰 shing fāt: re-
wards and puni-
shment
罰款 fāt foōn: fines;
to fine

184

非 fei: opposed to;
not; false
非常 fei-shing: very
extremely
是非 shai-fei: detrac-
tion; scandal;
the truth and
the false

186

匪 fei: vagabond;
sedition
土匪 t'6 fei: bandit
匪徒 fei-t'6: rowdies
robbers

罰

罰

非

非

匪

匪

187

肥 fēi: fat; fertile; flourish-
ing

肥壯 fēi-chōng: robust

肥田料 fēi-t'ín-liú:
fertilizers養肥 yǎng fēi: to
fatten

189

火 fǒ: fire; fever;
to burn

火燭 fǒ-chuk: conflagration; on fire

火山 fǒ shān: volcano

火水 fǒ-shuǐ: kerosene

火酒 fǒ-tsau: alcohol

191

貨 fǒh: goods; cargo

貨物 fǒh-mat: goods;
cargo

洋貨 yǎng fǒh: foreign

貨倉 fǒh-tsóng: warehouse

肥

火

貨

肥

肥

火

火

貨

貨

188

科 fōh: series;
rank; department

科學 fōh-hók: science

科長 fōh chéung: chief
of a department內科 nǎi-fōh: medical
practice

外科 ngoi-fōh: surgical

190

伙 fǒh: tools;
goods

伙食 fǒh-shik: provisions

伙記 fǒh-kei: waiter;
employee of a
store伙頭 fǒh-t'au: a
cook

192

課 fǒh: a lesson;
task功課 kung-fǒh: school
work; home work上課 shǎung fǒh: hold
classes; attend
classes

科

伙

課

科

科

伙

伙

課

課

193

方 fong: square; region of
 四方 Sei-fong: square; all directions
 方面 fong-mān: phase; point of view
 方向 fong-héung: direction
 方法 fong-faht: means; method

195

荒 fong: wilderness; waste
 荒地 fong tsi: uncultivated land
 荒年 fong-nān: year of famine
 飢荒 kei-fong: famine
 開荒 hoi fong: bring under cultivation

197

訪 fong: to inquire into; to visit
 訪問 fong-mān: to inquire
 訪查 fong ch'ā: to investigate
 訪員 fong-yūn: newspaper reporter
 拜訪 paai-fong: visit

方

荒

訪

方

荒

訪

方

荒

訪

194

慌 fong: nervous; fearful; alarmed
 驚慌 king-fong: alarmed; scared
 好慌 hō fong: very frightened

196

紡 fong: to spin; to weave
 紡織 fong-chik: to weave; weaving

198

放 fong: to release to place in or on
 放假 fong kà: to give holiday; holiday
 放學 fong hōk: school let out
 放心 fong-sam: make the mind easy; to be free from anxiety

慌

紡

放

慌

紡

放

慌

紡

放

199

况 fòng: moreover;
still more
况且 fòng-ch'ie: more-
over
何况 hō-fòng: how
much more? or
still less?

201

防 fòng: to guard;
against; to
protect from
防備 fòng-péi: to wat-
ch for; to guard
against
提防 t'ai-fòng: to be-
ware of
防軍 fòng kwan: de-
fence corps

203

夫 foo: husband; man
丈夫 cheung-foo: hus-
band
夫人 foo-yān: wife;
Mrs.
夫婦 foo foo: husband
and wife
工夫 kung-foo: work

况

防

夫

况

防

夫

况

况

防

夫

200

房 fōng (fōng*):
room; dwelling
(Cl. kaan)
房間 fōng-kaan: room
同房 t'ung fōng*:
roommate; co-
habitation

202

妨 fōng: to oppose;
impede
妨碍 fōng-ngoi: to
hinder; to ob-
struct
毋妨 mō-fōng: it does-
not matter; no
harm
妨害 fōng-hoi: to
disturb; to in-
terfere

204

呼 foo: to call out;
to shout
稱呼 ch'ing-foo: to
address; to
call

房

妨

呼

房

妨

呼

房

妨

呼

foô

205 - 210

foô

205

苦 foô: bitter;
affliction
辛苦 san-foô: hard;
suffer; torture
苦工 foô kung: hard
labor

207

虎 foô: tiger; tiger
like
老虎 lô-foô: a tiger

209

富 foô: rich; wealthy
abundance
富貴 foô kwai: riches
and honor
富厚 foô hau: rich &
influential

苦

虎

虎

富

苦
苦

虎
虎

富
富

206

府 foô: district
prefecture; a
palace
府上 foô-shung: po-
lite term for
"Your residence"
貴府 kwai-foô: ditto

208

斧 foô: ax; hatchet
斧頭 foô-t'au: hat-
chet; hammer
打斧頭 t'au-foô-t'au: to
cheat (money)

210

褲 foô: trousers;
drawers
長褲 ch'ung foô:
trousers; slacks
內褲 noi foô: drawers

府

斧

褲

扶

府
府

斧
斧

褲
褲

211

副 foô: to aid;
second; set of;副領事 foô lǐng-sǎ:
Vice-Consul副官 foô-koon: adjut-
ant; aides-de-
camp副總統 foô tsung-t'ung:
Vice president

213

婦 foô: married wo-
men; female婦女 foô-nui: women
in general

婦人 foô-yān: women

婦科 foô-foh: Gyneco-
logy

215

附 foô: neighboring;
adjacent附近 foô-k'an: neigh-
boring; near to附錄 foô lûk: an ap-
pendix

副

婦

附

副 婦 附

副 婦 附

212

扶 foô: to uphold;
help扶助 foô-ch'oh: to
assist; aid扶持 foô-ch'i: to
sustain

214

父 foô: father

父親 foô-ts'an: fa-
ther神父 shān-fôô: Ca-
tholic priest父老 foô-lô: village
elders

216

負 foô: ungrateful
to owe; carry負責 foô-ch'auk: res-
ponsible勝負 ch'ing foô: win
or lose其負 wei-fôô: insult-
ing;

扶

父

負

扶 父 負

扶 父 負

217

付 foô: to transfer;
give to; to send

付託 foô-t'òk: entrust
with

付貨 foô fòh: to de-
liver goods

219

灰 foôl: ashes; lime;
plaster

石灰 shak-foôl: lime
from stone

火灰 fòh-foôl: ashes

灰心 foôl-san: des-
pondent

221

歡 foon: to rejoice;
delighted

歡喜 foon-hai: happy;
to like

歡迎 foon-ying: to
welcome

付

付

付

灰

灰

灰

歡

歡

歡

218

腐 foô: rotten; de-
cayed

腐爛 foô-lan: putrid

腐敗 foô-pai: demor-
alized; deter-
iorated

豆腐 tau-foô: bean
curd

220

悔 foôl: to repent;
contrition; to
regret

痛悔 t'ung-foôl:
bitterly regret

悔改 foôl-koi: to
repent and re-
form

後悔 hau-foôl: remorse

222

寬 foon: forgiving;
lenient; wide;
broad

寬容 foon-yung: len-
iency; tolera-
tion

寬大 foon-tai: large
spacious; len-
ient

腐

腐

腐

悔

悔

悔

寬

寬

寬

223

款 foón: to treat
courteously; an
item; an amount

款待 foón-toi: to
treat cordially

款式 foón-shik: pat-
tern; style

存款 ts'uēn foón: de-
posit

225

複 fuk: double; to
repeat

複雜 fuk-tsāp: com-
plicate

重複 ch'ung-fuk: to
duplicate;
double

227

服 fuk: garments; to
serve; mourning
clothes

服從 fuk-ts'ung: to
submit to; to
obey

着服 ch'ek fuk: to go
into mourning

服務 fuk-mó: to serve;
service

服毒 fuk ták: to take
poison

款

複

服

款 複 服

224

福 fuk: happiness;
blessed; felici-
city

幸福 hāng-fuk: happi-
ness; felicity

福利 fuk-lei: wel-
fare

發福 fāt-fuk: to
grow fat

226

復 fuk: to come
back; again

復原 fuk-uēn: to
recover from
sickness

恢復 fook-fuk: recu-
perate (back to
normal condi-
tion)

228

伏 fuk: to prostrate;
to overcome

埋伏 mai-fuk: to am-
bush

伏兵 fuk-ping: an
ambush

福

復

伏

福 復 伏

229

風 fung: wind; rumor; custom
 打風 tá fung: typhoon
 風俗 fung-tsuk: common customs
 風濕 fung-shap: rheumatism
 風景 fung-king: scenery

231

豐 fung: abundant; prolific
 豐足 fung-tsuk: plentiful
 豐年 fung nín: a plentiful year
 豐富 fung-fod: rich; opulent; abundant

233

吓 hā: a moment; a while; once
 等吓 táng hā: wait a moment
 幾吓 kái-hā: several times

風

豐

丰

吓

風
 風

豐
 豐

吓
 吓

230

封 fung: to seal; close up; Cl for letters
 一封信 yat-fung sùn: a letter
 信封 sùn-fung: an envelope
 封鎖 fung-sók: to blockade

232

縫 fūng: to sew
 裁縫 ts'oi-fūng lo: a tailor

234

下 hā: to go down; below; next (hā)
 上下 sh'óng-hā: about
 下午 hā-ng: afternoon
 下次 hā ts'z: next time
 下等 hā-t'áng: low class; poor q.

封

縫

下

封
 封

縫
 縫

下
 下

235

夏 hâ: summer
 夏天 hâ-t'in: summer
 夏季 hâ-kwâi: summer
 season
 夏至 hâ-chi: summer
 solstice

237

鞋 haai: low shoes;
 (Cl. ch'âk 1;
 tui 2.)
 拖鞋 t'oh-haai: slip-
 pers
 鞋帶 haai-tai: shoe
 lace
 鞋膏 haai-ko: shoe
 polish

239

客 haak: stranger;
 visitor; guest;
 customer
 搭客 taap-haak: pass-
 engers
 人客 yân-haak: guests
 客氣 haak-hei: polite;
 courteous; to
 stand on cere-
 mony

夏

鞋

客

夏

夏

鞋

鞋

鞋

客

客

236

孩 haai: child
 嬰孩 ying-haai: infant
 孩童 haai-t'ung: boy

238

械 haai: weapons;
 implements
 軍械 kwan-haai: weapon
 of war
 器械 hei-haai: machin-
 ery; implements

240

喊 haam: to weep;
 call out
 大聲喊 taai sheng haam:
 loud weeping
 打喊 ta haam-xô: to
 yawn

孩

械

喊

孩

孩

械

械

喊

喊

241

閒 haān: idle; un-occupied
 得閒 tak-haān: leisure free
 閒人 haān yān: an outsider; loafer; intruders

243

考 haau: to examine; question
 考試 haau-shi: examination
 考查 haau-ch'ā: to investigate

245

効 haau: to imitate; to toil; to copy
 效法 haau faat: to imitate; to copy to follow an example
 效用 haau-yung: function; utility
 效果 haau-kwōh: result

閒

考

効

閒

考

効

閒

考

効

効

242

限 haan: limit; boundary; to restrict
 限制 haan-chai: to restrict; restriction
 有限 yau-haān: "limited"

244

巧 haau: skillful; cunning
 巧辯 haau pīn: plausible argument
 巧妙 haau-miū: skillful

246

校 haau: a school
 校 haau: to compare military title
 學校 hōk-haau: a school
 校長 haau-ch'ung: school principal
 上校 sh'ung-haau: colonel

限

巧

校

限

巧

校

限

巧

校

247

口係 hai: to be at;
in; on; under

喺處 hai shuè: (he,
it) is here

喺屋路 hai uk-k'ei: at
home

249

系 hai: link; suc-
cession; depart-
ment

世系 shai-shai: succes-
sive generation

系統 hai-t'ung: system

251

刻 hak: to engrave;
instant
(haak)

一刻 yat hak: quarter
hour

片刻 p'in-hak: an
instant

刻字 hak tsz: to en-
grave character

喺

系

刻

喺

系

刻

喺

系

刻

248

係 hai: to be; is;
are; affirma-
tive

係唔係 hai-m-hai: is it
so?

係咩 hai me: is that
so?

250

黑 hak: dark; black

黑暗 hak-on: darkness;
dark

黑心 hak san: evil;
malevolent

252

克 hak(haak): to re-
press; to
overcome

克己 hak-kei: subdue
oneself

克服 hak-fuk: to
overcome

係

黑

克

係

黑

克

係

黑

克

253

恨 hân: to hate;
resent; crave
恨錢 hân ts'ín: avari-
cious
悔恨 fooi-hân: remorse;
regret
懷恨 waai hân: cherish
hate

255

行 hāng (hāng): to
walk; to do; act
行 hāng: conduct
行 hōng:
(hōng): a business
firm
行李 hāng-lǐ: baggage
行禮 hāng-lǐ: to sal-
ute
品行 pán-hāng: conduct
character
洋行 yēng hōng: for-
eign firm

257

哈 hap (ha): sound
of laughter
哈哈笑 ha-ha tsai siu:
heartily of laugh-
ter
哈爾濱 Hap-I-pan: Harbin

恨

行

哈

恨

行

哈

恨

行

哈

254

肯 háng: willing;
will
肯唔肯 háng-m-háng: will-
ing or not
首肯 shau háng: nod
affirmatively
允肯 yǔn-háng: to
permit

256

幸 hāng: fortunate;
lucky
不幸 pat-hāng: mis-
fortunate
幸運 hāng-wán: lucky

258

恰 hap (hop): timely
fitting; exact;
to close
恰好 hap h6: just fit
just right
恰眼睛 hap ngau-n-fán: to
dose

肯

幸

恰

肯

幸

恰

肯

幸

恰

259

瞎 hât: blind

瞎眼 hât ngân: blind

261

咽喉 hau: the throat

咽喉 hau-lung: the gullet

喉急 hau-kap: impatient; hasty

水喉 shui-hau: water pipe

白喉 paak-hau: Diphtheria

263

厚 hau (han): thick rich; sincere; honest

厚薄 hau-pok: thickness

厚面皮 hau min-p'ei: shameless; brazenfaced

厚待 hau toi: to treat kindly or cordially

瞎

喉

厚

瞎

瞎

喉

喉

厚

厚

260

口 hau: mouth; port hole (Cl. kôh)

人口 yân-hau: population

海口 hoi-hau: port

生口 shang-hau: cattle in general

口才 hau-ts'oi: eloquence

262

後 hau: after; behind (time or place)

後日 hau-yât: day after to-morrow

後來 hau-loi: afterward

後生 hau-shang: young; a youth

然後 in-hau: & then; next; therefore

264

候 hau: to wait; a period of time

時候 shi-hau: time

等候 tang-hau: wait for

問候 mên-hau: inquire after; to give one's regard

口

後

候

口

口

後

後

候

候

265

欺 *hei*: to deceive;
cheat; oppress

欺騙 *hei-p'in*: to
cheat; deceive

欺人 *hei yān*: to im-
pose upon or on
other; to de-
ceive

267

稀 *hei*: few; far
apart; watery

稀疏 *hei-shoh*: wide
apart

稀稀地 *hei-hei-tei*:
sparsely; wa-
tery

269

起 *hei*: to rise;
raise; begin;
from

起手 *hei-shau*: to be-
gin; to start

起身 *hei shān*: arise
to get up

起貨 *hei foh*: to un-
load cargo

欺

稀

起

欺

稀

起

266

希 *hei*: to hope;
rare

希望 *hei-mōng*: to
hope for

希罕 *hei-hōn*: rare

希奇 *hei-k'ei*: curi-
ous; strange

268

喜 *hei*: to rejoice;
be happy; joy

喜歡 *hei-foon*: like;
pleased;

喜事 *hei-si*: joyful
event or cere-
mony

恭喜 *kung-hei*: to
congratulate;
congratulation

270

氣 *hei*: air; gas;
temper

空氣 *kung-hei*: air

氣候 *hei-hau*: climate
temperature

氣力 *hei-lik*: streng-
th

斷氣 *t'uen hei*: to
die

希

喜

氣

气

希

喜

氣

271

- 器 hei: dish; implement; ability
 器具 hei-kui: tools; utensils
 器皿 hei-ming: vessel; small articles of use
 器械 hei-haai: instruments; equipment
 小器 siu hei: petty narrow minded

273

- 戲 hei: to jest; make sport of; theatrical performance
 戲弄 hei-lung: make sport of; make fun of
 戲院 hei-yan: theatre
 戲臺 hei-toi: a stage

275

- 鄉 heung: village; countryside
 鄉村 heung-ts'uen: the country
 鄉下 heung-hâ: rural native place; village
 鄉民 heung mân: villagers
 家鄉 ka-heung: home; native village

器

戲

戲

鄉

器

戲

鄉

器

戲

戲

鄉

鄉

272

- 汽 hei: gas; steam
 汽車 hei-ch'ie: automobile
 汽油 hei-yau: gasoline
 汽水 hei-shui: soda-water; soda-pop

274

- 輕 heng: light weight
 輕 hing: (lit.pro.)
 輕輕 heng-heng-tai: lightly; gently
 輕易 hing-i: easy
 輕浮 hing-fau: superficial; frivolous

276

- 香 heung: fragrance; aroma
 香味 heung hei: fragrance; aroma
 香水 heung-shui: perfume
 香烟 heung-in: cigarettes

汽

輕

輕

香

汽

輕

香

汽

輕

香

277

鄉音 héung: a sound;
noise; noisy
好響 hó héung: sonor-
ous; very loud
響應 héung-yíng: an
echo; to res-
pond
響亮 héung-leung:
loud; clear-
sounding

279

向 héung: from;
facing; towards
方向 fong-héung: dir-
ection
向來 héung-loí: with-
erto
向北 héung pak: fac-
ing north

281

欠 him: to owe; de-
ficient
欠錢 him ts'in: owe
money
欠債 him chaai: in
debt
欠缺 him-k'uet: de-
ficiency;
lack of

鄉音

响

向

欠

鄉音

鄉音

向

向

欠

欠

278

享 héung: to enjoy;
to receive
享福 héung fuk: to
enjoy happiness
享受 héung-shau: to
enjoy; receive

280

險 him: dangerous;
risky
保險 pó-him: insur-
ance
危險 ngai-him: dan-
gerous

282

牽 him: to pull;
connect
牽牛 him ngau: to
lead cattle
牽連 him-lín: to im-
plicate
牽氣 him-hei: gasp-
ing for air

享

險

牽

享

享

險

險

牽

牽

283

顯 *hin*: to make
manifest; display

顯出 *hin-ch'ut*: be-
come manifest;
to show

顯然 *hin-in*: evident
ly; apparently

顯微鏡 *in-mei-kang*:
microscope

285

兄 *hing*: elder bro-
ther; senior

兄弟 *hing-tai*: broth-
ren

家兄 *ka-hing*: my eld-
er brother

令兄 *ling-hing*: your
older brother

堂兄弟 *t'ung hing-tai*:
cousins of the
same surname

287

慶 *hing*: celebrate;
congratulate;
joyful; happy

慶祝 *hing-chuk*: to
celebrate

慶賀 *hing-ho*: to
congratulate

顯

顯

兄

慶

庆

顯

兄

慶

284

獻 *hin*: to present;
offer

奉獻 *fung-hin*: to
offer up; con-
secrate to

獻禮 *hin lai*: offer
presents

286

興 *hing*: to rise;
raise; to pro-
per; to begin

興 *hing*: to rejoice
excite; joyful

好興 *ho hing*: much in
vogue

興工 *hing kung*: to
start working

高興 *ko-hing*: glad
hing-ts'ui: in-
terest

288

協 *hip*: mutual help
to agree

協力 *hip-lik*: to co-
operate

協約 *hip-yeuk*: treaty
agreement

獻

興

兴

興

協

协

獻

興

協

献

献

兴

协

289

歇 hit: to stop;
rest
不歇 pat hit: inces-
santly
歇息 hit-sik: to rest
to pause
歇一陣 hit yat-chân:
rest a while

291

好 hō: to love; to
be fond of
好 hō: good; right
very
好彩 hō-ts'oi: for-
tunately
好處 hō ch'ue: merit;
advantage
好學 hō hōk: fond of
study

293

可 hōh: can; may;
possible; to
merit
可以 hōh-yi: can; possible
可靠 hōh-k'au: reli-
able
可憐 hōh-līn: pitiful
可惜 hōh-sik: it is a
pity

歇

好

可

歇

好

可

歇

好

可

290

曉 hiú: to under-
stand; know;
daybreak
曉得 hiú-tak: under-
stand
破曉 p'òh-hiú: day
break; dawn

292

號 hō: a name; de-
signation; mark
number; signal
day of month
號 hō: lit. to cry
號碼 hō-mā: number
暗號 àn-hō: password
記號 k'ei-hō: distinguish-
ing mark

294

河 hōh: a river;
canal
運河 yün-hōh: a canal;
grand canal
河流 hōh-lau: river's
course

曉

號

号

河

曉

號

河

曉

號

号

河

295

何 hōh: how; what;
why?
何苦 hōh-fōo: why
take the trou-
ble
何必 hōh-pit: why bo-
ther
何況 hōh-fōng: fur-
thermore

297

開 hoi: to open; be-
gin; enumerate
開張 hoi-chung: to
open a shop
開身 hoi-shan: to set
sail
開工 hoi kung: to be-
gin work
開會 hoi coi: to hold
a meeting

299

害 hoi: to wound; in-
jure; detriment
害處 hoi ch'ue: evils;
bad points
有害 yau hoi: harmful
detrimental
損害 suen-hoi: damage;
injuries

何

開

害

何

開

害

何

開

害

296

賀 hōh: to congra-
tulate
賀壽 hōh-shau: birth-
day congratula-
tion
賀禮 hōh-lai: congra-
tulatory present
恭賀 kung-hōh: to con-
gratulate

298

海 hoi: the sea;
waters
海島 hoi-tō: an island
海洋 hoi-yung: the
ocean
海軍 hoi-kwan: navy
海關 hoi-kwan: cus-
toms house

300

學 hōk: to learn;
study; imitate
學校 hōk-haau: school;
academy
學生 hōk-shang: stu-
dent
學費 hōk fai: tuition
學問 hōk-mān: know-
ledge

賀

海

學

學

賀

海

學

賀

海

學

學

301

含 hōm: to hold;
cherish; hold
in the mouth
包含 pau-hōm: to con-
tain; enclosed
in
含怒 hōn nō: to cher-
ish anger
含笑 hōn siū: to hold
a laugh in the
mouth i.e. to
smile

303

漢 hōn: name of a
dynasty of China
a man
漢人 hōn yān: the
Chinese
漢文 hōn wén: Chinese
好漢 hó hōn: a brave
man
大漢 tai hōn: a man

305

旱 hōn: dry; drought
天旱 t'in hōn: drought
旱災 hōn tsai: distress
from drought

含

漢

旱

含

漢

旱

含

含

漢

旱

302

看 hōn: to look at;
view; examine
看 hōn: to watch
看戲 hōn hsi: to see
a play
看書 hōn shue: to
read books
看護 hōn-nō: a nurse
看守 hōn-shau: to
guard

304

寒 hōn: cold; free-
zing; humble;
poor
寒冷 hōn lāng: cold
寒帶 hōn tai: frigid
zone
寒暑表 hōn-shue-piū:
thermometer

306

汗 hōn: perspiration
sweat
出汗 ch'ut hōn: to
perspire
流汗 lau hōn: to
sweat; perspire

看

寒

汗

看

寒

汗

看

寒

汗

307

康 hong: prosperity
peace

康健 hong-kín: hale;
healthy; strong

康年 hong nín: a
fruitful year

康熙 Hong-hei: Em-
peror Kang-
hi (1662-1723)

309

航 hōng: to navigate
sail

航海 hōng-hoí: sailing
navigation

航空 hōng-hung: avia-
tion

航業 hōng íp: ship-
ping business

311

項 hōng: a sort;
nape of neck;
kind; item

各項 kòk hōng: var-
ious item

款項 foón-hōng: sum
of money;
money

康

航

項

康

康

航

航

項

項

308

筐 hong: an open
basket; a
couch

竹筐 chuk hong: bam-
boo basket

筐床 hong-ch'ōng: a
square couch

310

巷 hōng: a small
street; alley;
lane

巷口 hōng-hái: entran-
ce to a lane

冷巷 laǎng-hōng: pass-
ageway; corridor

312

合 hōp: to agree
with; match
together

合同 hōp-t'ūng: a
contract

合用 hōp-yūng: useful

合作 hōp-taók: cooper-
ation

合格 hōp-kaák: eligi-
ble; pass the
exam

筐

巷

合

筐

筐

巷

巷

合

合

313

渴 hòt: to thirst;
long for
頸渴 kóng-hòt: thirst
解渴 kaí-hòt: to
quench thirst
渴望 hòt-móng: to de-
sire something
eagerly; to
long for

315

圈 huen: a circle;
ring; to en-
circle
畫圈 wák huen: to
draw circles
圓圈 uēn-huen: a cir-
cle

317

血 huèt: blood
血管 huèt-koón: blood
vessels
血脈 huèt-mák: the pul-
se
血統 huèt-t'úng: blood
relation

渴

圈

血

渴

圈

血

渴

圈

血

314

喝 hòt: to call out;
bawl
喝住 hòt-chuê: call to
stop
喝彩 hòt-ts'oi: to ap-
plaud; acclame-
tion

316

勸 huèn: to advise;
exhort
勸導 huèn-tô: to ad-
vise; counsel
勸告 huèn-kò: advice;
to advise;
admonish
勸人 huèn yān: to give
advice to some
body

318

虛 hui: empty; void;
vain
虛弱 hui-yeók: weak
空虛 hung-hui: empty
虛驚 hui-king: false
terror
虛傳 hui-ch'uen: ru-
mor

喝

勸

勸

虛

喝

勸

虛

喝

勸

虛

319

許 hui: to promise;
permit
許可 hui-hoh: to per-
mit; sanction
許久 hui-kau: a long
time
許多 hui-toh: very
many
許願 hui uen: make a
vow

321

哭 huk: to weep;
wail; cry; la-
ment
啼哭 t'ai-huk: wail-
ing and weeping

323

兇 hung: violent;
malevolent;
savage
兇惡 hung-ok: wicked;
malignant
兇手 hung-shau: the
murderer
兇猛 hung-mang: fierce

許

哭

兇

許

许

哭

哭

兇

兇

320

去 hui: to go; go
away; depart
去世 hui-shai: to die
pass away
去年 hui-nin: last
year
過去 kwok-hui: past;
to pass
去街 hui kai: to go
out

322

空 hung: empty; void
vain
空中 hung-chung: the
space; in the
air
空虛 hung-hui: empty
空閒 hung-haen: at
leisure; un-
occupied

324

胸 hung: the breast;
thorax
胸膛 hung-t'ong: the
chest
胸懷 hung-wai: bosom
胸骨 hung-kwat: breast
bone

去

空

胸

去

去

空

空

胸

胸

胸

325

- 恐 húng: to fear;
alarm; doubt
- 恐怕 húng-p'à: proba-
bly; perhaps
- 恐慌 húng-fong: panic
dread; crisis
- 恐吓 húng-haak: to
terrify; intim-
idate
- 恐怖 húng-pò: fright-
ened

恐

327

- 紅 húng: red; ruddy;
popular
- 花紅 fa-hūng: a re-
ward; scarlet
color
- 紅茶 húng-ch'ā: black
tea
- 紅利 húng-leí: bonus
or dividend
- 紅木 húng-mù: red
wood

紅

329

- 依 i: in accord with
to rely on
- 依靠 i-k'asù: to rely
upon
- 依期 i-k'eī: punctual
- 依然 i-in: as usual;
as before

依

恐 紅 依

恐 紅 依

326

- 孔 húng: an opening;
an aperture; a
hole
- 孔道 húng-tô: a tho-
roughfare
- 孔教 Hūng-kam: Confu-
cianism
- 孔夫子 Hūng-foo-tsí:
Confucius
- 毛孔 mō-hung: pores
of the skin

孔

328

- 雄 húng: male; mar-
tial
- 雄壯 húng-chōng: strong
sturdy
- 此雄 ts'z húng: male
and female of
animal
- 英雄 ying-hūng: hero

雄

330

- 衣 i: clothes
- 衣服 i-fūk: cloth-
ing
- 內衣 noi-i: underwear
- 睡衣 shuī-i: pajamas
- 衣架 i-kā: clothes
hangers

衣

孔 雄 衣

孔 雄 衣

331

- 醫 i: to cure; to treat
 醫生 i-shaang: physi-
 sian
 醫院 i-uên*: hospital
 行醫 haang i: to
 practise medi-
 cine
 獸醫 shaù-i: a veter-
 inary

333

- 而 i: and; and yet;
 still
 而且 i-ch'6: also;
 besides; more-
 over
 而家 i-ka: right now
 at present

335

- 移 i: to remove; to
 transmit
 移開 i hoi: to move
 away
 移民 i-mān: immigrants
 移交 i-kaau: to tran-
 fer a position

醫

医

而

移

醫

醫

而

而

移

移

332

- 意 i: thought; will
 motive; purpose
 意思 i-sz: idea;
 thought
 故意 koò-i: intention-
 ally
 同意 t'ung-i: agree-
 ment; agree
 注意 chue-i: attentive
 "Notice"

334

- 疑 i: to doubt;
 suspect; doubt-
 ful
 思疑 sz-i: to doubt;
 suspect
 無疑 mō-i: without
 doubt; cer-
 tain
 懷疑 waai-i: to har-
 bor suspicion;
 to doubt

336

- 宜 i: suitable;
 reasonable; na-
 tural
 合宜 hōp-i: suitable;
 fit; proper
 相宜 seung-i: cheap
 reasonable in
 price
 適宜 shik-i: suitable

意

疑

宜

意

意

疑

疑

宜

宜

337

兒 i: infant; a male child

嬰兒 ying-i: infant

小兒 siú-i: my son

兒童 i-t'ung: child-
ren

339

以 i: to cause; to use

所以 shoh-i: therefore

以前 i-ts'in: formerly

以後 i-hau: afterwards

以為 i-wai: presume;
(I) thought...

以上 i-sheung: above

341

耳 i: the ear

耳仔 i-tsai: the ear

耳聾 i-lung: deaf

兒

以

耳

兒

兒

以

以

耳

耳

338

姨 i: maternal aunt
(i) sister-in-law姨母 i-mo: elder mater-
nal aunt姨媽 i-ma: elder mater-
nal aunt姨丈 i-cheung: husband
of maternal aunt姨表 i-piu: maternal
first cousins

340

已 i: finished; com-
plete已經 i-king: already;
past time不得已 pat-tak-i: com-
pelled

342

議 i: to deliberate;
discuss; judge會議 ooí-i: meeting
for discussion;
to hold a con-
ference提議 t'ai-i: to pro-
pose for discus-
sion議院 i-uên: parlia-
ment

姨

已

議

議

姨

姨

已

已

議

議

343

- 二 *i*: numeral two;
second
- 第二 *taí-i*: second;
the next
- 第二日 *taí-i yát*: the
next day
- 二等 *i-táng*: second
class

二

二

式 貳 二

345

- 異 *i*: foreign;
strange; diff-
erent
- 奇異 *k'ei-i*: curious;
wonderful;
strange
- 詫異 *ch'ài-i*: surpris-
ed
- 異國 *i-kwók*: foreign
country

異

異

異

347

- 厭 *im*: to dislike;
tire of; bored
- 討厭 *t'ò-im*: disgust-
ing; disgusted
- 厭煩 *im-faan*: trouble-
some
- 百厭 *paak-im*: mis-
chievous
- 有厭足 *mó im-tsuk*: in-
satiated; greedy

厭

厭

厭

344

- 義 *i*: meaning; sense
righteous
- 主義 *chm6-i*: principle
- 義子 *i-tsá*: adopted
son
- 義務 *i-mó*: obligation
- 三民主義 *San-mín chm6-i*:
"the three
principles of
people" by
Sun Yat Sen

義

義

義

346

- 易 *i*: easy
- 易 *yík*: to change;
modify; barter
- 容易 *yung-i*: easy
- 輕易 *hing-i*: easy;
lightly; hard-
ly

易

易

易

348

- 鹽 *im*: salt
- 生鹽 *shaang im*: raw
salt
- 熟鹽 *shuk im*: prepar-
ed salt
- 瀉鹽 *sò-im*: epsom
salt

鹽

鹽

鹽

鹽

349

- 嚴 im: strict;
firm; stern;
majestic
- 嚴禁 im-kàn: strictly
forbidden
- 嚴責 im-chaäk: to
punish severely
- 嚴肅 im-suk: grave;
austere; seri-
ous

351

- 染 im: to infect;
dye; infection
- 傳染 ch'uân-im: to
spread(disease)
- 染布 im pò: to dye
cloth
- 染病 im pêng: catch
disease
- 傳染病 ch'uân-im pêng:
contagious di-
sease

353

- 烟 in: smoke; tobac-
co
- 烟通 in-t'ung: chimney
- 烟仔 in-tsaí: cigaret-
tes
- 食烟 shik in: to
smoke

嚴

嚴

染

烟

嚴

嚴

染

染

烟

煙

烟

350

- 嫌疑 im: to object
to; dislike; be
weary of
- 嫌疑 im-í: to suspect
- 嫌棄 im-heí: despise
- 嫌疑犯 im-í-faân: a
suspect

352

- 驗 im: to fulfill;
investigate;
assay
- 試驗 shí-im: examina-
tion; experiment
- 經驗 king-im: experi-
ence

354

- 演 in: to practise;
extend; lead on
- 演講 in-kóng: to
speak
- 演說 in-shuét: public
speech
- 演戲 in heí: to per-
form a play

嫌

驗

演

嫌

嫌

驗

驗

驗

演

演

355

然 in: thus, so; yes;
but

當然 tong-in: of course

雖然 sui-in: although;
though

天然 t'in-in: natural;
innate

357

延 in: slow; protract
ed; to invite

延遲 in-ch'i: slow; to
delay

延長 in-ts'eng: to
prolong; extend

延期 in-k'ei: post-
pone

359

現 in: to manifest;
appear

現在 in-tsei: at pre-
sent

現銀 in-nai: ready
money; cash

現象 in-tseün: phenom-
ena

現狀 in-chêng: present
condition or
state

然

延

現

然

然

延

延

現

現

356

言 in: words; to
speak

言語 in-üé: language
words

宣言 suen-in: declara-
tion

言論 in-lün: speech;
expression of
ideas

358

研 in: to grind; to
powder

研究 in-kau: to exam-
ine; to investi-
gate; to study
thoroughly; to
do a research

360

葉 ip: leaf of tree;
or book

樹葉 shue ip: tree
leaves

茶葉 ch'a-ip: tea
leaves

言

研

葉

言

言

研

研

研

葉

葉

361

業 ip: property;
trade
職業 chik-ip: pro-
fession
畢業 pat ip: grad-
uation
商業 sheung-ip:
commerce
業主 ip-chue: owner
of property

363

腰 iu: loins; waist;
kidney; isthmus
腰骨 iu-kwat: backbone

365

搖 iū: to shake;
move; agitate
搖船 iū shuēn: to row
a boat
搖動 iū-tūng: to
shake; oscillate
搖擺 iū-pai: swagger-
ing
招搖 chiu-iū: trouble
making; show off

業

腰

搖

業

腰

搖

362

熱 it: hot; heat;
burning
天熱 t'in-it: hot
weather; sum-
mer time
發熱 faät it: fever
熱心 it-sam: zealous
devoted

364

要 iù: to want; need
important; must
要 iù: to seek for
緊要 kán-iù: important
要點 iù-tím: keynote;
essential point
要求 iu-k'au: to de-
mand; to seek
for

366

謠 iū: rumors
謠言 iū-ín: rumors
謠傳 iū-ch'uēn: ru-
mors; false
reports

熱

熱

要

謠

熱

要

謠

367

繞 iū: to surround;
to wind round

環繞 wān-iū: to sur-
round

369

家 ka: household;
family; profession
professional man

家人 ka-yān: family

大家 taai-ka: all of us

專家 chuen-ka: special-
ists

外交家 ngoi-kaau ka: di-
plomatist

371

稼 kà: to sow grain;
(ka) agricultural
work

稼穡 kà-shik: farming,
sowing and reap-
ing

稼穡艱難 kà-shik kaan-naān:
the toils of a
farmer's life

繞

家

稼

繞

家

稼

368

加 ka: to add to;
increase; promo-
te

加多 ka-toh: to add
more

加數 ka-shò: addition

加工 ka kung: extra
work

增加 tsang-ka: to in-
crease

370

假 ká: false; to pre-
tend; to borrow

假 kà: leave of ab-
sence

假造 ká-tsò: to forge;
to counterfeit

假座 ká-tsòh: borrow
place for meeting

放假 fòng kà: to grant
holidays

372

價 kà: price; value

價錢 kà-ts'in: the
price

價值 kà-chik: value

市價 shí-kà: market
price

減價 kaām kà: reduced
price; sale

加

假

價

加

假

價

373

- 嫁 kà: marry a husband
 嫁女 kà nuī: marry off a daughter
 嫁粧 kà-chong: trousseau; dowry
 出嫁 ch'ut kà: girl's marriage
 嫁禍 kà-wōh: to bring evil upon

375

- 街 kaai: thoroughfare; street
 出街 ch'ut kaai: to go out
 行街 hāng kaai: to stroll about
 街市 kaai-shī: market

377

- 解 kaai: to loosen; explain, to release
 解開 kaai-hoi: untie
 解明 kaai-ming: explain clearly
 解釋 kaai-shik: explain; interpret
 解散 kaai-saàn: disperse; disband

嫁

街

解

嫁
 女
 嫁

街
 街

解
 解

374

- 架 kà: a frame; staging
 十字架 shāp-tsā-kà: the Cross
 架設 kà-ch'it: to set up
 書架 shue-kà: book case

376

- 階 kaai: step; a rank stairs, a class
 階級 kaai-k'ap: step; an official grade class

378

- 界 kaai: region; boundary
 世界 shai-kaai: the world
 女界 nuī-kaai: the female; women; woman's world
 界限 kaai-haân: limit boundary
 邊界 pin-kaai: boundaries

架

階

界

架
 架

階
 階

界
 界

379

戒 kaai: to warn;
caution; to ab-
stain

戒酒 kaai tsau: ab-
stain from
spirit or wine

戒煙 kaai in: give up
smoking

戒嚴 kaai-im: curfew

戒指 kaai-chí: ring
(finger)

戒

戒

381

隔 kaak: to separate
a partition

隔離 kaak-lei: neigh-
boring; to iso-
late

隔日 kaak yát: every
other day

隔別 kaak-pít: separ-
ated a person

間隔 kaín-kaik: parti-
tion

隔

隔

383

格 kaak: model, pat-
tern

資格 tsz-kaak: quali-
fication; abili-
ty

性格 sing-kaak: char-
acter; tempera-
ment

格式 kaak-shik: pat-
tern; model;
example

格

格

380

介 kaai: intermedi-
ary; excellent;
great

介紹 kaai-ai: to intro-
duce

介

介

382

革 kaak: to remove,
change

革命 kaak-ming: revo-
lution

革職 kaak chik: to re-
move from office
or position

革除 kaak-ch'ue: to
get rid of; to
expel

改革 koi-kaak: to change

革

革

384

監 kaam: prison, to
superintend

監獄 kaam-yük: a pri-
son

監犯 kaam-faân: a
convict, prison-
er

監禁 kaam-kám: to im-
prison

監督 kaam-tuk: super-
visor; to super.

監

監

385

減 kaám: to diminish; lessen; subtract
 減少 kaám-shiú: to diminish
 減數 kaám-shò: subtraction
 減輕 kaám-heng: relieve; to mitigate

387

艱 kaan: difficult; hardship; calamity
 艱難 kaan-naán: difficult; distressing
 艱險 kaan-hím: difficult and dangerous

389

簡 kaán: to abridge; rude; simple
 簡單 kaán-taan: simple plain
 簡畧 kaán-leúk: abridge
 簡明 kaán-míng: terse and clear

減

減 減

艱

艱 艱

艱

簡

簡 簡

386

間 kaan: separate; between; within Cl. for rooms; house
 間 kaan: to partition
 中間 chung-kaan: middle; center
 忽然間 fat-in-kaan: suddenly
 間尺 kaan-ch'èk: a ruler

388

奸 kaan: false; deceitful
 奸猾 kaan-waát: deceitful; crafty; cunning
 奸細 kaan-sai: a spy; traitor
 奸狡 kaan-kaáu: cunning; villainous crafty

390

耕 kaang: to plow; till; cultivate
 耕田 kaang t'in: to plough the fields; farming
 耕種 kaang-chung: to plow & sow; agriculture

間

間 間

奸

奸 奸

耕

耕 耕

391

更 kaang: to change;
(kang) alter更 kang: more;
still;
again更改 kang-koí: to
change; reform更正 kang-ching: to
correct更好 kang-hó: better
still

更

更

393

甲 kaáp: scales;
finger nails
armor; a cer-
tain person指甲 chí-kaáp: fin-
ger nails鉄甲 t'it-kaáp: an
ironclad某甲 mǎi-kaáp: a
certain man

甲

甲

395

膠 kaaú: glue; to
adhere to膠水 kaaú-shuí: glue;
mucilage膠擦 kaaú-ts'eat: rub-
ber eraser

樹膠 shue-kaaú: rubber

膠

膠

394

夾 kaáp: to press
together; to
squeeze夾埋 kaáp-maai: to
put or press
together夾萬 kaáp-maân: a
safe夾衣 kaáp-i: guilty
clothing夾帶 kaáp-tsai: carry
secretly

夾

夾

394

交 kaaú: to deliver
to; friendship;
acquaintance交代 kaaú-toí: hand
over to a suc-
cessor

交易 kaaú-yik: trade

打交 tá kaaú: to
fight交通 kaaú-t'ung: com-
munication

交

交

396

攪 kaaú: to mix; dis-
turb; excite攪擾 kaaú-iú: to dis-
turb; to trouble攪混 kaaú-wán: to stir
to mix攪亂 kaaú-luên: to
throw into dis-
order

攪

攪

397

教 kaaü: to teach;
doctrine; reli-
gious system

教訓 kaaü-fèn: to in-
struct; lesson

教書 kaaü shue: to
teach school

教員 kaaü-uën: a
teacher

天主教 t'in-chue-kaaü:
Roman Catholic

教

教

399

靠 k'aaü: to lean
on; trust in

倚靠 í-k'aaü: to de-
pend or rely
on

靠害 k'aaü-hoi: to be-
tray; to get an-
other into trou-
ble

靠得住 k'aaü-tak-chue:
trustworthy

靠

靠

401

計 kai: to calculate;
plan

計數 kai shò: to reck-
on up; count

計劃 kai-waak: plans
to plan

中計 chung kai: fall
into a trap

會計 cci-kai: account-
ing

計

計

398

較 kaaü: to compare;
adjust

比較 pei-kaaü: compare
with

較好 kaaü-hò: to adjust
better

較快 kaaü-faai: to
increase the
speed; faster

較

較

400

鷄 kai: the fowl;
chickens

火鷄 fòh-kai: turkey

山鷄 shaan-kai: pheas-
ant

田鷄 t'in-kai: frog

鷄

雞

402

繼 kai: to follow in
line; hereditary
continue

繼續 kai-tsük: succeed-
ing; succession

繼業 kai-íp: to follow
or inherit fath-
er's profession

繼父 kai-fò: step
father

繼

繼

繼

繼

k'ai

403 - 408

kan

403

啟 k'ai: to open;
reveal; start啟行 k'ai-hāng: to
start; set out

啟事 k'ai-si: a notice

啟者 k'ai-ché: "I
wish to say
that..."

405

金 kam: gold; money;
precious足金 tsuk-kam: pure
gold千金 ts'in-kam: "Your
daughter"金幣 kam-pai: gold
currency

407

斤 kan: a catty,
equivalent to
1 1/3 pound;
16 ounces一斤 yat kan: one cat-
ty斤兩 kan-leung: the
weight of a
thing

啟

啟

啟

啟

金

金

金

斤

斤

斤

斤

404

今 kam: the present
time; now

今日 kan-yat: today

今年 kam-nin: this year

今生 kam-sheang: this
life至今 chi-kam: until
now

406

禁 kam: to restrain;
forbid, against禁止 kam-chi: to pro-
hibit; forbid禁地 kam-tei: "closed"
grounds違禁 wai-kam: to
break a regula-
tion; to offend
against contra-
band regulation

408

跟 kan: to follow,
imitate跟踪 kan-tsung: to
trace one跟隨 kan-tsui: to
follow跟住 kan-chue: to
follow; to
imitate

今

今

今

禁

禁

禁

跟

跟

跟

409

巾 kan: a cloth, towel, napkin
 手巾 shaú-kan: handkerchief, face towel
 毛巾 mǎ-kan: towel.
 頸巾 keng-kan: a scarf.

411

筋 kan: sinews; muscles
 筋肉 kan-yûk: muscles
 抽筋 ch'au kan: spasms of muscles

413

僅 kân: barely; hardly
 僅僅 kân-kân kàu: barely enough
 僅可 kân-hóh: barely suffice; nothing to spare

巾

巾

巾

筋

筋

筋

僅

僅

僅

410

根 kan: root; origin
 根底 kan-tai: foundation.
 根據 kan-kuí: based upon.
 根本 kan-poón: actually; in truth.

412

緊 kân: important; urgent; firm;
 緊要 kân-iú: necessary; important.
 緊急 kân-kap: very urgent.
 揸緊 cha kân: holding it or to hold firmly.

414

近 kân: adjoining; near (in time or place)
 近日 kân yát: recently.
 近世 kân snai: modern age.
 附近 foé-kân: vicinity. tseung kan: about to.
 將近 cheung-kân: very close; intimate.

根

根

根

緊

緊

緊

緊

近

近

近

415

勤 kân: laborious;
diligent.勤力 kân-lîk: diligent;
industrious.勤學 kân hōk: to study
diligently.勤儉 kân-kâm: indus-
trious and
thrifty.

勤

勤
勤

417

給 k'ap: to put on
(as a seal);
affix; to
give.給印 k'ap yân: to stamp
with seal供給 kung-k'âp: to sup-
port (living);
to supply.

給

給
給

419

吸 k'ap: to attract;
to inhale.吸力 k'ap-lîk: attrac-
ting force.吸引 k'ap-yân: to draw;
to attract.呼吸 foo-k'ap: to bre-
athe; respi-
ration吸收 k'ap-shau: to ab-
sorb.

吸

吸
吸

416

急 kap: quick; haste;
urgent; an-
xious.心急 sam-kap: in a flut-
ter; anxious.

性急 sîng-kap: impatient.

急症 kap chîng: acute or
virulent dis-
ease.急用 kap yûng: urgently
needed.

急

急
急

418

級 k'ap: steps (stairs
etc.); grades
of rank.

階級 k'ai-k'ap: rank

初級 ch'oh k'ap: ele-
mentary.石級 shêk-k'ap: stone
steps.

級

級
級

420

及 k'âp: to conjunc-
tion; and;
to reach;
to attain;
concerning.不及 pat k'âp: not as
good as; not
equal to.及格 k'âp-kaak: up to
standard.累及 lui k'âp: to in-
volve o-
thers.

及

及
及

421

吉 kat: fortunate;
luckly.大吉 taai kat: very
lucky.吉日 kat yat: lucky
day

吉林 kat-lām: Kirin

423

狗 kau: dog

獵狗 lip kau: Hunting
dog

癲狗 tin kau: mad dog

海狗 hoi-kau: the seal

425

救 kau: to save;
help.救命 kau mēng: to save
life; save!
help!救火 kau foh: to fight
fire.救急 kau kap: to succor
in emerger-
cy; emergency
aid.救主 kau-chuē: The Sa-
viour.

吉

狗

救

吉

吉

狗

狗

救

救

422

九 kau: the numeral
nine.

九龍 kau-lūng: Kowloon

424

久 kau: a long time

久不久 kau-pat-kau: now
and then

長久 cheung-kau: forever

好久 hó kau: a good while

426

够 kau: enough; plenty.

够力 kau lik: sufficient
strength.够用 kau yung: sufficient
use足够 tsuk-kau: sufficient;
enough.

九

久

够

九

玖

九

久

久

够

夠

够

427

究 kaù: to investigate.

研究 in-kaù: to inquire into; to study thoroughly; to do a research.

追究 tsui-kaù: to follow up; to investigate.

究竟 kaù-kíng: actually; in truth.

究

究

429

溝 k'au: ditch; drain.

溝渠 k'au-k'ui: a drain; sewer.

水渠 shui-k'au: ditch; drain.

溝

溝

431

求 k'au: to ask; beg; entreat; seek.

祈求 kei-k'au: to pray.

求學 k'au hók: to seek learning.

求婚 k'au fan: to propose, to woo.

求人 k'au yān: to ask a person for help.

求

求

428

舊 kaù: old; former; ancient.

舊時 kaù-shí: formerly; ancient times.

舊年 kaù-nín: last year.

舊式 kaù-shik: old fashioned.

照舊 chiù-kaù: as formerly.

殘舊 ts'aán-kaù: rotten; shabby.

舊

舊

430

扣 k'au: to knock; deduct; a discount; to buckle; a buckle.

扣除 k'au ch'ui: to deduct.

折扣 chit-k'au: a discount.

扣留 k'au-laù: to detain.

扣紐 k'au nau: to button.

扣

扣

432

球 k'au: ball; sphere; round gem.

網球 mǒng-k'au: tennis.

足球 tsuk-k'au: soccer.

籃球 lām-k'au: basketball.

賽球 ts'oi k'au: a match.

地球 tei-k'au: the earth.

氣球 hei-k'au: the balloon.

球

球

433

嘅 kè: sign of possessive; qualifying particle.

我嘅 ngōh kè: mine.

邊個嘅 pīn kōh kè: whose?

435

機 kei: spring; moving power; opportunity.

機器 kei-hei: a machine; machinery.

飛機 fei-kei: aeroplane.

機會 kei-oi: an opportunity.

心機 sam-kei: attentiveness; interest; patience.

機密 kei-mat: secret; confidential.

437

基 kei: foundation; base.

基礎 kei-ch'ōh: foundation; basis.

基督 kei-tuk: Christ.

基本 kei-poōn: basic; fundamental.

嘅

機

机

基

嘅

嘅

機

機

基

基

434

騎 k'ē: to ride astride of.

騎馬 k'ē ma: to ride a horse.

騎兵 k'ē-ping: cavalry.

436

饑 kei: dearth; hunger; famine.

饑餓 kei-ngōh: to suffer hunger.

饑荒 kei-fong: famine.

438

己 kei: one's self.

自己 tsz-kei: one's self.

知己 chi-kei: good friends; close friends.

騎

饑

飢

己

騎

騎

饑

饑

己

己

439

幾 kei: how many? how?
a few; several.

幾時 kei-shī: when?

幾個 kei kòh: several.

幾多 kei-toh: how many?

第幾 tai-kei: which (of
them)? what
number?

441

記 kei: to remember;
recollect; to
note down.

記號 kei-hò: a mark; a
sign; trade-
mark.

記性 kei-sing: memory.

忘記 mōng-kei: forget.

書記 shue-kei: secretary.
yât kei: a diary.

443

寄 kei: to send; to
dispatch; to
lodge.

寄信 kei sùn: to send
or mail a
letter.

寄託 kei-t'òk: to entrust.

寄宿舍 kei-shuk shò: dor-
mitory.

寄生 kei-shaang: para-
sitic.

幾

几

記

寄

幾

記

寄

440

紀 kei: a record; to
narrate; age.

年紀 nīn-kei: a person's
age.

紀念日 kei-nīm-yât: anni-
versary; memor-
ial day.

紀念品 kei-nīm-pán: soven-
ier; remembran-
ce.

紀錄 kei-lûk: to record;
a record.

世紀 shai-kei: century.

442

既 kei: already; since.

既然 kei-lín: since; see-
ing that; where-
as.

444

技 kei: dexterous; s-
killful.

技能 kei-nāng: talent;
ability; s-
kill.

絕技 tsuât kei: extra-
ordinary skill.

紀

既

技

紀

既

技

紀

既

既

技

445

奇 k'eī: odd; strange;
extraordinary;
mysterious.

出奇 ch'ut-k'eī: unusual;
strange.

奇怪 k'eī-kwaal: strange;
curious.

稀奇 hei-k'eī: rare; few.

好奇 hō-k'eī: inquisitive;
curious.

奇

奇

447

旗 k'eī: a flag; ban-
ner.

國旗 kwōk-k'eī: national
flag.

升旗 shing k'eī: to hoist
the flag.

旗

旗

449

劇 k'ēk: more; very;
troublesome;
a stage play.

白話劇 paak-wā-k'ēk: a
play in col-
loquial.

劇烈 k'ēk-lit: severe;
fierce.

喜劇 hei-k'ēk: comedy.

悲劇 pei-k'ēk: tragedy.

劇

劇

劇

446

期 k'eī: an appointed
time; a per-
iod.

日期 yāt-k'eī: a fixed
date.

時期 shī-k'eī: period.

期限 k'eī-haân: time li-
mit.

滿期 moon k'eī: the time
is up.

過期 kwōh k'eī: to pass
the time li-
mit.

假期 kà-k'eī: vacation
period.

期

期

期

448

其 k'eī: a demonstra-
tive & poss-
essive pro-
noun; his;
her; its; this;
that.

其餘 k'eī-uē: the rest of
them; as to
the rest.

其中 k'eī-chung: among
them; there-
in.

其實 k'eī-shât: in point
of fact; in
truth; actually

其

其

其

450

脚 keuk: the feet; legs.

脚趾 keuk-chi: toes.

脚板 keuk-paân: sole of
the foot.

跛脚 pai keuk: lame;
crippled.

脚

脚

脚

脚

451

強 k'eūng: to force;
to compel.勉強 mīn-k'eūng: against
one's will;
to force.強迫 k'eūng-pik: to coer-
ce; to force.強 k'eūng: strong; vio-
lent.強壯 k'eūng-chòng: strong
and healthy.強盛 k'eūng-shing: power-
ful (of country)

強

強

強

強

452

激 kīk: to provoke;
arouse; ex-
cite.激怒 kīk nau: to pro-
voke; exas-
perate.激烈 kīk-lit: venement;
radical; vio-
lent.感激 kām-kīk: deeply
grateful.激動 kīk-tung: to excite;
to rouse up.

激

激

激

453

擊 kīk: to strike; at-
tack.攻擊 kung-kīk: to attack
an enemy.目擊 mūk-kīk: to witness
with one's
own eyes.擊斃 kīk pāi: a violent
death.

擊

擊

擊

455

檢 kīm: to examine;
label.檢查 kīm-ch'ā: to sear-
ch; to examine
(e.g. baggage)檢點 kīm-tīm: neatness;
orderly, (ha-
bit, conduct,
etc)

重

檢

檢

檢

454

極 kīk: the extreme;
utmost; super-
lative degree.

北極 pak-kīk: North Pole.

極力 kīk-līk: with all
one's strength.

極端 kīk-tuen: extremity.

消極 siu-kīk: negative;
listless; spi-
ritless.積極 tsik-kīk: positive;
energetic.

極

極

極

456

儉 kīm: economical;
frugal.節儉 tsit-kīm: thrifty;
frugal.勤儉 k'ān-kīm: indus-
trious and
thrifty.

儉

儉

儉

457

堅 kin: strong; stable; firm.

堅固 kin-koò: strong; stable.

堅持 kin-ch'í: persistent tenacious.

堅決 kin-k'uet: firm; determined.

459

見 kìn: to see; to observe; to perceive.

聽見 ti'eng kìn: to hear.

唔見 w-kìn: not seen; lost.

意見 i-kìn: opinion.

見禮 kìn lai: to salute.

461

件 kìn: an item; (for clothing, business, things in general)

一件物 yat kìn wát: one thing.

一件事 yat kìn sz: an affair.

條件 t'iu-kìn: item (of documents, etc) or requirement.

案件 on-kìn: a court case.

堅



堅

見



見

件



件

458

肩 kin: shoulder; to sustain.

肩膀 kin-pòk: the shoulder.

肩背 kin pòk: back of shoulders.

460

建 kìn: to establish; to build.

建築 kìn-chuk: to construct; to build.

建設 kìn-ch'it: to establish.

建築學 kìn-chuk-hòk: science of architecture.

462

健 kìn: strong; vigorous; robust.

康健 hong-kìn: healthy.

壯健 chòng-kìn: healthy; robust.

健忘 kìn-mòng: habitually forgetful.

肩



肩

建



建

健



健

463

- 經 king: to pass through or by; a classic.
 經過 king-kwèh: to pass through or by; to undergo.
 經手 king-shaú: handled by.
 經理 king-leí: to manage; manager.
 經驗 king-im: experience.
 經濟 king-tsal: economics.
 聖經 shang-king: The Bible.
 經書 king-shue: Ch classic

經

經

經

經

465

- 驚 king: to terrify; to frighten; to alarm.
 驚慌 king-fong: frightened.
 驚奇 king-k'eí: unbelievable.

驚

驚

驚

467

- 境 king: a boundary; district; region; place.
 境界 king-kaal: boundary; frontier.
 境地 king-teí: territory.
 越境 uet king: to cross the boundary.

境

境

境

464

- 京 king: a high peak; Capital City.
 京都 king-to: capital; metropolis.
 京炭 king t'aàn: charcoal.

京

京

京

466

- 警 king: to warn; to caution.
 警察 king-ch'aat: police.
 警戒 king-kaal: to admonish.
 警醒 king sing: to awaken; to exhort.
 警報 king-pò: (air raid) siren.

警

警

警

警

468

- 竟 king: finally; after all.
 究竟 kau-king: actually; in truth.

竟

竟

竟

469

景 kǐng: scenery; view; prospect; sight.

風景 fung-kǐng: scenery; landscape.

景緻 kǐng-chì: view; scenery.

景况 kǐng-fòng: prospects; circumstances.

471

勁 kǐng: strong.

勁敵 kǐng tīk: well matched foe.

對勁 tuì kǐng: well matched.

473

潔 kit: to purify; to clean; pure; pure.

潔淨 kit-tsing: clean; tidy.

清潔 tsing-kit: clear & clean; well-kept (ground)

純潔 shūn-kit: pure; upright.

景

勁

勁

潔

景

景

勁

勁

潔

潔

470

敬 kǐng: to honor; to revere.

敬重 kǐng-chung: to respect highly.

敬贈 kǐng tsang: to respect with respects.

尊敬 chuen-kǐng: to show deference to.

472

競 kǐng: to compete; quarrel.

競爭 kǐng-chaang: to compete.

競走 kǐng tsau: foot race.

474

結 kit: to connect; to ally; to produce (as fruit); to tie; to congeal.

結果 kit-kwóh: outcome; effect; result.

結束 kit-ch'uk: to wind up; close.

結婚 kit-fan: to marry; marriage.

結局 kit-kūk: conclusion; end.

敬

競

結

敬

敬

競

競

結

結

475

叫 kiù: to call; to
call out; style.

叫做 kiù tsò: it is call-
ed.

叫醒 kiù séng: to awaken
one.

叫門 kiù moōn: to knock
at the door.

呼叫 foo kiù: to shout.

叫

叫

叫

叫

477

高 ko: tall; lofty;
eminent.

高等 ko táng: a high
degree.

高尚 ko-sheŋg: high pr-
incipled; mag-
namimous.

高興 ko-hing: pleased;
to take plea-
sure in; joy-
ful.

高貴 ko-kwai: high class.

高

高

高

高

479

稿 kó: rough draft;
printer's co-
py; proof; s-
talks of grain.

原稿 uēn kó: original
copy.

草稿 ts'ò-kó: a rough
draft.

起稿 héi kó: to draw up
a rough draft.

稿

稿

稿

稿

476

橋 k'iū: a bridge; cr-
oss beam.

過橋 kwòh k'iū: to cross
a bridge.

吊橋 tiù-k'iū: suspen-
sion bridge.

橋墩 k'iū-tán: bridge
piers.

橋

橋

橋

桥

478

糕 ko: kind of cake;
pastry; dumpl-
ings; custard.

雞蛋糕 kai-tán-ko: egg
sponge cake.

鬆糕 sung-ko: a kind of
steamed pastry.

糕

糕

糕

糕

480

告 kò: to announce;
to complain;
to accuse.

控告 hùng-kò: to bring
suit.

廣告 kwóng-kò: adver-
tisement.

告假 kò-ká: ask for lea-
ve of absence.

告別 kò-pit: to say good-
bye; farewell.

告

告

告

koh

481 - 486

koi

481

哥 koh: an elder brother.

亞哥 à-koh: elder brother.

大哥 taai-koh: eldest brother.

483

個 kòh: that.

個個 kòh kòh: that one.

個個人 kòh kòh yān: that person.

485

該 koi: ought; right; altogether; the said.

唔該 w-koi: thank you (for your trouble).

不該 pat-koi: ought not; not proper.

應該 ying-koi: should; ought.

哥

哥

哥

個

個

個

個

個

該

該

該

482

歌 koh: song; to sing; to chant.

唱歌 ch'eung koh: to sing songs.

歌劇 koh-k'êk: opera.

歌詩 koh-shi: ode

484

個 kòh: a person; thing.

一個人 yat kòh yān: a person.

個個 kòh kòh: that one.

個個 kòh kòh: all; every one.

486

改 koi: to change; to alter; amend.

改過 koi kwòh: to mend one's ways; to repent.

改善 koi-shin, or koi-leung: to reform; to improve.

改變 koi-pin: to change; to alter.

改期 koi k'ei: postpone.

歌

歌

歌

個

個

個

個

個

改

改

改

487

蓋 k'oi: to cover; to hide.
 蓋 koi: a cover; screen; in fact; hence.
 蓋起 k'oi hei: to put on or cover.
 眼蓋 ngán-koi: eyelids.
 蓋印 k'oi yán: to affix; to seal; to stamp.

489

各 kòk: all; every; each.
 各種 kòk chùng: every kind.
 各人 kòk yán: every person; each one.
 各國 kòk kwòk: every country; each nation.
 各方面 kòk fong-mán: from every view points; all sides.

491

覺 kòk: to perceive; to feel; to understand.
 知覺 chí-kòk: to perceive; consciousness.
 覺悟 kòk-ng: aware of the wrong which was done in the past.
 覺得 kòk-tak: to feel (cold or pain).

蓋

蓋

各

覺

覺

蓋

各

覺

蓋

蓋

各

覺

488

概 k'oi: the whole; altogether; in general.
 大概 taai-k'oi: probably; on the whole.
 一概 yat-k'oi: altogether; entirely.
 概論 k'oi-lún: general outlines; sketch.

490

角 kòk: a corner; horn of an animal; a coin.
 角鬪 kòk-tau: to wrestle.
 口角 hau-kòk: to quarrel.
 三角 saam-kòk: a triangle.
 一角 yat kòk: a ten cents piece.

492

確 k'òk: really; surely; very.
 確實 k'òk-shát: certain; assuredly.
 的確 tik-k'òk: surely; certainly.
 確証 k'òk ching: certain proof.

概

角

確

概

角

確

概

概

概

角

確

493

甘

kom: sweet; pleasant; seasonable.

甘香

kom-heung: delicious flavor.

甘甜

kom-t'ím: sweet.

甘心

kom-sam: voluntarily.

甘油

kom-yaü: glycerine.

甘

甘

甘

495

感

kóm: to influence; affect; move.

感激

kóm-kik: deeply grateful.

感動

kóm-túng: deeply moved.

感覺

kóm-kók: sensation.

感情

kóm-ts'ing: emotion; feeling.

感

感

感

497

乾

kon: to clean; dry.

乾淨

kon-tséng: clean.

乾爽

kon-shóng: dry; airy.

乾糧

kon-leüng: dry provisions.

餅干

péng-kon: biscuits; crackers.

晒干

shaai kon: to dry in sun.

乾

干

乾

乾

乾

乾

494

敢

kóm: to presume upon; dare.

唔敢

m-kóm: I dare not.

唔敢當

m-kóm-tong: I am not worthy of such compliments.

點敢

tím-kóm: how would I dare?

敢

敢

敢

496

干

kon: to concern; a shield.

干涉

kon-shíp: to interfere; to have a hand in.

干連

kon-lín: to implicate; to involve.

若干

yeük-kon: how many? an indefinite number.

干

干

干

498

趕

kón: to drive out; to eject; to expel; to pursue.

趕緊

kón-kán: pressing; hurry up.

趕上

kón-sheüng: to catch up to.

趕車

kón ché: to catch a train, car, etc.

趕走

kón-tsau: to drive away.

趕

趕

趕

趕

499

稈 kón: stubble; s-traw.

禾稈 wōh-kón: rice s-traw.

掃稈 sò kón: a straw broom.

稈

稈
稈

501

缶 kóng: pottery; jar.

缶瓦 kóng-ngá: earthenware.

水缸 shuǐ kóng: a water jar.

缸

缸
缸

503

剛 kóng: hard; firm; just; exactly.

剛強 kóng-k'eūng: strong.

剛才 kóng-ngāam: just a while ago; just; exactly.

剛才 kóng-ts'oi: just now.

剛直 kóng-chik: upright; straight-forward.

剛

剛

剛
剛

500

幹 kón: ability; s-kill; business.

能幹 nāng-kón: capable; talented.

才幹 ts'oi-kón: ability; talent.

事幹 sē-kón: an affair; a matter.

幹

幹
幹

502

江 kóng: river.

江口 kóng-háu: mouth of the river.

江山 kóng-shaan: rivers and hills; the empire.

外江人 ngoi-kong-yān: a person from the distant land.

揚子江 yeung-tsí-kóng: Yangtze River.

江西 kóng-sai: Kiangsi

江蘇 kóng-sū: Kiangsu Province.

江

江
江

504

講 kóng: to talk; to explain; to discuss.

講話 kóng wá: to talk; to speak.

講笑 kóng siú: to joke.

講妥 kóng t'oi: agreement reached.

講究 kóng-kau: particular.

講

講
講

505

港 kóng(or k'óng):
port; harbor;
anchorage.

港口 kóng-háu: harbor.

入港 yáp kóng: enter the
harbor.

香港 heung-kóng: Hong
Kong.

507

鋼 kóng: steel; hard.

純鋼 shūn kóng: pure
steel.

鋼筆 kóng-pat: pen.

509

姑 koo: indulgent;
father's sis-
ter; husband's
sister.

姑娘 koo-neūng: miss;
young lady;
a nun(catho-
lic)

師姑 sz-koo: a nun
姑念 koo-nim: indul-
gent towards.

姑母 koo-mó: paternal
aunt.

港

鋼

鋼 姑

港

鋼 姑

港

鋼

姑

506

降 kóng(or hōng): to
descend; come
down from heav-
en; to condes-
cend.

降級 kóng káp: to degrade.

升降機 shing-kóng-kei: e-
levator.

降臨 kóng-lām: advent;
coming.

降雨 kóng uē: to rain.

508

抗 k'óng: to withs-
tand; to op-
pose.

抵抗 tái-k'óng: to op-
pose; to re-
sist.

反抗 faán-k'óng: to re-
bel; to turn
against.

抗議 k'óng-lí: to protest;
to object to.

510

古 koó: ancient; for-
merly; old.

古時 koó-sní: ancient
times.

古人 koó-yān: the anc-
ients.

古文 koó-mān: ancient
classics

古代 koó-toi: ancient
times; past
ages.

降

抗

古

降

抗

古

降

抗

古

511

估 koó: to guess; to think; to estimate.

估中 koó-chùng: to guess right.

估價 kóo-kà: to appraise.

估

估

估

513

鼓 koó: a drum; to drum up; to excite.

打鼓 tá koó: to beat a drum.

鼓手 kóo sháu: a drummer.

鼓勵 kóo-lái: to stimulate; to encourage.

鼓掌 kóo cheung: to clap the hands; to applaud.

鼓

鼓

鼓

515

固 koó: strong; stable; firm; certainly.

堅固 kin-koó: lasting; strong; firm.

固執 kóo-chap: obstinate; stubborn.

固然 kóo-in: certainly; of course.

固

固

固

512

股 koó: thighs; rump; leg; share of stock.

股份 kóo-fán: a share.

股東 kóo-tung: shareholder

紅股 hūng-koó: bonus

股

股

股

股

514

故 kóo: to cause; to make; purposely; old; to die.

故此 kóo-ts'í: therefore

何故 hōh-kóo: why

故意 kóo-í: purposely.

故事 kóo-sí: a story; a legend.

身故 shan kób: dead; deceased.

故

故

故

516

顧 kóo: to look after; upon; take care of; regard.

照顧 chiú-kóo: to look after; to care for; to patronize.

顧問 kóo-mán: to advise; an adviser.

主顧 chué-kóo: a customer.

顧客 kóo-hàk: a customer

顧

顧

顧

517

雇 koò: to hire; to rent; to borrow.

雇用 koò yung: to hire (servant)

雇賃 koò-yám: to rent; to lease.

519

觀 koon: to look; to view.

觀念 koon-ním: ideas; thoughts; impressions.

悲觀 pei-koon: pessimism.

樂觀 lók-koon: optimism.

觀察 koon-ch'áat: to observe; to study.

521

館 koón: inn; hall; school.

書館 shue-koón: school.

酒館 tsau-koón: restaurant.

旅館 lui-koón: hotel; inn.

雇

觀

見

館

館

雇

觀

館

僱

雇

觀

館

館

518

官 koon: officer; official.

官長 koon-cheung: officials; ruler.

文官 mán-koon: civil official

升官 shing koon: to be promoted.

法官 faát-koon: a judge.

520

管 koón: to oversee; to look; to look after; a tube.

管理 koón-leí: to govern; to manage.

管束 koón-ch'uk: to restrain.

管轄 koón-hát: to control; to rule over.

氣管 heí-koón: the wind-pipe.

毛管 mō-koón: pores of the skin.

522

割 kòt: to cut; to injure; to inflict.

割開 kòt hoi: to cut open.

割地 kòt tēi: to cede territory.

割傷 kòt seung: to cut & hurt (by the knife etc.).

官

官

管

管

割

官

管

割

官

管

割

523

捐 kuen: to contribute

捐助 kuen-cnôh: to contribute.

捐錢 kuen ts'îh: to donate money.

525

權 k'uên: authority; power.

權力 k'uên-lîk: power; influence.

版權 paân k'uên: copyright.

權利 k'uên-leî: rights & privileges

選舉權 suén-kui k'uên: right to vote.

527

決 k'uêt: to decide; certainly.

決意 k'uêt-î: to determine; to decide.

決定 k'uêt-tâi: same as k'uêt i

決心 k'uêt-san: decision; determination

決戰 k'uêt chîn: decisive battle.

捐

權

权

決

捐

捐

權

權

決

決

決

524

捲 kuén: to roll up.

捲埋 kuén maai: to roll up.

捲髮 kuén faat: curly hair.

526

缺 k'uêt: broken; maimed; defective.

缺少 k'uêt-shiú: lacking; to lack of.

缺乏 k'uêt-fât: deficit; run short of.

缺席 k'uêt tsâk: absence (from meeting, trial, etc.)

空缺 hung-k'uêt: a vacant position.

528

居 kui: to dwell; to inhabit; a dwelling.

居住 kui-chuê: to reside.

居民 ku-mân: inhabitant

寄居 kei kui: to board.

捲

缺

居

捲

捲

缺

缺

居

居

529

舉 kuí: to raise; to elevate; all; the whole.

舉薦 kuí-tsín: to recommend.

舉動 kuí-túng: behavior; actions.

舉手 kuí sháu: to raise the hands.

舉行 kuí-haäng: to put into operation.

531

據 kuí: evidence; testimony; according to; to occupy.

收據 shau-kuí: a receipt.

根據 kan-kuí: according to.

證據 ching-kuí: evidence.

佔據 chím-kuí: to occupy; to usurp.

533

區 k'ui: place; region; small; petty; trifling.

區別 k'ui-pít: to distinguish differences.

區域 k'ui-wik: a territory; region.

中立區 chung-laáp k'ui: a neutral area.

教區 kaaü k'ui: diocese; vicariate; division.

舉

舉

據

據

區

區

舉

據

區

奉

奉

據

區

530

句 kuí: sentence; phrase.

一句話 yat-kuí-wá: one sentence.

成句 shing kuí: a complete sentence.

串句 ch'uén kuí
or : to make
作句 tsók kuí up sentence with words given.

532

具 kuí: implements; utensils; to arrange; to prepare.

器具 hei-kuí: an instrument.

文具 mán-kuí: stationery.

534

佢 k'ui: third person pronoun; he; she; it.

佢哋 k'ui kà: his; hers; theirs.

佢哋 k'ui-tei: they.

句

具

佢

句

句

具

具

佢

佢

535

拒 k'ui: to resist; to oppose; to refuse; to reject.

拒絕 k'ui-tsuēt: to refuse; to reject.

拒敵 k'ui tîk: to resist an enemy.

537

曲 k'uk: crooked; bent; perverse; song.

屈曲 wat-k'uk: to bend; crooked.

彎曲 waan-k'uk: a bend; crooked.

唱曲 ch'èung k'uk: to sing ditties; songs.

曲尺 k'uk-ch'èk: carpenter's square; automatic pistol.

539

公 kung: just; right; public; male (of animals); gentleman; sir.

公平 kung-p'ing: just; fair.

公路 kung-lô: public road.

公園 kung uên: public park.

公共 kung-kung: public; the public.

公眾 kung-chung: belonging to the public.

拒

曲

公

拒

曲

公

拒

曲

公

536

局 kûk: shop; establishment; game.

郵政局 yau-ching-kûk: a post office.

分局 fan kûk: a branch office.

時局 shî-kûk: the present situation.

結局 kî-t-kûk: the end; the conclusion.

538

工 kung: work.

工作 kung-tsòk: work.

夜工 yê kung: night work.

罷工 pâ-kung: to strike (labor strike).

工業 kung-îp: industry.

540

功 kung: merit; rank; meritorious.

功勞 kung-lô: merit.

功課 kung-fô: school work.

成功 snîng-kung: successful.

用功 yung-kung: energetic; diligent.

局

工

功

局

工

功

局

工

功

541

攻 kung: to strike;
to attack;
to assault.

攻打 kung tá: to attack
(in battle).

攻擊 kung-kik: to attack
(in word or
deed)

反攻 faán-kung: to coun-
ter-attack

543

共 kung: together; with;
all.

共埋 kung maai: altogether.

共和 kung-wón: republic;
federation.

共產主義 kung-ch'áan chüé-f:
communism.

共計 kung kai: total

545

瓜 kwa: melon; gourd.

黃瓜 wōng-kwa: cucumber.

西瓜 sai-kwa: watermelon.

腳瓜 keuk-kwa: calf of
leg.

手瓜 shaú-kwa: forearm.

攻

共

瓜

攻

共

瓜

攻

共

瓜

542

供 kung: to contribute;
to give evi-
dence.

供認 kung-yáng: to con-
fess; to ad-
mit.

口供 hau-kung: a verbal
deposition.

供給 kung-k'ap: to sup-
ply; to fur-
nish.

544

窮 k'ung: poor; impro-
verished; de-
stitute; ex-
hausted.

窮人 k'ung-yán: a poor
man; the poor.

報窮 pò k'ung: to plead
bankruptcy.

窮途 k'ung t'ò: straiten-
ed circumstan-
ces.

546

掛 kwà or k'wa: to
hang up; sus-
pend; be in sus-
pense; anxiety.

掛心 k'wà-sam: anxious;
worried.

掛住 k'wà chuê: to hang;
to be anxious; to
care.

掛號 k'wà-hô: to register.
掛號信 k'wà-hô sùn: regis-
tered letter.

供

窮

掛

供

窮

掛

供

窮

窮

挂

掛

kwaai

547 - 552

kwai

547

怪 kwaai: strange; weird; preternatural; to wonder; to blame one.

怪事 kwaai sɛ: strange event.

醜怪 ch'au-kwaai: ugly looking.

難怪 naan-kwaai: not to be wondered at.

怪責 kwaai-chaak: to reprimand, to blame.

怪

怪

怪

549

慣 kwaan: accustomed to; habitual.

唔慣 m-kwaan: unaccustomed to; unskilled.

習慣 tsap-kwaan: a habit; habitual.

慣用 kwaan yung: usage.

慣

慣

慣

551

鬼 kwai: disembodied spirit; devil; ghost.

魔鬼 moh-kwai: the devil; demon.

鬼鼠 kwai-shue: unopenly; sneaky.

鬼

鬼

鬼

548

關 kwaan: a bar; barrier; to bolt; to bar; serious; to involve.

海關 hoi-kwaan: maritime customs.

稅關 shui-kwaan: customs service.

關係 kwaan-hai: connection; serious; important.

關心 kwaan-sam: concerned for.

關頭 kwaan-t'au: crucial stage.

關

關

關

關

關

550

歸 kwai: to return; to go home.

歸家 kwai ka: to return home.

歸國 kwai kwok: to return to one's native country.

歸天 kwai t'in: to die.

歸

歸

歸

552

貴 kwai: valuable; expensive.

貴姓 kwai sing: what is your surname?

貴幹 kwai kon: your business.

貴重 kwai-chung: to value highly; valuable.

富貴 fod-kwai: wealth and honor.

高貴 ko-kwai: high-born; high class.

貴

貴

貴

553

季 kwai: season; quarter; young; last.

四季 sz kwai: the four seasons.

夏季 hâ-kwai: summer.

每季 mooí kwai: quarterly; every season.

555

規 kw'ai: rule; law; custom; usage; compasses.

規矩 kw'ai-kuí: manners; customs.

規則 kw'ai-tsak: regulations; rules of conduct.

規模 kw'ai-mō: plans; definite purpose.

557

軍 kwan: army; military.

軍隊 kwan-tui: a body of soldiers.

軍人 kwan-yân: soldier.

軍火 kwan-fóh: ammunition.

軍器 kwan hei: military implements; weapons.

季

季

季

規

規

規

軍

軍

軍

554

櫃 kwai: wooden chest; cabinet; archives.

書櫃 shue-kwai: bookcase.

櫃桶 kwai-t'ung: a drawer.

雪櫃 suet-kwai: refrigerator.

556

虧 kw'ai: deficiency; loss.

虧欠 kw'ai him: in debt; arrears.

虧空 kw'ai-nung: to embezzle; deficit.

虧本 kw'ai poón: to lose in capital invested.

558

均 kwan: equal; uniform.

均分 kwan fan: to divide equally.

平均 p'ing-kwan: average; even.

櫃

櫃

櫃

匱

虧

虧

虧

均

均

均

559

滾 kwán: to boil.

滾水 kwán shuí: boiling water.

滾熱辣 kwán-tt-laát: boiling hot.

561

菌 kw'án: mushroom; fungus; mold.

地菌 teí kw'án: mushroom.

微菌 mei-kw'án: germs.

細菌 shai-kw'án: bacteria.

563

群 kw'án: flock; herd; crowd; multitude; to group.

群眾 kw'án-chùng: the multitude; the crowd.

群集 kw'án tsaáp: to gather together.

合群 hôp-kw'án: to unite; united.

滾

菌

群

滾

菌

群

滾

菌

羣

群

560

棍 kwàn: a stick; club; rod.

一條棍 yat t'íu kwàn: a stick; a cane.

光棍 kwong-kwàn: rascal.

棍徒 kwàn t'ō: ruffian; rowdy.

棍騙 kwàn-p'ín: to cheat.

562

困 kw'án: weary; exhausted; to confine.

困難 kw'án-naán: difficult; obstacle.

困住 kw'án chuê: to confine; to restrain.

圍困 wai-kw'án: surrounded; besieged.

564

轟 kwang: to rumble; to roar; to crash; to bomb.

轟破 kwang p'òh: to blow to pieces.

轟擊 kwang-kik: to bombard.

棍

困

轟

棍

困

轟

棍

困

轟

565:

- 骨 kwat: the bone.
 骨肉 kwat-yūk: bone & flesh; close tie and blood.
 骨節 kwat-tsít: joints.
 駁骨 pòk kwat: to re-set the bones.
 有腰骨 mō-iu-kwat: no backbone; unreliable.

骨

骨

567

- 顆 kw'óh: a kernel; cl of small things as pearls, etc.; also of trees.
 一顆樹 yat kw'óh shué: one tree.

顆

顆

569

- 國 kwòk: nation; country; kingdom.
 國家 kwòk-ka: the state; nation; national.
 本國 pòon kwòk: one's own country.
 外國 ngoi kwòk: foreign nation.
 國籍 kwòk-tsík: nationality; citizenship.
 國際 kwòk-tsai: international.

國

國

566

- 果 kwón: result; actual; fruit in general.
 如果 wá-kwón: if; if really so.
 若果 yeák-kwón: if; supposing.
 因果 yan-kwón: cause & effect.
 蘋果 p'ag-kwón: apple.

果

果

568

- 過 kwòh: to pass by; to pass over; finished.
 過夜 kwòh yé: to pass the night.
 過身 kwòh-shan: to pass away; to die.
 過時 kwòh shí: late.
 過期 kwòh k'ei: expired; after the time fixed.
 改過 koi-kwòh: to reform; to amend.

過

過

570

- 光 kwong: light; bright; glory; naked; uncovered.
 天光 t'in kwong: day break.
 日光 yát-kwong: the sun; daylight.
 光頭 kwong t'au: bald-head.
 光明 kwong-ming: bright; clear; illuminous.

光

光

571

廣 kwóng: broad; enlarged.

廣告 kwóng-kò: advertisement.

廣銷 kwóng siu: a wide sale.

廣東 kwóng-tung: Kwang Tung Province.

廣州 kwóng-chou: Canton.

廣西 kwóng-sai: Kwangsi Province.

573

擴 kw'òng or k'òng: to expand; to extend.

擴充 kw'òng-ch'ung: to enlarge; to expand (business, school).

擴張 kw'òng-cheung: to spread; to enlarge (influence).

575:

瘡 kwooi: tired; weary.

見瘡 k'ín kwooi: to feel tired.

廣 疋 擴 拚 瘡 痊

廣 擴 瘡

疋 拚 痊

572

石廣 kw'òng or k'òng: raw metal; ore; a mine.

石廣山 kw'òng shaan: a mountain of minerals.

礦工 kw'òng kung: a miner.

礦產 kw'òng ch'aan: mine product.

礦泉 kw'òng ts'uēn: mineral vein.

574

狂 kw'òng or k'òng: furious; mad; wild; rash.

癲狂 tin-kw'òng: insane.

發狂 faat-kw'òng: become delirious; to lose one's senses.

猖狂 ch'eung-kw'òng: outrageous; too bold.

576

啦 la: phonetic.

礦 研 狂 啦

礦 狂 啦

研 狂 啦

laai

577

拉 laai: to draw; to pull; to drag; to move; to arrest.

拉手 laai shaú: to shake hands.

拉鋸 laai-kú: to saw.

拉人 laai yān: to arrest.

拉薩 la-saät: Lhasa.

拉

拉

拉

577 - 582

579

藍 laām: blue; indigo.

藍色 laām shik: blue color.

藍靛 laām-tín: vegetable indigo.

藍

藍

藍

laäng

581

爛 laan: broken; torn; decayed; worthless; bad; bright; glittering.

打爛 tá laan: to break; to beat to a jelly.

爛仔 laan-tsai: rascal; hoodlum.

爛賤 laan-tsín: cheap; low.

爛

爛

爛

578

籃 laām: a large basket.

藤籃 t'āng laām: rattan basket.

花籃 fa-laām: basket for flowers.

籃

籃

籃

籃

580

懶 laām: lazy; reluctant.

懶惰 laām-tōh: lazy; slothful.

偷懶 t'au laām: to stay away from work; to shirk work.

懶

懶

懶

582:

冷 laäng: cold; chilly.

冷淡 laäng-taām: indifferent; dull.

冷笑 laäng siù: sneer; cynical laugh.

發冷 faät-laäng: to have a chill (malaria).

好冷 hó laäng: very cold (weather).

冷

冷

冷

583

辣 laät: pungent; hot; biting acrid.

苦辣 fo6-laät: bitter & sharp(hot).

辣手段 laät shau-tuên: cruel & harsh.

585

犁 lai: a plow; to plow.

犁田 lai t'in: to plow.

犁耙 lai-p'ä: a harrow.

587

例 lai: law; regulation; rule; custom.

例外 lai-ngof: exception.

違例 wai lai: to violate a rule.

例如 lai-mê: for example.

例假 lai-kä: the customary vacation.

辣

辣

辣

辣

犁

犁

犁

犁

例

例

例

584

黎 lai: to come; in order to.

出黎 en'ut lai: to come out.

入黎 yäp lai: to come in.

586

禮 lai: ceremony; rite; worship; etiquette; conduct.

行禮 haing lai: to perform ceremonies; to exchange courtesy.

禮物 lai-mät: present; gift.

禮拜堂 lai-paal-t'ōng: church or chapel.

有禮 yau-lai: courteous; polite.

588

麗 lai: beautiful; elegant.

美麗 mei-lai: beautiful.

華麗 wä-lai: luxurious; ornamental.

秀麗 sau-lai: elegant; plain & quiet beauty.

高麗 ko-lai: Korea.

黎

黎

黎

禮

禮

禮

礼

麗

麗

麗

麗

589

臨 lām: to approach;
about to; to
regard.

臨時 lām-shī: temporary.

臨行 lām haāng: about to
depart.

臨近 lām-kān: close to
(time); near; im-
pending.

臨急 lām-kap: in a hurry;
in the last min-
ute.

臨

臨

臨

591

立 lāp: to set up; to
establish; per-
pendicular; im-
mediately.

立刻 lāp-nak: at once;
right away.

成立 shīng-lāp: to esta-
blish.

中立 chung-lāp: neutrality.

獨立 tūk-lāp: independent.

立

立

立

593

留 laū: to keep; to st-
ay; to stop;
to restrain;
to leave behind.

留心 laū-sam: to pay at-
tention; atten-
tive.

留學 laū-hók: to go a-
broad to study.

留意 laū-ì: to be atten-
tive; careful.

停留 t'ing-laū: to stop
at; to put up at.

留

留

留

留

留

590

林 lām: a grove; a group
of trees; etc.

樹林 smuē-lām: a forest.

森林 sam-lām: a big forest.

林

林

林

592

流 laū: to flow along;
a current; spre-
ad about; scat-
tered.

流血 laū nuēt: bleeding.

流淚 laū lui: to weep.

流利 laū-lei: fluent.

流域 laū-wik: river basin.

流行 laū-haāng: prevalent;
spreading(dis-
sease); fashion-
able.

流

流

流

594

樓 laū: a loft; a storey;
a tower.

樓上 laū-sheŋg: upstairs.

樓梯 laū-t'ai: stairway.

騎樓 k'ē-laū: veranda.

樓

樓

樓

樓

leī

595 - 600

leūk

595

597

599

離 leī: to leave; to separate.

離開 leī-hoi: to separate; to depart from.

離別 leī-pīt: to part from.

離婚 leī fan: divorce.

離間 leī-kaàn: to stir up ill feeling.

里 leī: Chinese mile (1,894.12 feet)

千里鏡 ts'in-leī-kèng: a telescope.

鄰里 iün-leī: neighbor.

利 leī: gain; interest; sharp; hurtful.

利息 leī-sik: interest.

利益 leī-yik: advantage; benefit.

利便 leī-pín: convenient; handy.

利用 leī-yüng: to make use of; to take advantage of.

離

里

利

離

離

里

里

利

利

596

598

600

理 leī: to govern; to manage; right; principle.

打理 tá-leī: to manage.

管理 koón-leī: to govern; to manage.

合理 nóp-leī: reasonable.

理由 leī-yañ: reason.

理想 leī-seüng: ideal.

李 leī: plum; a very common surname.

李仔 leī tsai: plum.

略 leūk: a few; little; in general.

大略 taaf-leūk: generally; an outline.

略略 leūk-leūk: somewhat; in general; a little.

理

李

略

理

理

李

李

略

畧

畧

601

糧 leūng: provisions, ration, taxes, in kind.

出糧 cn'ut-leūng: to pay wages.

糧食 leūng shīk: provisions.

絕糧 tsuāt leūng: food supplies cut off.

603

涼 leūng: cool; fresh; cold; cooling; coldly.

涼爽 leūng-shóng: airy.

乘涼 shíng leūng: to take an airing.

天氣涼 'in-hai leūng: weather is cool.

605

兩 leūng: two; a pair double.

兩便 leūng pín: both sides; the two parties.

兩方面 leūng fong-mín: both sides of a matter.

兩可 leūng-nón: alternative; optional.

糧

涼

兩

糧

涼

兩

糧

糧

涼

涼

兩

兩

602

良 leūng: virtuous; excellent; good.

良心 leūng-sam: conscience.

改良 koi-leūng: to reform; to improve.

良善 leūng-shín: kind; good; virtuous.

良友 leūng yau: a good friend.

604

梁 leūng: beam; ridge.

屋梁 uk-leūng: ridge pole of a house.

橋梁 k'it-leūng: a bridge beam.

鼻梁 pei-leūng: bridge of the nose.

606

亮 leūng: clear; bright; transparent.

光亮 kwong-leūng: bright; illuminated.

響亮 heung-leūng: clear and loud (voice and music etc.)

良

梁

亮

良

梁

亮

良

梁

梁

亮

607

量 leung: capacity; to judge; to estimate.

力量 lik-leung: strength; ability.

量力 leung-lik: to weigh one's strength or ability.

大量 taai-leung: broad minded; generous.

量

量

量

609

歷 lik: almanac; calendar; to pass over; experience.

舊曆 ka6-lik: Lunar calendar.

陰曆 yam-lik: Lunar calendar.

新曆 san-lik: Solar calendar.

歷史 lik-sz: history.

歷

歷

曆 歷 曆

611

臉 lǐn: face; reputation.

臉

臉

臉

608

力 lik: strength; force.

出力 en'ut lik: to exert oneself.

勤力 k'an-lik: industrious.

馬力 mǎ-lik: horse power.

水力 shuǐ lik: water power.

力

力

力

610

鎌 līm: instrument for reaping.

鎌刀 līm-to: sickle.

鎌

鎌

鎌

鎌

612

憐 līn: to pity; to sympathize.

憐憫 līn-mǎn: to pity; to have compassion for.

可憐 hōh-līn: pitiful; to sympathize.

乞憐 hat līn: to ask for pity.

憐

憐

憐

613

連 lín: including; connecting; successive.

連埋 lín-maai: together with.

連氣 lín-hei: continuously.

相連 seung-lín: adjoining.

連續 lín-tsūk: one after another; unbroken series of.

連

連

連

615

練 lín: to train; to practise; skilled.

操練 t'so-lín: to drill

練習 lín-tsaáp: to practise; to train.

熟練 shúk-lín: experienced; well trained.

練

練

練

617

鈴 lǐng: small bell.

門鈴 moón lǐng: door bell.

鈴

鈴

鈴

614

煉 lín: to refine; to smelt.

煉鐵 lín t'it: to smelt iron.

煉乳 lín-ně: condensed milk.

煉

煉

煉

616

靈 lǐng: spirit; force; cleverness.

靈魂 lǐng-wán: the soul.

靈通 lǐng-t'ung: quickness of understanding.

靈機 lǐng-kei: clever contrivance.

靈敏 lǐng-mǎn: bright; keen; quick.

靈

靈

靈

618

領 lǐng: to receive; the collar.

領事館 lǐng-sǐ-koón: consulate.

總領事 tsúng lǐng-sǐ: consul general.

領袖 lǐng-tsaû: a leader; chief.

領土 lǐng-t'6: territory; colony.

領

領

領

619

令 lǐng: to cause; to make; a command; your (polite address)

命令 mǐng-lǐng: a command; order.

令人 lǐng yān: to make one (happy or angry etc.)

令郎 lǐng-lóng: your son.

令媛 lǐng-yuàn: your daughter.

令

令

令

621

列 lǐ: to arrange; in order.

列入 lǐ-yāp: include under; to reckon under.

陳列 ch'án-lǐ: to exhibit.

排列 p'ái-lǐ: to arrange in ranks.

列位 lǐ wá: gentlemen; every one (polite address)

列

列

列

623

了 liǔ: finished; very; to understand; mandarin sign of completed action.

了事 liǔ shì: the affair is finished.

了解 liǔ-kaái: to understand.

了得 liǔ-pat-tak: exceedingly; extremely.

了

了

了

620

另 lǐng: separate; distinct; alone.

另外 lǐng-ngoí: extra.

另加 lǐng ka: additional.

另自 lǐng tsz: by itself; apart.

另

另

另

622

烈 lǐ: blazing; fierce; virtuous; heroic.

烈火 lǐ foh: a blazing fire.

烈日 lǐ yát: the hot sun.

猛烈 mǎng-lǐ: fierce; violent.

忠烈 chung-lǐ: faithful; honest.

烈

烈

烈

624

料 liú: stuff; material; to calculate; to manage.

原料 uēn-liú: raw materials.

飲料 yám-liú: beverages.

料理 liú-leí: to manage; to control.

照料 chiú-liú: to look after, to take care of.

料

料

料

625

爐 15: stove; fire-place; furnace; grate.

火爐 f6h-16: a stove.

風爐 fung-16: small earthen stove.

香爐 neung-16: incense burner.

627

老 16: aged; venerable.

老父 16-taü: father.

老母 16-mö: mother.

老公 16-kung: husband.

老婆 16-p'oh: wife.

629

路 16: a road; pathway.

一路 yat-16: all along.

路費 16 fai: travelling expenses.

問路 man 16: to ask the way.

公路 kung-16: a public road.

鐵路 t'it-16: railroad.

爐

炉

老

路

爐

老

路

炉

老

路

626

勞 15: toil; service; distress; to trouble.

勞苦 15-fö6: laborious.

勞動者 15-tung-ché: laborer.

勞神 15 shän: to weary; to require attention.

628

露 15: dew; to reveal.

露出 15 ch'ut: to disclose.

露水 15-shui: dew.

露天 15-t'in: under the open sky; open air.

暴露 pö-15: exposed to the open.

630

來 16: to come; to reach; to obtain; future.

後來 hau-loi: afterward.

本來 poón-loi: originally.

近來 kán-loi: recently.

來賓 loi-pan: guest.

勞

劳

露

來

来

勞

露

來

劳

露

来

来

631

落 18k: down; to go down; to fall; to put down; to begin.

落定 18k tâng: deposit. to pay part of the money first.

落力 18k-lík: to do with one's best.

落船 18k shuñ: to board ship.

落

落

落

633

浪 18ng: waves; billows; unrestrained.

風浪 fong-lông: wind and waves.

浪子 18ng-tsí: a spend-thrift; a prodigal.

浪費 18ng-fài: to squander.

浪

浪

浪

635

亂 1uên: confusion; rebellion.

心亂 sam-luên: disturbed in mind; confused.

擾亂 iũ-luên: disturb; disorder; tumult.

作亂 tsòk-luên: to rebel; to raise a disturbance.

亂

亂

亂

632

樂 18k: happy; gay.

樂 ngòk: music.

安樂 on-l8k: comfort; ease; comfortable.

快樂 faai-l8k: happy; happiness.

樂觀 18k koon: optimistic.

樂

樂

乐

乐

634

聯 1uên: to sew; a seam; united.

聯絡 1uên-l8k: connection; mutual aid; cooperation.

聯合國 1uên-hòp-kuòk: the United Nations.

聯盟 1uên-māng: to form an alliance.

聯

聯

联

联

636

劣 1uèt: inferior; poor; feeble.

惡劣 òk-luèt: very bad.

劣貨 1uèt fòh: inferior goods.

劣

劣

劣

637

雷 lui: thunder.

行雷 hāng lui: to thunder.

雷電 lui-tín: thunder and lightning.

水雷 shuí-lui: torpedo.

地雷 tēi-lui: a mine.
(weapon)

雷

雷

雷

639

裏 lui: inside; within.

裏頭 lui-t'au: the inside; within.

家裏 ka lui: at home; home.

裏

裏

裡

裏

641

類 lui: class; race; category; sort.

人類 yān-lui: human beings.

畜類 ch'uk-lui: domestic animals.

種類 chūng-lui: class; sort.

類

類

類

類

638

馬廬 lō: a donkey; ass.

馬廬子 lō-tsí: donkey; ass.

驢

驢

驢

640

旅 lui: to travel; travel.

旅客 lui haak: a traveler.

旅行 lui-haang: travel; trip.

旅店 lui-tim: an inn; hotel.

旅費 lui fai: traveling expenses.

旅

旅

旅

旅

642

累 lui: to involve; to embarrass; to accumulate.

連累 līn-lui: to involve some one.

受累 shau lui: implicated.

拖累 t'oh lui: to involve other.

累

累

累

643

淚 lui: tears; to cry.

流淚 lau lui: to shed tears.

含淚 hām lui: tears in one's eyes.

眼淚 ngaan-lui: tear drops.

645

綠 lûk: green.

綠豆 lûk-tau: a species of small green pea.

深綠 sham lûk: deep green.

墨綠 māk lûk: dark green.

647

鄰 lûn: near to; neighboring.

鄰近 lûn-kân: near to; vicinity.

鄰舍 lûn-shè: neighbor.

淚

淚

泪

淚

綠

綠

綠

綠

鄰

鄰

鄰

644

六 lûk: the numeral six.

六畜 lûk ch'uk: the six domestic animals (horse, ox, goat, pig, dog, fowl)

六甲 lûk-kaap: pregnancy.

六

六

陸

六

646

陸 lûk: dry land.

陸續 lûk-tsûk: continuous; in succession.

陸軍 lûk-kwan: army.

陸地 lûk-tei: land.

大陸 taai-lûk: mainland; continent.

陸

陸

陸

648

輪 lûn: a wheel; to revolve; in turn.

輪流 lûn-lau: to revolve; in turn; to take turn.

車輪 ch'e-lûn: a wheel.

輪船 lûn-shuen: a steamship.

輪值 lûn-chik: to take one's turn.

輪

輪

輪

649

論 lûn: to discuss;
to reason; dis-
course; ism;
-ology.

辯論 pîn-lûn: debate.

爭論 chaang lûn: to
dispute.

討論 t'ó-lûn: to discuss.

論文 lûn-mān: thesis.

651

律 lût: statute; law.

法律 faät-lût: the law;
code.

一律 yat-lût: uniformly;
without dis-
tinction.

律師 lût-sz: a lawyer.

刑律 ying lût: criminal
law.

653

媽 mā: mother; nurse.

媽媽 mā-mā: mother.

姑媽 koo-mā: paternal
aunt.

姨媽 ī-mā: maternal aunt.

論

律

媽

論
論

律
律

媽
媽

650

弄 lûng: to toy with;
to mock; to
work with.

戲弄 hei-lûng: to make
fun of.

弄壞 lûng waai: to
spoil; to
wreck; to put
out of order.

弄璋 lûng-cheung: to bear
a son.

弄瓦 lûng-ngā: to bear
a daughter.

652

唔 m̄: a negative; no;
not.

唔係 m̄-hai: no.

唔去 m̄-hui: do not go.

654

嗎 m̄: interrogative
ending in the
sentence.

去街嗎 hui kaa m̄: are
you going out?

嗎啡 m̄-fe: morphine.

弄

唔

嗎

弄
弄

唔
唔

嗎
嗎

655

- 麻 mā: hemp; linen.
 麻雀 mā-tseŋk: sparrow.
 麻木 mā-mūk: numb without feeling.
 麻痺 mā-tsui: drugged; stupified.
 麻煩 mā-faŋ: troublesome; inconvenience.

麻

麻 麻

657

- 罵 mā: to rail; to scold; to vilify.
 罵人 mā yān: to scold others.
 大罵 taai mā: a bad scolding.

罵

罵 罵

659

- 買 maai: to buy; to purchase.
 買賣 maai-maaf: to buy and sell; to trade.
 買辦 maai-paān: comprador.
 買手 maai-shau: commercial buyer.
 買主 maai chue: the buyer; purchaser.

買

買 買

656

- 馬 mā: horse.
 馬房 mā fōng: stable.
 馬力 mā-lík: horse power.
 馬路 mā-lô: paved-road; highway.
 馬上 mā-shetŋg: at once.
 馬戲 mā-hei: a circus.

馬

馬 馬

658

- 埋 maai: with; beside; to conceal; to bury.
 收埋 shau maai: to store; to put away; to hide.
 埋沒 maai-moŋt: hidden; in the background.
 埋來 maai loi: to come close.
 埋岸 maai ngōn: (the boat) arrive at a pier.

埋

埋 埋

660

- 賣 maaf: to sell; to betray.
 賣出 maaf ch'ut: to sell.
 拍賣 p'aak-maaf: to sell at an auction.
 賣國 maaf kwòk: to betray one's country.
 非賣品 fei maaf pán: "not for sale" article.

賣

賣 賣

661

晚 maân: late; evening.

晚黑 maân-haak: night; evening.

晚餐 maân-ts'aan: supper.

晚間 maân-kaan: during the night.

663

慢 maân: slow; dila-
tory; rude.

慢慢 maân-maân: slow-
ly; at leisure;
gradually.

太慢 t'aai maân: too
slowly.

傲慢 ngô-maân: arrogant;
disdainful.

懶慢 laân maân: slow and
lazy.

665

襪 maât: stockings;
hose.

布襪 pò maât: cotton
stockings.

襪帶 maât taai: garter.

織襪 chik maât: to knit
socks.

晚

慢

襪

袜

晚

慢

襪

晚

慢

袜

662

萬 maân: ten thousand;
many; myriad.

百萬 paik-maân: a mil-
lion.

萬物 maân mât: all things.

萬一 maân-yat: if by any
chance.

夾萬 kaáp-maân: a safe.

664

猛 maäng: savage; vio-
lent; fierce.

猛烈 maäng-lit: fiery;
ferocious.

猛獸 maäng-shaü: wild
animal.

猛力 maäng-lík: with all
one's strength.

666

貓 mau: a cat.

野貓 yě mau: the wild
cat.

貓兒 mau-I-t'aü-ying:
the owl.

萬

万

猛

貓

萬

猛

貓

万

猛

猫

猫

667

迷 māi: to deceive;
to bewitch; to
be possessed by.

迷信 māi-sùn: supersti-
tion.

昏迷 fan-māi: faint; un-
conscious.

迷惑 māi-waāk: to delude;
to infatuate.

迷

669

墨 māk: ink; black.

墨水 māk-shuí: foreign
ink.

墨汁 māk-chap: native
liquid ink.

墨水筆 māk-shuí-pai: foun-
tain pen.

墨魚 māk-uē: cuttle
fish.

墨

671

蚊 man: mosquito.

蚊帳 man-cheung: mos-
quito net.

蚊

668

米 māi: rice.

白米 pāk māi: ordinary
rice.

糯米 nōh-māi: glutin-
ous (sweet)
rice.

西米 sai-māi: tapioca.

米

670

麥 māk: bearded grain;
wheat.

大麥 taai-māk: barley.

小麥 siú-māk: rye.

麥粉 māk-fán: oatmeal.

麥

672

文 mǎn: literature;
literary; ele-
gant; civil.

文法 mǎn-fǎt: grammar;
rule of compo-
sition.

唐文 t'ŭng-mǎn: Chinese.

中文 chung-mǎn: Chinese.

古文 kóo-mǎn: classics.

文化 mǎn-fà: culture; ci-
vilization.

文

673

聞 mān: to hear; to smell; fame.

聽聞 t'eng-mān: to hear.

新聞 san-mān: news.

聞人 mān-yān: famous person.

675

問 mān: to ask; to inquire; to examine into.

問答 mān taáp: dialogue.

學問 hōk-mān: knowledge; learning.

問題 mān-t'ái: a question; problem.

審問 shām mān: to try in court.

677

物 mât: things in general; articles.

物件 mât-kín: thing; article.

物主 mât chue: owner.

生物 shaang-mât: living thing.

食物 shík-mât: the eatable.

貨物 fòn mât: goods.

聞

問

物

聞

聞

問

問

物

物

674

民 mān: people; public.

平民 p'íng-mān: the common people.

民國 mān-kwók: a republic.

民衆 mān-chūng: the public; the crowd.

殖民地 chik-mān-tai: colony.

676

乜 mat, mí: what; something; any.

乜野 mat (or mí) yě?: what?

678

密 mât: thick; close; inner; hidden.

親密 ts'an-mât: intimate; very close.

密碼 mât-má: a secret code.

機密 kei-mât: official secret.

秘密 pei-mât: secret.

民

乜

密

民

民

乜

乜

密

密

679

謀 mau: to plot; to plan.

謀生 mau-shaang: to seek a living.

謀反 mau faán: to plan rebellion; treason.

謀害 mau hoí: to deliberate injury.

陰謀 yam-mau: secret plot.

謀

謀

謀

681

畝 mau: Chinese acre. (6.10 mau=1 Eng acre)

一畝地 yat mau tef: an acre.

畝

畝

畝

683

美 mei: beautiful; excellent.

美麗 mei-lai: beautiful.

美人 mei yán: a beautiful woman.

美意 mei i: excellent idea; kind intention.

美術家 mei-shút ka: artist.

美國 mei-kwòk: USA.

美

美

美

美

680

某 mau: a certain one; such and such.

某人 mau yán: so-and-so.

某甲 mau kaáp: a certain person.

某日 mau yat: such-and-such day.

某處 mau ch'ue: a certain place.

某

某

某

682

眉 mei: eyebrow.

眼眉 ngaán-mei: eyebrow.

蛾眉月 ngòh-mei-uét: the crescent moon.

眉

眉

眉

684

尾 mei: the tail; end.

擺尾 paai mei: to wag the tail.

尾後 mei-hau: afterwards.

數尾 shò mei: balance left; unpaid balance.

尾

尾

尾

685

未 meī: not yet; not.
 未曾 meī-ts'āng: not yet.
 未定 meī tēng: undecided;
 not yet deter-
 mined.
 未必 meī-pit: perhaps
 not; not cer-
 tain; not ne-
 cessarily.

未

未
未

687

名 mēng: name; fame;
 reputation.
 名字 mēng-tsŭ: name of
 person, shop,
 etc.
 名片 mēng-p'ín: a visit-
 ing card.
 出名 ch'ut-mēng: well
 known.
 名譽 mēng-ue: reputa-
 tion; honor-
 ary.

名

名
名

689

棉 mǐn: cotton; cotton
 plant.
 棉花 mǐn-fa: cotton.
 棉布 mǐn pò: cotton clo-
 th.
 棉被 mǐn pēi: cotton
 quilt.

棉

棉
棉

686

味 meī: taste; fla-
 vor; smell.
 味道 meī-tó: taste of
 a thing.
 氣味 hēi-meī: odor; fla-
 vor.
 海味 hoi-meī: marine de-
 licacies.
 趣味 ts'ui-meī: interest;
 interesting.

味

味
味

688

命 mēng: life or lot;
 luck; fate; com-
 mand; decree.
 生命 sheang-mēng: life;
 being.
 長命 ch'eūng mēng: a long
 life
 命運 mēng-wān: destiny;
 fate.
 命令 mīng-līng: command;
 order.
 算命 suen mēng: to tell
 fortunes.

命

命
命

690

免 mǐn: to avoid; to
 forgive; to ex-
 cuse.
 免致 mǐn-chi: lest; in
 order to avoid.
 免稅 mǐn shuì: duty free.
 免職 mǐn chik: to dis-
 miss from office.

免

免
免

691

面 mín: face; sur-
face; side.面前 mín-ts'ín: in front
of; in presence
of.對面 tuì-mín: opposite;
facing.

面積 mín-tsik: area.

面貌 mín-maáu: appear-
ance.

面

693

明 mīng: clear; plain;
bright.明白 mīng-paák: plain;
to understand.

明日 mīng-yāt: tomorrow.

明年 mīng-nín: next year.

明知 mīng-chí: clearly a-
ware.

明

695

苗 miú: sprout; des-
cendant; Miao
tribe.禾苗 wōh miú: rice seed-
lings.

苗裔 miú yuí: posterity.

苗人 miú yán: Miaos.

苗

面

面

面

明

明

苗

苗

692

麵 mín: wheat noodle.

麵粉 mín-fán: wheat
flour.

麵包 mín-paau: bread.

麵

麵

麵

麵

694

滅 mīt: to destroy; to
extinguish.滅亡 mīt-mōng: extermin-
ated; ruined.滅跡 mīt-tsik: to des-
troy evidence;
obliterate.滅絕 mīt-tsuet: to anni-
hilate; to ex-
terminate.

滅

滅

滅

滅

696

廟 miú: temple; shrine.

廟堂 miú-t'ōng: a tem-
ple.廟祝 miú-chuk: temple
keeper.

廟

廟

廟

廟

697

無 mō: negative; no;
not; without;
none.

無非 mō-fei: simply;
solely.

無論 mō-lūn: no matter
what.

無限 mō-haân: unlimited.

無窮 mō-k'ūng: endless.

無



无

699

模 mō: a pattern; mo-
del; example.

模範 mō-faân: model; ex-
ample.

模形 mō-yīng: pattern;
model; mold.

打指模 tá chǐ mō: to
stamp with
inked finger.

模



模

701

母 mǔ: mother.

母親 mǔ-ts'an: mother.

老母 lǎo-mǔ: mother.

後母 hǎu-mǔ: stepmother.

外母 ngoi-mǔ: mother-
in-law.

母



母

698

毛 mō: hair; fur; fea-
ther.

毛管 mō-koón: pores of
skin.

鬆毛 sung mō: shaggy.

實毛 shât mō: short hair-
ed.

毛病 mō-pēng: falling;
fault.

毛



毛

700

冇 mǔ: none; do not;
have not; nega-
tive.

冇人 mǔ yān: nobody; no
person.

你有冇 nǐ yǎu mǔ
shue?: do you
have books?

冇



冇

702

舞 mǔ: dance; to make
posture to mu-
sic; play.

跳舞 t'it mǔ: to dance;
dancing.

跳舞會 t'it-mǔ-wai: a dan-
cing ball.

舞



舞

703

武 mō: military; martial; brave.

武官 mō-koon: military official.

武力 mō-lik: by force of arms.

武裝 mō-chong: under arms.

705

務 mō: function; business; to attend to earnestly.

事務 sî-mō: business; affair.

家務 ka mō: home affair.

公務 kung mō: official affair; public affair.

服務 fûk-mō: to work for others.

707

摸 mōh: to feel with the hands; to catch.

摸魚 mōh uē: * to catch fish with hands.

武

務

務

摸

武

武

務

務

摸

摸

704

帽 mō: a cap; hat.

戴帽 taai mō: to wear a hat.

毡帽 chin-mō: felt hat or cap.

草帽 ts'ô-mō: straw hat.

706

冒 mō: to falsify; to pretend; to risk.

冒充 mō-ch'ung: to pass oneself as.

冒認 mō ying: to claim falsely.

感冒 kôm-mō: to catch a cold.

冒險家 mō-hin-ka: adventurer.

708

磨 mōh: to grind; to sharpen; to rub; to polish.

磨刀 mōh to: to grind a knife.

磨利 mōh-lef: to sharpen.

磨練 mōh-lîn: to work at; to learn by experience; to discipline.

磨房 mōh-fōng: a mill.

帽

冒

磨

帽

帽

冒

冒

磨

磨

709

剥 mok: to flay; to peel; to lay bare.

剥皮 mok p'ei: to skin; to reel; to fleece.

剥削 mok-seuk: to oppress; to squeeze the people.

711

亡 mōng: destroyed; gone; ruined; dead.

滅亡 mīt-mōng: exterminated.

逃亡 t'ō-mōng: to escape; to flee.

死亡 sz-mōng: dead.

713

忙 mōng: hurried; flurried; busy.

帮忙 pong-mōng: to assist; to help.

忙碌 mōng-luk: busy.

連忙 līn-mōng: at once.

好忙 hō mōng: very busy.

剥

亡

忙

剥

亡

忙

剥

剥

亡

忙

710

莫 mōk: not; none; do not.

莫非 mōk-fei: it must be...

莫見怪 mōk kīn kwaai: do not take offense.

712

忘 mōng: to forget; unconscious.

忘記 mōng-kai: to forget.

忘恩 mōng yan: ungrateful.

忘本 mōng poón: ungrateful.

714

望 mōng: to attentively look at from a distance; to hope; to expect.

希望 hai-mōng: to hope.

望見 mōng kīn: to see.

失望 shat-mōng: disappointed.

觀望 koon-mōng: to be undecided.

莫

忘

望

莫

忘

望

莫

忘

望

715

煤 moof: coal; cinder.
 煤炭 moof-t'aàn: coal.
 煤氣 moof-hei: gas.
 煤油 moof-yaü: petroleum.
 煤礦 moof kw'òng: coal mine.

717

妹 moof: girl; younger sister.
 細妹 sai-moof: younger sister.
 姊妹 tsz-moof: sisters; older and younger sisters.
 妹夫 moof-foo: younger sister's husband.

719

滿 moôn: full; entire; complete.
 滿地 moôn tef: all over the ground.
 滿意 moôn-lí: pleased; satisfied.
 滿期 moôn k'eí: at the expiration of the term.
 滿足 moôn-tsuk: to satisfy; satisfied.

煤

妹

滿

煤

煤

妹

妹

滿

滿

716

每 moof: each; every.
 每次 moof ts'í: each time or occasion.
 每人 moof yān: each or every person.
 每日 moof yāt: everyday.
 每每 moof-moof: always; all the time;

718

門 moôn: door; entrance.
 門口 moôn-háu: entrance; doorway.
 大門 taaf moôn: main entrance.
 門牌 moôn-p'aaí: house number.
 專門 chuen-moôn: to specialize.

720

悶 moôn: sad; distressed; melancholy; stupefy.
 煩悶 faān-moôn: distressed; upset.
 散悶 saàn moôn: to dissipate sorrow.

每

每

每

門

門

門

悶

悶

門

們

悶

721

末 moôt: the end; last;
fine dust.末日 moôt-yât: end of the
world.

723

木 mûk: wood; tree;
wooden.

樹木 shuh-mûk: tree.

木料 mûk liú: timber.

木瓜 mûk-kwa: papaya.

木工 mûk kung: carpenter.

725

夢 mûng: to dream; a
dream.發夢 faît mûng: to dre-
am.夢見 mûng kîn: to see
in a dream.

末

末

末

木

木

木

夢

夢

夢

722

沒 moôt: to perish;
loss; no (man-
darin).埋沒 maaI-moôt: hidden;
unknown.沒收 moôt-shau: to be con-
fiscated.

724

目 mûk: eye; index;
item; to view.題目 t'ai-mûk: topic;
theme.目的 mûk-tik: goal; end;
purpose.目錄 mûk-lûk: index; ta-
ble of contents.目前 mûk-ts'in at present;
for the time
being.

726

拿 nā: to grasp; to
carry; to bri-
ng.拿手 nā-shau: dexterous;
expert.捉拿 chuk nā: to arrest;
to seize.拿破崙 nā-p'oh-lûn: Na-
poleon.

沒

沒

沒

沒

目

目

目

拿

拿

拿

拿

727

- 奶 naai: milk; the breast of a woman; the title of respect for a woman; madam.
 奶奶 naai-naai: madam; Mrs. (old woman).
 師奶 sz-naai: Mrs. (middle aged); madam.
 少女 siu-naai: Mrs. (young woman).

729

- 男 naam: man; male; son.
 男人 naam-yān: a man; husband.
 男女 naam-nui: man and woman; the sexes.

731

- 鬧 naau: noise; bustle; to scold; to revile.
 熱鬧 it-naau: bustle.
 鬧事 naau sz: to cause trouble.
 鬧鐘 naau-chung: alarm clock.

奶

男

鬧

奶

男

鬧

孀

奶

男

鬧

鬧

728

- 南 naam: the South.
 南洋 naam-yeung: The East Indies.
 南京 naam-king: Nanking.
 西南 sai-naam: southwest.
 指南針 chi-naam-cham: the compass.

730

- 難 naan: difficult; to distress; hard.
 為難 wai naan: to trouble.
 艱難 kaan-naan: distressing.
 難 naan: calamity; distress.
 受難 shaai naan: to experience adversity.
 苦難 fo6-naan: affliction.

732

- 泥 nai: soil; mud; dirt; to smear.
 泥土 nai-to: dirt; earth; soil.
 泥磚 nai chuen: adobe brick.

南

難

泥

南

難

泥

南

難

泥

泥

733

能 nāng: able to; competent; ability; power.

不能 pat-nāng: unable.

能够 nāng-kaù: can; able.

可能 hóh-nāng: possible; can.

能力 nāng-lîk: power; ability.

能

能

能

735

你 neǐ: second personal pronoun; you.

你自己 neǐ tsz̄-keí: yourself.

你

你

你

737

呢 nī, ne: this.

呢個 nī kòh: this one.

呢的 nī ti: this; these.

呢 ne: final particle.

呢

呢

呢

734

粒 nap: a kernel; for small things like beads, drops.

一粒米 yat nap mǎi: a grain of rice.

一粒星 yat nap sing: a star.

粒

粒

粒

736

娘 neüng: a young lady; a girl; a mother; a wife.

新娘 san-neüng: a bride.

伴娘 poón-neüng: a bridesmaid.

姑娘 koo-neüng: Miss; unmarried girl.

娘家 neüng ka: a wife's family.

娘

娘

娘

738

五 nǚ: the numeral five.

五穀 nǚ kuk: the five grains; grains in general.

五族 nǚ tsúk: the five races of the Chinese Republic.

五

五

五

五

nǚ

739 - 744

ngā

739

伍 nǚ: the numeral five.

入伍 yǎp-nǚ: be a soldier.

退伍 t'ui-nǚ: to retire from the service.

741

悟 nǚ: to arouse; to awake; to discern.

醒悟 sǐng-nǚ: to awaken; to be aroused.

覺悟 kòk-nǚ: to understand; to perceive.

悔悟 fòol-nǚ: to repent.

743

牙 ngā: tooth; screw thread.

牙齒 ngā-ch'í: the teeth.

牙粉 ngā-fán: tooth powder.

牙擦 ngā-ts'áat: a tooth brush.

伍

伍

伍

悟

悟

悟

牙

牙

牙

740

午 nǚ: 11 a.m. - 1 p.m.

上午 shetng-nǚ: forenoon.

下午 hǎ-nǚ: afternoon.

午餐 nǚ-ts'áan: lunch; tiffin.

742

誤 nǚ: to mistake; to err.

誤會 nǚ-ooí: misapprehension; misunderstanding.

錯誤 ts'òh-nǚ: mistake; error.

744

芽 ngā: a bud; sprout; to begin.

芽菜 ngā-ts'òí: bean sprout.

午

午

午

誤

誤

誤

芽

芽

芽

745

瓦 ngā: earthenware;
tile; pottery.

瓦面 ngā-mín: a roof.

瓦窑 ngā iū: a kiln.

747

眼 ngān: eye; open-
ing; arch.

眼皮 ngān-p'ei: eyelid.

眼眉 ngān-mei: eyebrow.

眼鏡 ngān-kèng: spec-
tacles; eye-
glasses.近視眼 kân-shí ngān:
short sightedness.

749

咬 ngāu: to bite;
to gnaw.咬開 ngāu hoi: to bite
off.咬牙切齒 ngā ts'it
ch'i: to gnash
the teeth in
anger.

瓦

瓦

瓦

眼

眼

眼

咬

咬

咬

746

顏 ngān: color; coun-
tenance.顏色 ngān-shik: color;
colored.顏料 ngān-liū: dyes in
general.紅顏 hūng-ngān: a rosy
face.

748

硬 ngāng: hard; strong;
unyielding; obs-
tinate.堅硬 kin-ngāng: solid;
stiff.強硬 k'eūng-ngāng: ri-
gid; repelling.

750

危 ngāi: dangerous;
peril; hazard.危險 ngāi-him: danger-
ous.臨危 lām ngāi: near dea-
th; in danger.危機 ngāi-kei: crisis;
critical point.

顏

顏

顏

硬

硬

硬

危

危

危

751

藝 ngai: skill; handi-
craft; trade.
工藝 kung ngai: a handi-
craft; a trade.
文藝 mán ngai: liter-
ary pursuit.
藝術 ngai-shút: the arts.

753

銀 ngān: silver; mon-
ey.
銀紙 ngān-chí: paper
money; bank
note.
銀行 ngān-hōng: a bank.
銀器 ngān heí: articles
made of silver.

755

偶 ngau: image; pair-
ed; sudden; ac-
cidentally.
偶像 ngau-tseung: idol.
偶然 ngau-in: accident-
ally; suddenly.
佳偶 kaai ngau: a happy
pair.

藝

秋

銀

艮

偶

藝

銀

偶

藝

藝

銀

偶

752

毅 ngai: resolute;
enduring.
毅力 ngai-lik: persever-
ance; grit.
毅然 ngai-in: resolutely;
determined.

754

牛 ngau: cattle.
牛油 ngau-yaü: butter.
牛奶 ngau-naai: cow's
milk.

756

俄 ngōh: sudden.
俄羅斯 ngōh-lōh-sz:
Russia.
白俄 paik-ngōh: White
Russian.
赤俄 ch'ik-ngōh: Red
Russian.

毅

牛

俄

毅

牛

俄

毅

牛

俄

757

我

ngõh: pronoun of
first person; we;
me; I.

我哋 ngõh tēi: we; us.

我國 ngõh kwók: our
country.

759

外

ngoí: outside; for-
eign.外面 ngoí mǎn: the out-
side of; extern-
ally.外國 ngoí kwók: foreign
country.外交 ngoí-kaau: diploma-
tic relations;
foreign inter-
course.外界 ngoí-kaai: those out-
side of one's pro-
fession.

我

外

761

岸

ngón: shore; bank.

上岸 sheung ngón: to go
ashore; to
land.堤岸 t'ai-ngón: a bund;
a levee.

我

象

外

外

岸

岸

758

餓

ngón: hungry; hun-
ger.

肚餓 t'ò ngón: hungry.

餓鬼 ngón kwai: hungry
ghost(who re-
ceives no sa-
crifices).

760

礙

ngoí: to hinder; to
oppose; to obs-
truct; to inter-
fere.妨碍 fǎng-ngóí: impedi-
ment; hindrance.障礙 cheung-ngóí: obs-
truction; hin-
drance.

762

粘

nim: to adhere;
glutinous;
sticky.粘實 ním shāt: to paste
it tight.粘米 chim mǎi: ordinary
rice.

餓

餓

餓

礙

礙

碍

粘

粘

粘

粘

763

念 nīm: to ponder; to remember.

念書 nīm shue: to recite a lesson from memory; to go to school.

念頭 nīm-t'au: thought; reflection.

765

寧 nīng: rather; it is better; it is easier.

寧願 nīng-uēn: to prefer.

寧可 nīng-hōh: better that.....

767

尿 niū: urine.

尿缸 niū kong: jar for public convenience; urinal.

糖尿病 t'ōng-niū-pēng: diabetes.

念

念

念

寧

寧

寧

寧

寧

尿

尿

尿

764

年 nīn: year.

今年 kam-nīn: this year.

年紀 nīn-keí: age.

少年 shiū-nīn: young, early life; young fellow.

766

鳥 niū: bird.

飛鳥 fei-niū: birds in general.

鳥巢 niū ch'au: bird's nest.

768

奴 nō: a slave; servant.

奴隸 nō-tai: a slave.

奴僕 nō-pūk: bond-servant.

守財奴 shau-ts'oi-nō: a miser; niggard.

年

年

年

鳥

鳥

鳥

奴

奴

奴

nǎ

769 - 774

nuǎn

769

腦 nǎ: brain; camphor.

腦力 nǎ lìk: mental power.

主腦 chuǎ-nǎ: a leader; "the brain".

771

怒 nǎ: anger; passion; rage.

發怒 fàt nǎ: to lose one's temper.

激怒 kík nǎ: to incite anger; to arouse anger.

773

耐 nǎi: a period of time; to endure; to continue.

耐性 nǎi-sìng: a patient disposition.

耐煩 nǎi-faǎn: patient; long-suffering.

腦

怒

耐

腦

怒

耐

腦

怒

耐

770

努 nǎ: make great effort.

努力 nǎ-lìk: endeavor; to strive; to exert oneself; to struggle.

772

內 nǎi: inside; within; inner.

內人 nǎi-yān: may wife.

內科 nǎi-fōh: medicine (as opposed to surgery)

內容 nǎi-yūng: contents; inner facts.

內亂 nǎi-luàn: civil war; political trouble.

774

暖 nuǎn: warm; balmy; to warm.

暖爐 nuǎn ló: heating stove.

和暖 wōn-nuǎn: warm; balmy.

努

內

暖

努

內

暖

努

內

暖

暖

775

女 nuī: female; girl;
daughter.

女人 nuī-yān: a woman.

女子 nuī-tsí: a young
lady.

婦女 foō-nuī: women in
general.

777

啊 òh: emphatic parti-
cle (surprise or
disappointment);
interjection oh!

779

惡 òk, ngòk, oò: bad;
wicked; vicious;
hard; difficult.

惡習 òk tsaâp: bad ha-
bit.

惡意 òk-ì: evil inten-
tion.

女

啊

惡

惡

女

め

啊

啊

惡

悪

776

農 nūng: to plant; to
farm; to cul-
tivate.

農夫 nūng-foo: a farmer.

農業 nūng-íp: agricul-
ture.

農產 nūng ch'aán: agri-
cultural pro-
duct.

778

愛 òi: to love; a de-
light in.

愛情 òi-ts'ing: feelings
of affection.

愛惜 òi-sik: to be spar-
ing of; be care-
ful of; to take
good care of.

愛國 òi kwòk: to love
one's country.

780

暗 òm: dark; gloomy;
secret.

暗中 òm-chung: secret-
ly; privately.

暗殺 òm shaát: assassi-
nation.

暗號 òm hò: countersign.

農

愛

愛

暗

農

農

農

愛

愛

暗

暗

781

安 on: peace; quiet;
comfort; to
settle.

安靜 on-tsing: repose.

安心 on-sam: put the
mind at ease.

安全 on-ts'uēn: secured;
safe(of things).

安



安

783

案 on: case at law;
judge's desk.

案件 on-kín: a case at
law.

審案 shám on: to try a
case.

案情 on ts'ing: facts or
details of a
case.

案



案

785

湖 oō: lake.

五湖 ng oō: the five
great lakes
of China.

湖南 oō-naām: Hunan Pro-
vince.

湖北 oō-pak: Hupeh Pro-
vince.

湖



湖

782

按 on: to put down;
to lay hand on;
to cease.

按兵 on ping: to halt
the troops.

按月 on uēt: monthly.

按法 on faät: accord-
ing to law.

按



按

784

汙 oo: dirty; foul;
filthy; impure.

汙糟 oo-tso: dirty; fil-
thy.

姦行 kaan-oo: to rape.

汙



汙

786

壺 oō: jug; pot; tan-
kard.

茶壺 ch'ā oō: a teapot.

酒壺 tsau oō: winepot.

水壺 shuí oō: water pot.

污

壺



壺

787

胡 oō: how; why; Mongol.

胡椒 oō-tsiu: pepper.

胡鬧 oō-naaŋ: to make a row.

789

戶 oō: door; family; population.

戶口 oō-haŋ: the household.

鋪戶 p'ò-oō: a shop.

791

回 ooī: to turn about; back.

回覆 ooī-fuk: to answer.

回國 ooī kwòk: to return to one's country.

回想 ooī seung: to recall; to remember(thing).

胡

戶

回 廻

胡

戶

回

胡

戶

回 廻 回

788

護 oō: to protect; to preserve; to defend.

保護 pō-oō: to protect.

護照 oō-chiù: passport.

790

互 oō: mutual; reciprocal.

互相 oō-seung: mutual; reciprocal.

互議 oō ī: to consult together.

792

會 ooī: to join together; a society; meeting; guild.

入會 yāp ooī: to join a society.

會客 ooī haak: to meet a guest.

國會 kwòk-ooī: parliament.

會 ooī: to understand.

護

互

會

會

護

互

會

護

互

會

793

碗 oón: bowl; small dish.

飯碗 faân oón: rice bowl.

湯碗 t'ong oón: large bowl; soup bowl.

795

換 oón: to change; to exchange; to barter.

替換 t'ai-oón: to relieve one another.

更換 kang-oón: to change; to replace.

797

活 oôt: alive; living; life.

活潑 oôt-p'oôt: lively; brisk.

生活 shaang-oôt: livelihood; employment.

活動 oôt-tûng: movable.

碗

換

活

碗 換 活

碗 盃 碗

換

活

794

援 oôn: pull out; to rescue; to quote.

援救 oôn-kaù: to relieve; to rescue; to assist; to help.

援兵 oôn ping: reinforcement.

援助 oôn-chôh: to help; to aid; to give support to.

796

玩 oôn: to toy; to play; to enjoy.

遊玩 yau-oôn: to ramble about.

玩具 oôn-kuí: toy; plaything.

798

巴 pa: a large snake; an ancient state.

巴結 pa-kít: to flatter; toady.

巴黎 pa-lai: Paris.

援

玩

巴

援 玩 巴

援

玩

巴

799

爸 pa: father.
 亞爸 à-pa: papa; father.
 爸爸 pa-pa: papa; father.

801

把 pá: to grasp; a sheaf; classifier.
 把守 pá-sháu: to guard; to hold fast.
 把握 pá-ak: security; safeguard.

803

罷 pá: to finish; sign of imperative mood.
 罷工 pá-kung: to strike; to stop work.
 罷課 pá-fòh: student's strike.

爸

爸

爸

把

把

把

罷

罷

罷

800

吧 pa: angry quarreling.
 吧唧 pa-pai: clamor.

802

霸 pá: to rule by force; tyrannize; to intimidate.
 霸佔 pá-chín: encroach.
 霸王 pá-wōng: a tyrant.

804

怕 p'â: to fear; to dread; lest; probably.
 怕死 p'â-sí: to be afraid of death.
 怕慚 p'â-ch'au: bashful; ashamed.

吧

吧

吧

霸

霸

霸

霸

怕

怕

怕

805

爬 p'ā: to climb; to
crawl; to
scrape; to
scratch; to
rake.

爬上 p'ā sheŭng: to
climb up.

爬行 p'ā hāng: to creep;
to crawl.

爬

爬

爬

807

拜 paai: to worship;
to honor; to
make obeisan-
ce.

拜神 paai shān: to wor-
ship gods; be
a pagan.

拜年 paai nīn: to pay
New Year's
call.

拜託 paai-t'òk: to re-
quest; to
beg.

拜

拜

拜

809

派 p'aai: branch; sect;
tribe; to dis-
tribute; to
depute; to send.
黨派 tóng-p'aai: clique;
faction.

左派 tsóh p'aai: the
"Leftist"

分派 fan-p'aai: to dis-
tribute.

派

派

派

806

擺 paai: to display;
to arrange; to
vibrate.

擺開 paai hoi: to spre-
ad out; to
display.

擺布 paai-pò: to direct;
to show.

擺

擺

擺

808

敗 paai: defeated;
destroyed; ruin-
ed.

腐敗 foô-paai: corrupt-
ion.

失敗 shat-paai: defeated;
ruined; failure.

敗

敗

敗

810

排 p'aai: a rank; a
set; to arran-
ge; to exclude.

排列 p'aai-lit: to ar-
range; to set
in array.

排斥 p'aai-ch'ik: to ex-
pel; to exclude.

排

排

排

811

牌 p'aai: sign; notice; tablet; card.

紙牌 chí-p'aai: playing card.

牌照 p'aai-chiù: certificate; license.

813

伯 paàk: father's elder brother; husband's elder brother; chief.

伯父 paàk-foó: a paternal uncle (senior to father).

伯母 paàk-mó: an aunt (wife of preceding).

815

班 paan: rank; class; company.

一班人 yat paan yān: a class of or set of persons.

同班 t'ūng paan: of the same class; classmate.

牌

伯

班

牌

伯

班

812

百 paàk: a hundred; all; many; every.

百姓 paàk-sing: hundred family names; all the people.

百分法 paàk-fān-faàt: percentage.

814

白 paàk: white; clear; clean; plain; gratuitously.

白字 paàk-tsí: character used wrongly for other of same sound.

白色 paàk shik: white color.

816

板 paán: board; printing block; page of book; stiff.

黑板 hak-paán: black-board.

百

白

板

百

白

板

佰

百

白

版

板

817

辦 paân: to do; to manage; to perform.

辦事 paân-sî: to transact business.

辦法 paân-faät: method of action.

辦事處 paân-sî-ch'ue: an office.

查辦 ch'ä-paân: to investigate and take.

辦

办

包

辦

办

819

包 paau: to enclose; to wrap up; to include; a bundle.

包工 paau-kung: to contract for work.

包圍 paau-wai: to surround (as by soldiers).

821

跑 p'aaü: to gallop; to run; to race.

跑馬 p'aaü mã: to gallop on horse back.

賽跑 ts'oi-p'aaü: to run a race; to compete in a field race.

跑

包

包

跑

跑

818

八 paät: the numeral eight..

八字 paät-tsî: horoscope.

八成 paät-shing: eighty percent.

八

八

捌

八

820

飽 paäu: to eat plenty; filled; full; satisfied.

食飽 shik paäu: to eat one's fill; satisfied.

肚飽 t'ü paäu: a full stomach; feeling of fullness.

飽

飽

822

炮 p'aaü: sound of firing a gun; cannon; blast; firework; to roast or bake.

大炮 taai-p'aaü: a cannon.

炮手 p'aaü-shau: a gunner.

炮兵 p'aaü-ping: artillery personnel.

炮

炮

炮 砲 礮 炮

823

閉 p'ai: to close; to shut up; to stop.

閉塞 p'ai-sak: obstructed; stopped up; hidebound.

倒閉 tó-pai: to become bankrupt; to close.

825

批 p'ai: to criticize; by wholesale; to lease; to plaster; to peel.

批發 p'ai-faì: to sell goods by wholesale.

大批 taai p'ai: a large consignment.

批准 p'ai-chún: to sanction; to ratify; to approve.

827

品 pán: rank; class; kind; character; conduct.

紀念品 kei-nim pán: article of remembrance.

品行 pán-háng: conduct; behavior.

閉

閉

閉

批

批

批

品

品

品

824

幣 p'ai: money; coin.

幣制 p'ai-chai: monetary system; currency.

826

北 pak: north; to flee.

北京 pak-king: Peking.

北平 pak-p'ing: Peking.

敗北 p'ai-pak: defeated; routed.

828

貧 p'ān: poor; impoverished.

貧窮 p'ān-k'ung: indigent; poor.

貧乏 p'ān-fat: destitute.

幣

幣

幣

北

北

北

貧

貧

貧

829

朋 p'ang: friend; associate.

朋友 p'ang-yaũ: friend.

患難朋友 waân-naân p'ang-yaũ: a friend in need.

831

不 pat: negative; no; not; do not; is not.

不料 pat-liũ: unexpected-ly; unexpected.

不必 pat-pit: need not.

不久 pat-kaũ: soon; before long.

833

畢 pat: the final; end; complete.

完畢 uân-pat: over; ended.

畢竟 pat-kíng: after all; finally.

朋

朋

朋

不

不

不

畢

畢

畢

830

憑 p'ang: proof; to lean on; trust in.

憑據 p'ang-kuĩ: proof; evidence.

文憑 mán-p'ang: diploma; certificate.

832

筆 pat: a pencil; pen.

毛筆 mō-pat: Chinese brush pen.

鉛筆 uân-pat: lead pencil.

主筆 chuē-pat: editor.

834

拔 pāt: to pull up; to uproot; to elevate.

拔除 pāt ch'u7: to root up; to eradicate.

提拔 t'ái-pāt: to promote; to elevate.

憑

憑

憑

憑

筆

筆

筆

筆

拔

拔

拔

835

匹 p'at: a bolt or
piece of cloth;
a (for horse);
a mate.

一匹布 yat p'at pò: a
bolt of cloth.

一匹馬 yat p'at mǎ: a
horse.

837

比 pei: to compare
with.

比較 pei-kau: to com-
pare with; to
classify.

比賽 pei-ts'oi: to com-
ete; a match.

839

備 pei: to prepare for
use; to complete;
to provide a-
gainst.

預備 uê-peî: to prepare.

準備 chún-peî: to make
ready.

匹

比

備

匹

比

備

匹

匹

比

備

備

836

悲 pei: to grieve; to
sympathize with.

悲哀 pei-oi: grief-stric-
ken; sad.

悲觀 pei koon: pessimis-
tic.

838:

被 pei, p'ei: to be
object of; given
to be; sign of
passive; bedding;
coverlet; quilt.

被告 pei hò: defendant.

被害 pei hoí: be injur-
ed.

被單 p'ei-taan: a single
covering; sheet.

840

避 pei: to flee from;
avoid; to es-
cape.

避難 pei naân: to escape
danger; to a-
void calamity.

避暑 pei shué: to es-
cape the summer
heat.

悲

被

避

悲

被

避

悲

被

避

841

鼻 peī: the nose.
 鼻涕 peī-t'ai: nasal
 mucous.
 鼻祖 peī tsó: founder
 of a family;
 first ancestor.

843

疲 p'ei: lassitude;
 fatigue.
 神疲 shān p'ei: exhaust-
 ed; without
 energy.
 疲倦 p'ei-kuēn: weary;
 tired.

845

病 pēng: sickness;
 distress; vice;
 defect.
 病人 pēng-yān: a sick
 person; patient.
 急病 kap pēng: a sud-
 den attack of
 sickness.

鼻

鼻

疲

疲

病

病

842

皮 p'ei: skin; leather;
 fur.
 皮鞋 p'ei-haī: leather
 shoe.
 皮箱 p'ei seung: lea-
 ther trunk.

844

餅 péng: cake; pastry.
 餅食 péng shí: pastry;
 cake.
 餅乾 péng-kon: cracker;
 biscuit.

846

平 p'ing: even; level;
 tranquil; or-
 dinary.
 平等 p'ing-táng: equal
 rank; equality.
 平均 p'ing-kuan: to e-
 qualize; to a-
 verage.
 平日 p'ing-yāt: general-
 ly; daily.

皮

皮

餅

餅

平

平

847

瓶 p'ing: pitcher;
jar; jug; vase.

花瓶 fa-p'ing: a vase.

酒瓶 tsau p'ing: wine
jar.

849

迫 pik, paak: to press;
to press upon;
to harass.

迫逼 pik-paak: to com-
pel; to force.

851

邊 pin: side; bank;
edge; which?;
boundary.

亭邊 p'ōng-pin: at the
side.

邊防 pin-fōng: frontier
defense.

瓶

迫

邊

边

瓶

迫

邊

瓶

迫

迫

边

848

逼 pik: to crowd; to
press upon; to
urge; to oppress;
to force.

壓逼 aat-pik: to oppress;
to browbeat.

強逼 k'eūng-pik
kaau yūk: com-
pulsory edu-
cation.

850

壁 pik: a wall.

牆壁 ts'eūng-pik: a wall.

852

變 pin: to change, to
alter; to trans-
form.

變成 pin shing: to beco-
me; to change
into.

變化 pin-fà: transfor-
mation.

逼

壁

變

变

逼

壁

變

偏

逼

壁

变

853

便 p'in: convenient;
handy; a side.不便 pat p'in: inconven-
ient; unhandy.便利 p'in-lef: service-
able: convenient.

855

偏 p'in: lean toward;
partiality; bias.偏心 p'in-sam: partial;
prejudiced.偏見 p'in-kín: prejudice;
partiality.

857

編 p'in: gather; com-
pose.編輯 p'in-ts'ap: to
edit; to com-
pile.

便

便

便

偏

偏

偏

編

編

編

854

辯 p'in: to distinguish
between; to dis-
cuss; debate; to
argue.辯論 p'in-lún: to discuss;
to debate.爭辯 chaang-p'in: to quar-
rel; to altercation.

856

篇 p'in: chapter; book;
leaf of a book.長篇大論 ch'eung p'in
taaí lún: a
long and min-
ute statement.

858

遍 p'in: everywhere;
all; whole; once.遍地 p'in tai: every-
where.一遍 yat-p'in: once;
one time.

辯

辯

辯

篇

篇

篇

遍

遍

遍

859

片 p'in: a slice; strip; piece.

名片 mēng-p'in: a visiting card.

相片 seung-p'in: photo.

861

兵 ping: soldier; military personnel.

步兵 pō-ping: infantry.

憲兵 hsin-ping: gendarme; military police.

派兵 p'ai ping: to despatch soldiers.

救兵 kàu ping: reenforcement.

863

並 ping: two together; united; moreover.

並非 ping fei: be no means.

並且 ping-ch'á: moreover.

片

片

片

兵

兵

兵

並 並

並

并 并 並

860

騙 p'in: to cheat; to swindle; to defraud.

受騙 shau p'in: to be cheated.

騙局 p'in kùk: plan for swindle; swindle set-up.

862

冰 ping: frozen; ice; icy.

冰糖 ping-t'ōng: rock sugar.

冰點 ping-tám: freezing point.

864

併 ping: even; together; to reduce.

併吞 ping-t'an: to absorb; to eat up.

騙

騙

騙

冰

冰

冰

併

併

併

併

865

評 p'ing: to discuss;
to criticize; to
decide.

評論 p'ing-lün: to dis-
cuss; to debate.

評判 p'ing-p'ònn: to
decide.

評判員 p'ing-p'ònn-uën:
referee; judge
of a contest.

評

評
評

867

別 pít: different; o-
ther; separation;
to differentiate;
to part.

分別 fan-pít: to distin-
guish; differ-
ence.

送別 sùng-pít: to see
one off.

別

別
別

869

表 piú: to show forth;
external; cousin
of different
surname.

表示 piú-shí: to show
forth; mani-
fest.

表現 piú-in: to manifest;
to show forth.

表情 piú-ts'ing: ex-
pression of emo-
tion.

表

表
表

866

必 pít: certainly;
must.

必定 pít-tâng: certainly;
must.

必須 pít-sui: must; ab-
solutely neces-
sary.

必

必
必

868

標 piu: a notice;
mark; to signal;
to show forth.

商標 sheung-piu: trade
mark.

標準 piu-chün: a stan-
dard.

標

標
標

870

票 p'üü, piu: a tic-
ket (for lottery,
theatre); a do-
cument.

開票 hoi piu: to make
a drawing.

戲票 hei piü: theatre
ticket.

票

票
票

871

保 pò: to preserve; to keep; to secure; to bond.

擔保 taam-pò: to guarantee.

保險 pò-hím: to insure against; to take risk.

保證人 pò-ching-yān: a voucher; guarantor.

保

保

保

873

寶 pò: jewel; precious.

寶貴 pò-kwaì: valuable.

寶號 pò-hô: your valued firm, or store.

寶

寶

寶

875

報 pò: a reply; report; to announce; to recompense; a letter; gazette; newspaper.

報仇 pò-sh'āu: to take revenge.

報告 pò-kò: to report; to inform; an announcement.

呈報 ch'ing-pò: to report; to submit a statement.

報

報

報

872

補 pò: to mend; to patch; to fill up; to supplement.

補身 pò shan: nourishing; invigorating.

補助 pò-chōn: to help; to assist.

補

補

補

874

布 pò: cloth (linen, cotton, plain silk).

檯布 t'oi' pò: table-cloth.

餐布 ts'aan pò: napkin.

布

布

布

876

佈 pò: to spread; to extend; to diffuse.

散佈 saàn-pò: to scatter; diffuse.

公佈 kung-pò: to make public.

佈置 pò-chì: to arrange in order.

佈

佈

佈

877

步 pō: to walk; to step; a step.

步行 pō-hāng: to go on foot.

散步 saàn-pō: to take a walk; to stroll.

879

簿 pō: an account book; a register.

簿記 pō-kei: bookkeeping.

日記 yăt-kei pō: a diary.

881

捕 pō: to arrest; to catch.

捕獲 pō-wók: to capture; capture; seizure.

捕拿 pō nā: to arrest; to seize; to catch.

步

步

簿

簿

捕

捕

878

部 pō: a board; committee; class; category.

部下 pō-hā: those under a command.

部隊 pō-tui: army corps.

部份 pō-fân: one part of a group or category.

880

暴 pō: violent; cruel; malicious.

暴動 pō-tung: riot; disturbance.

暴露 pō-lô: exposed; uncovered.

882

普 p'ô: universal; great.

普遍 p'ô-t'ung: general; in common use.

普遍 p'ô-p'în: universal; widespread.

部

部

暴

暴

普

普

883

鋪 p'ò: to spread out;
to arrange.鋪 p'ò: a shop; a store;
to spread out.鋪頭 p'ò t'au: a shop; a
store.鋪面 p'ò-mín: shop
front; shop
floor.

885

波 poh: a wave; ripple.

波浪 poh-lông: wave.

波蘿 poh-lōh: pineapple.

887

播 pòh: to sow; to
scatter.播音 pòh-yam: broad-
casting.傳播 ch'uēn-pòh: to be
spread; to be
disseminated.

鋪

波

播

鋪

波

播

鋪

鋪

波

播

884

抱 p'ò: to embrace;
to carry in arms;
to cherish.

抱病 p'ò pēng: to be ill.

抱歉 p'ò-híp: I regret;
I am sorry.

886

坡 poh: slope of a
hill; embankment.山坡 shaan-poh: side of
a hill.斜坡 ts'ě poh: steep
slope.

888

破 p'òh: to break;
to break thro-
ugh; to destroy;
to discern.破壞 p'òh-waaf: to des-
troy; to smash.破費 p'òh-fai: lavish;
waste.破產 p'òh-ch'án: ba-
nkruptcy.

抱

坡

破

抱

坡

破

抱

坡

破

889

婆 p'ōh: old woman;
mother; dame.

老婆 lō-p'ōh: wife.

公婆 kung p'ōh: husband
and wife.

891

幫 pong: to help; to
assist; to aid;
a class; fleet;
heap; pile.

幫助 pong-chōh: to as-
sist.

幫忙 pong-mōng: to give
assistance.

893

背 pool: the back;
spine; to re-
pudiate.

背後 pool-hāu: behind
the back.

背命 pool mâng: dis-
obey order.

婆

波女

婆

幫

封幫

幫

幫

幫

背

背

背

890

撲 p'òk: to strike
down; to rush
against.

撲滅 p'òk-mít: to extin-
guish.

892

旁 p'ōng: at the side;
near.

旁人 p'ōng-yān: bystan-
der; looker-on.

旁邊 p'ōng-pín: at the
side; the side.

894

輩 pool: a class;
sort; genera-
tion.

尊輩 tsuen-pool: your
senior.

同輩 t'ūng-pool: com-
rade; the same
generation.

撲

撲

撲

旁

旁

旁

輩

非車

輩

輩

895

配 p'ooi: to pair; to mate; a mate.

配合 p'ooi-hôp: to match; to pair; to fit.

配偶 p'ooi-ngau: a married couple.

897

搬 poon: to move; to remove; to transport.

搬屋 poon uk: to change one's residence.

搬運 poon-wân: to transport elsewhere.

899

本 poón: the source; origin; native; capital.

本來 poón-loí: originally; actually.

本心 poón-sam: conscience.

本錢 poón-ts'in: capital.

配

搬

本

配

搬

本

配

搬

搬

本

896

倍 p'ooi: times; fold; to increase.

加倍 ka-p'ooi: add as much again.

十倍 shâp p'ooi: ten-fold.

898

般 poon: a sort; kind; manner; way.

一般 yat-poon: alike; same as; in general.

900

半 poón: a half.

半夜 poón-yê: midnight.

大半 taai-poón: more than half; majority.

半路 poón-lô: halfway.

半價 poón kâ: half price.

倍

般

半

倍

般

半

倍

般

半

901

判 p'oòn: to judge;
to decide.判決 p'oòn-k'uet: a
decision; decree;
determination.判斷 p'oòn-tuên: to give
judgment; to
be of opinion.

903

盆 p'oôn: a bowl; ba-
sin; tub.面盆 mîn-p'oôn: a wash
basin.洗身盆 sai-shan-p'oôn:
bath tub.

905

碰 p'ùng: to collide;
meet unexpected-
ly; knock; bump.碰着 p'ùng cheuk: to
meet; to run
across.碰機會 p'ùng kei-oi:
look for op-
portunity.

判

判

判

盆

盆

盆

碰

碰

碰

碰

902

盤 p'oôn: a tray;
vessel; to wind;
to examine.收盤 shau p'oôn: to wind
up the business.地盤 tei-p'oôn: terri-
tory; military
position.

904

胖 poôn: fat.

胖子 poôn-tsí: fat fell-
ow. (Mandarin)

906

三 saam: the numeral
three.三角形 saam-kòk-yíng: tri-
angle.三角 saam-kòk: thirty
cents; tri-
angle.

盤

盤

盤

胖

胖

胖

三

三

叁

三

907

散 saàn: to disperse;
to dissolve; mis-
cellaneous; me-
dicine powder.

散工 saàn kung: odd job;
day laborer.

分散 fan-saàn: dissi-
pated; scattered.

散會 saàn ooi: to ad-
journ a meet-
ing.

散

散

散

909

洗 sai: to wash; to
cleanse.

洗乾淨 sai kon-tsêng:
to wash clean.

洗禮 sai-lai: baptism.

洗

洗

洗

911

塞 sak, ts'oi: to
block up; to
stop up; to ob-
struct.

塞滿 sak moón: to stu-
ff full.

塞責 sak chaák: to ev-
ade responsibi-
lity.

要塞 iù-ts'oi: a stra-
tegic fortress.

塞

塞

塞

908

西 sai: west; occi-
dental; foreign.

西裝 sai-chong: western
dress or style.

西藏 sai-tsông: Tibet.

西

西

西

910

細 sai: small; fine;
delicate.

細聲 sai sheng: in a
whisper.

細心 sai-sam: heedful;
careful.

細

細

細

912

心 san: the heart;
center; mind;
affection.

小心 siu-sam: care-
ful.

灰心 fooi-sam: dis-
heartened.

心

心

心

913

新 san: new; fresh;
recently.
新聞 san-mān⁴: news.
新年 san-nīn: New Year.
新式 san-shik: new style;
new type.

915

修 sau: to repair; to
improve; to a-
dorn; to cultiv-
ate.
修整 sau-ching: to repair;
to put in order.
修身 sau shan: to culti-
vate virtuous
conduct.

917

秀 sau: plentiful;
luxuriant; ac-
complished.
秀才 sau-ts'oi: lowest
bachelor degree.
清秀 ts'ing-sau: gen-
teel; well-bred.

新

修

秀

914

辛 san: bitter; hard;
toilsome.
辛苦 san-foó: trouble-
some; difficult.
艱辛 kaan-san: difficul-
ty; hardship.

916

羞 sau, ch'au: to put
to shame; to
feel ashamed.
羞耻 sau-ch'í: shame.
羞辱 sau-yúk: to insult;
to put to shame.

918

些 se: a few; little;
some.
些少 se-siú: a little.
快些 faai se: be a lit-
tle quicker.

辛

羞

些

919

寫 sé: to write; to sketch.

寫字 sé tsz: to write.

大寫 taai-sé: senior clerk.

寫書 sé shue: to write a book.

921

錫 sèk: tin; pewter; to solder; to bestow.

錫器 sèk hei: pewter.

錫包 sèk pau: to tin.

923

削 seuk: to cut; to cut off; to scrape.

刮削 kwaat-seuk: to scrape.

削平 seuk p'êng: to raze to the ground.

寫

寫字

錫

錫器

削

削平

920

四 sei: the numeral four.

四方 sei-fong: everywhere; square.

四圍 sei-wai: every direction; four points of compass.

922

醒 séng, s'ing: to awake; to rouse up.

叫醒 kiú séng: to wake.

提醒 t'ái-séng: to remind; to counsel.

924

箱 seung: a box; a chest; case.

木箱 mûk seung: wooden box.

皮箱 p'ei seung: leather trunk.

四

四

肆

醒

醒

𠂇

惺

箱

箱

箱

925

霜

seung: hoar frost;
frostlike; sub-
limate.

落霜 lôk seung: frosty.

霜

霜

霜

926

想

séung: to think;
to reflect; to
hope; to desire;
to expect.理想 lei-seung: con-
sidered according
to reason; i-
deal.推想 t'ui-seung: to
suppose; to
assume.

想

想

想

927

相

seung: together;
mutual; reci-
procal.相反 seung-faán: con-
trary; opposed
to.相識 seung-shik: to be
acquainted with.相當 seung-tóng: cor-
responding to;
proper.

相片 seung-p'ín: photo.

相

相

相

929

紗

sha: gauze; crape;
sarcenet; yarn.

紗窗

sha ch'eung: gau-
ze window.

竹紗

chuk-sha: mercer-
ized cotton
cloth.

紗

紗

紗

928

沙

sha: sand.

沙漠

sha-mòk: desert.

沙灘

sha-t'aan: sha-
llows; beach.

沙塵

sha-ch'án: sau-
cy; imperti-
nent.

沙

沙

沙

930

耍

shá: to sport;
to play.

玩耍

wǎn-shá: to play.

遊耍

yāu shá: to stroll.

耍

耍

耍

931

灑 shá: to sprinkle
(liquid); scatter;
to spill.

灑花 shá fa: watering
pot.

灑水 shá shuí: to sprin-
kle water.

933

山 shaan: mountain;
hill.

山頂 shaan téng: top of
a mountain.

山嶺 shaan-ling: hill;
mountain.

山脈 shaan-mák: moun-
tain range.

935

牲 shaang: animal;
sacrificial vic-
tim.

牲口 shaang-háu: cat-
tle; draught ani-
mal.

灑

洒

山

牲

灑

灑

山

山

牲

牲

932

曬 shaai: to expose
to the sun; to
sunbathe.

曬乾 shaai kon: to dry
in the sun.

生曬 shaang shaai: to
dry in fresh.

934

生 shaang, shang: to
give birth;
to beget; to
produce; life;
living; raw.

生日 shaang-yát: birth-
day.

一生 yat-shaang: all one's
life.

生意 shaang-í: business;
occupation.

936

省 shaáng: a provin-
ce; frugal; sav-
ing.

減省 kám-shaang: to
reduce; to di-
minish.

省事 shaáng sî: to av-
oid trouble.

曬

晒

生

省

曬

曬

生

生

省

省

937

殺 shaät: to kill; to slay.

殺人 shaät yān: to kill a person.

自殺 tsê shaät: suicide.

謀殺 māu shaät: to plot murder.

939

世 shai: the world; a generation; age.

世界 shai-kaai: the world; life; livelihood.

出世 ch'ut-shai: to be born.

941

深 sham: deep; intense; abstruse; vary.

深夜 sham yé: late at night.

深交 sham kaau: intimate friendship.

深信 sham sùn: to believe firmly.

殺

殺

殺

世

世

世

立

深

深

深

938

稍 shaau: a little; to sprout slowly.

稍可 shaau ho: fairly good.

稍知 shaau chi: to have some knowledge of.

940

勢 shai: power; authority; force; aspect; circumstances.

勢力 shai-lik: strength; influence.

地勢 tei-shai: configuration of the land.

942

森 sham: dense; forest-like.

森林 sham-lām: forest.

稍

稍

稍

勢

勢

勢

勢

勢

木

森

森

943

甚 shâm: deeply; very.

甚少 shâm siú: very few;
very seldom.

甚好 shâm hó: very good.

945

伸 shan: to stretch
out or forth; ex-
tend.伸直 shan chik: to strai-
ghten out.伸縮 shan-shuk: to ex-
pand and con-
tract.

947

晨 shân: morning;
dawn.早晨 tsó-shân: good
morning.晨早 shân-tsó: at day
break.

甚

甚

伸

伸

晨

晨

944

身 shan: the body;
self; trunk;
hull.身體 shan-fai: the body;
bodily frame;
physique.終身 chung shan: all one's
life.

946

神 shân: spirit; dei-
ty; divine; the
spirit; energy.

神父 shân-fô: priest.

神經 shân-king: the ner-
ve; crazy.

948

濕 shap: moist; wet;
damp.

濕度 shap tô: humidity.

風濕 fung-shap: rheuma-
tism.

濕地 shap tel: a marsh.

身

身

神

神

濕

濕

溼

濕

949

十 shâp: the numeral ten.

十分 shâp-fan: ten parts; perfectly; very.

十足 shâp-tsuk: complete; entire.

951

拾 shâp: to gather; to collect.

執拾 chap-shâp: to gather up; to put in order.

收拾 shau-shâp: to put in order; to injure; to "pay out".

953

室 shat: dwelling; inner room; wife.

應接室 ying-tsip-shat: reception room.

閱報室 uet-pò-shat: reading room.

十

十

拾

十

拾

拾

拾

室

室

室

950

什 shâp: sundry; miscellaneous.

什物 shâp-mât: sundries; miscellaneous articles.

952

失 shat: to lose; to err; a fault.

失火 shat-fôh: accidental fire.

失業 shat-îp: to lose one's employment.

失望 shat-mông: hopelessness; despair.

954

實 shât: true; sure; certainly; solid; fruit.

實價 shât-kâ: fixed price; real price.

實行 shât-hâng: to put into practice; to take effect.

什

什

什

失

失

失

實

實

實

寔

955

收 shau: to receive;
to gather; to
bring to a close;
to harvest; to
store away.
收到 shau tò: to re-
ceive.

收工 shau kung: to stop
work.

收效 shau haaü: to have
results.

收

收

收

收

956

手 shaú: hand; arm; a
hand.

手指 shaú-chí: the fin-
ger.

手段 shaú-tuên: ability;
skill; scheme.

手鎗 shaú-ts'eung: pis-
tol; revolver.

手

手

手

957

守 shaú: to keep; to
guard; to ob-
serve.

保守 pó-shaú: to retain;
to keep; to hold.

守秘密 shaú pei-mât:
to keep a
secret.

守

守

守

959

獸 shaù: animal; beast.

獸類 shaù luí: animals;
animal in general.

獸

獸

獸

958

首 shaú: to head; be-
ginning; chief.

首先 shaú-sin: the fir-
st; most import-
ant.

首領 shaú-líng: a leader.

首

首

首

960

愁 shaū: anxiety;
grief.

愁悶 shaū-moôn: grieved;
melancholy.

愁容 shaū yūng: mournful;
downcast coun-
tenance.

愁

愁

愁

shaũ

961 - 966

shēng

961

受 shaũ: to receive;
to sustain; to
endure.

受苦 shaũ fō: to suffer;
to endure hard-
ship.

受罰 shaũ fāt: to be
punished.

受賞 shaũ sheung: to be
rewarded.

963

社 shě: tutelary deity;
village; society.

社會 shě-ooi: society;
community.

kung-see-leeai
deity.

965

石 shêk: stone; rock;
firm; a weight;
measure.

石頭 shêk-t'au: stone;
boulder.

石油 shêk-yaũ: petro-
leum.

受

社

石

受

受

社

社

石

石

962

蛇 shē: a serpent; a
snake.

毒蛇 tūk shē: poisonous
snake.

964

射 shē: to shoot out;
to discharge; to
radiate.

射箭 shē tsin: to shoot
an arrow.

射中 shē chung: to hit
the mark.

966

城 shēng, shīng: a city;
rampart; inside
the walls.

城樓 shēng lau: city gate
tower.

城市 shēng-shī: a city.

蛇

射

城

蛇

蛇

射

射

城

城

967

傷 sheung: to injure;
to wound; to be
distressed; a
wound.

打傷 tá sheung: to wound.

傷風 sheung-fung: to
catch a cold.

969

商 sheung: to deliber-
ate; to consult;
a merchant.

商量 sheung-leung: to
deliberate; to
consult.

商會 sheung-ooi: cham-
ber of commerce.

971

常 sheung: constant;
permanent; al-
ways.

時常 shī-sheung: always;
often.

照常 chiù-sheung: as
usual.

傷

傷

商

商

常

常

968

雙 sheung: a pair;
couple; two.

雙手 sheung shau: both
hands.

雙親 sheung ts'an: one's
parents.

970

賞 sheung: to reward;
to bestow; to
confer upon.

打賞 tá-sheung: to re-
ward; tip.

賞罰 sheung fát: reward
and punishment.

972

上 sheung: to rise; to
ascend; to go
up.

上船 sheung-shuēn: to
go aboard a
boat.

上課 sheung-fòh: to
conduct a class;
to go to a
class.

上等 sheung táng: super-
ior quality.

雙

雙

双

賞

賞

上

上

973

尚 sheung: still; besides; superior; to esteem; to desire.

高尚 ko-sheung: noble; liberal; high-minded.

975

詩 shi: song; poem; ode.

詩經 shi-king: the book of odes.

作詩 tsòk shi: to compose a poem.

977

時 shǐ: time; season.

時候 shǐ-hau: time; a time.

當時 tong-shǐ: then; at that time.

尚

詩

時

时

尚

尚

詩

诗

時

时

974

施 shi: to grant; to bestow aid; to confer on.

施舍 shi-shé: to give alms.

施行 shi-hāng: to carry out; to enforce.

976

試 shǐ: to try; to test; to verify.

試驗 shǐ-fm: to try; to test.

筆試 pat shǐ: written examination.

978

市 shǐ: a market; fair.

市面 shǐ-mfn: market condition.

市場 shǐ-ch'eung: the market.

施

試

市

施

施

試

试

市

市

979

是 shī: yes; positive; certain; right; such; this; that; mandarin verb "to be".

是非 shī-fei: right and wrong; scandal.

但是 tān-shī: as you wish.

981

色 shik: color; appearance; beauty; lustful pleasure.

深色 shām shik: deep color; high colored.

起色 hēi-shik: improvement; prosperity.

983

式 shik: form; pattern; type.

合式 hōp shik: up to the mark; suitable.

正式 ching-shik: formal; official.

是

色

式

980

示 shī: to make known; an edict.

訓示 fàn-shī: to instruct; an order.

示威運動 shī-wai wān-tung: public demonstration.

982

識 shik: to know; to understand; to be acquainted with.

知識 chī-shik: intelligence; knowledge.

熟識 shūk-shik: intimate.

984

適 shik: to reach to; just then; to happen; to suit.

適當 shik-tōng: suitable; appropriate.

合適 hōp-shik: to meet; to suit.

示

識

適

985

- 食 shik: to eat.
 好食 hó shik: delicious.
 食言 shik ín: to break
 one's word.
 絕食 tsuét shik: hun-
 ger strike; to
 fast.

987

- 扇 shín: a fan; leaf
 of door.
 紙扇 chí shín: paper fan.
 風扇 fúng shín: punkah.
 電風扇 ^{fung} tín shín: electric
 fan.

989

- 聲 shing; sheng:
 sound; tone;
 noise; reputation;
 rumor.
 聲音 shing-yam: sound;
 noise.
 聲明 shing-mēng: to in-
 form; to make
 known.

食

食

扇

扇

聲

聲

986

- 閃 shím: to flash; to
 dodge.
 閃電 shím tín: flash of
 lightning.
 閃避 shím-peí: to avoid;
 to dodge.

988

- 善 shín: good; right-
 eous; clever;
 skilled.
 善事 shín sê: virtuous
 deed.
 善法 shín faát: good plan;
 clever scheme.

990

- 升 shing: to rise; to
 ascend; a pint;
 carrying pole.
 升高 shing-ko: to ascend.
 升任 shing yâm: promo-
 tion.

閃

閃

善

善

升

升

991

勝 shing: to conquer;
to overcome; to
excel.

不勝言

pat shing in:
beyond des-
cription.

不勝任

pat shing yam:
not qualified
for the post.

993

繩 shing: a string;
line; cord.

繩索 shing-sòk: rope;
cordage; rig-
ging.

繩仔 shing tsai: a small
string; cord.

995

承 shing: to bear; to
hold; to receive;
to undertake; to
acknowledge; to
promise.

承繼 shing-kai: to adopt
an heir to con-
tinue.

承認 shing-ying: to ac-
knowledge; to
confess; to
grant recognition.

勝

繩

繩 承

勝

繩

承

勝

繩

承

992

成 shing, sheng: to
finish; perfect;
complete.

成功 shing-kung: suc-
cessful; achie-
vement.

成立 shing-laap: to es-
tablish; suc-
cess in life.

994

誠 shing: sincere; fai-
thful.

誠實 shing-shat: sincere;
guiltless; hon-
est.

誠意 shing-i: sincerity.

996

乘 shing: to avail of;
to ride; to as-
cend.

乘機會 shing kei-oof:
to take advan-
tage of an oppor-
tunity.

乘涼 shing leung: to en-
joy the cool
air.

成

誠

乘

成

誠

乘

成

誠

乘

997

剩 shing, tsing: to remain over; left-over; surplus.

剩下 shing-há: to remain over.

有剩 yaú shing: there is remainder.

999

涉 ship: to concern; to wade.

干涉 kon-ship: to involve; to interfere; to implicate.

交涉 ksu-ship: to negotiate with.

1001

燒 shiu: to burn; to roast; feverish.

燒火 shiu fôh: to light a fire.

燒酒 shiu-tsau: distilled spirit.

剩

剩

剩

涉

涉

涉

燒

燒

燒

998

盛 shing: to hold; to contain.

盛滿 shing moón: filled with.

1000

舌 shít: tongue; clapper.

舌戰 shít chin: to dispute; to argue; to debate.

1002

少 shiú, shiù: young; immature; few; seldom; deficient.

多少 toh-shiú: several; some.

太少 t'aai shiú: too few.

少年 shiù-nín yān: a young man.

少時 shiù shí: in boyhood.

盛

盛

盛

舌

舌

舌

少

少

少

1003

紹 shiū: to intro-
duce; to con-
nect.

介紹 kaal-shiū: to in-
troduce; to
recommend.

1005

梳 shoh: a comb; to
comb; to dress
hair.

梳頭 shoh t'aū: to comb
the hair.

1007

爽 shóng: cheerful;
lively; crisp;
to dry; to fail.

爽快 shóng-faai: refres-
hing; agreeable.

爽口 shóng-hau: plea-
sant to the ta-
ste; dainty.

紹

梳

爽

紹

紹

梳

梳

爽

爽

1004

數 shò, shó: to count;
to calculate; a
number; amount.

數錢 shó ts'in: to
count money.

數目 shò-múk: an ac-
count.

數次 shò ts'ì: several
times.

1006

所 shóh: a place;
building; that;
that which;
where; what.

公所 kung-shóh: meet-
ing place; guild-
d; public of-
fice.

事務所 sî-mó shóh: office;
business place.

所以 shóh-í: therefore.

1008

書 shue: book; letter;
writing; docu-
ment.

書籍 shue-tsík: book.

圖書館 t'ō-shue-koón:
a library.

數

數

所

書

數

數

所

所

書

書

shue

1009 - 1014

shuēt

1009

輸 shue: to lose; to be beaten; (game); sport.

賭輸 tó shue: to lose at gambling.

輸入 shue-yáp: to import.

1011

暑 shué: summer heat; hot.

暑假 shué-ká: summer vacation.

避暑 pei shué: to escape the heat.

1013

船 shuēn: a boat; ship; a junk.

輪船 lūn-shuēn: power driven boat.

帆船 faān-shuēn: sailing boat.

船廠 shuēn ch'óng: a shipyard.

船票 shuēn p'ü: boat ticket.

輸

輸

輸

暑

暑

暑

船

船

船

船

1010

鼠 shué: rat; mouse; squirrel.

老鼠 lǎ-shué: rat.

鼠疫 shué-yík: bubonic plague.

1012

樹 shué: tree; plant; to plant.

樹木 shué-múk: trees.

樹林 shué-līm: forest; grove.

1014

說 shuēt: to speak; to talk; to discourse.

演說 ín-shuēt: to give a speech.

解說 kaai shuēt: to explain; to comment.

鼠

鼠

樹

樹

樹

樹

說

說

說

1015

水 shuí: water.
 順水 shún shuí: favor-
 able tide or
 current; fol-
 lowing the cur-
 rent.
 水手 shuí-shaú: sailor.

1017

誰 shuí: who; whom;
 what; anyone;
 a "one"
 誰不知 shuí-pat-chi:
 who does not
 know?
 誰敢 shuí kóm: who
 dares?

1019

縮 shuk: to draw back;
 to contract; to
 shrink.
 縮短 shuk tuén: to shr-
 ink; shorter.
 退縮 t'ui shuk: to re-
 treat; to draw
 back.

水

誰

縮

水

水

誰

誰

縮

縮

1016

稅 shuí: tax; duty;
 revenue.
 稅關 shuí-kwaan: customs
 house.
 所得稅 shóh-tak shuí:
 income tax.

1018

睡 shuí: to sleep;
 to lounge.
 睡覺 shuí kaad: to s-
 leep.
 睡衣 shuí-i: sleeping
 clothes.

1020

叔 shuk: father's
 younger brother;
 uncle.
 叔父 shuk-fó: an uncle.
 叔伯兄弟 shuk-pák
 hing-tai:
 cousins of
 the same sur-
 name.

稅

睡

叔

稅

稅

睡

睡

叔

叔

1021

熟 shūk: ripe; cooked; prepared; skilled; familiar.

熟手 shūk-shaú: skilled in; experienced.

熟識 shūk-shik: well acquainted with.

1023

純 shūn: sincere; pure; unmixed; uniform.

純熟 shūn-shūk: tame.

純正 shūn-ching: up-right.

1025

術 shūt: a trick; device; jugglery.

戰術 chhín-shūt: military strategy.

學術 hók-shūt: learning.

熟

熟

純

純

術

術

1022

屬 shūk: belonging to; connected with; related.

屬國 shūk kuók: dependent state.

屬地 shūk-tai: colony; dependency.

親屬 ts'an-shūk: relative.

1024

順 shūn: convenient; obedient; in sympathy with; to follow.

順從 shūn-ts'ung: to comply with; to yield to; to obey.

順風 shūn-fung: a favorable wind.

順利 shūn-lei: prosperous; flourishing.

1026

息 sik: to rest; quiet; interest on money; production.

休息 yau-sik: to rest.

入息 yáp-sik: income.

屬

屬

屬

順

順

順

息

息

息

1027

惜 sik: to pity; to
feel for; to
grudge.
可惜 hoh-sik: pitiable;
regrettable.
痛惜 t'ung-sik: to love
intensively.

1029

仙 sin: fairy; genius.
神仙 shān-sin: fairy;
spirit.
仙遊 sin yaū: to ramble
with the s-
pirits; to
die.

1031

線 sin: a thread; wire;
clue; line.
電線 t'ín-sin: telegraph
wire.
路線 ló-sin: route.
防禦線 fōng-úe sin:
line of defen-
se.

惜

仙

線

惜

惜

仙

仙

線

線

線

1028

先 sin: first; be-
fore; ahead.
先生 sin-shaang: sir;
Mr.; teacher.
先後 sin-haū: first
and last; at
various times.

1030

鮮 sin: fresh; new;
newly slaughter-
ed.
鮮明 sin-mēng: brand new.
鮮魚 sin uē: fresh fish.

1032

星 sing: a star; plan-
et; point of
light.
星期 sing-k'eī: Sunday.
行星 hāng sing: planet.

先

鮮

星

先

先

鮮

鮮

星

星

1033

女生 sǐng: a clan; sur-
name.

貴姓名 kwài sǐng-mēng:
what is your
name?

姓名 sǐng-mēng: full
name.

1035

消 siu: to scatter;
to disperse;
to diminish.

消化 siu-fà: to digest.

取消 ts'ui-siu: to can-
cel; to annul.

消費 siu-fai: to con-
sume; con-
sumption.

1037

笑 siù: to laugh; to
smile; to laugh
at.

笑話 siù wā: joking.

笑容 siù yūng: smiling
face.

姓

女 生

性

消

消

消

笑

笑

笑

1034

性 sǐng: nature; dis-
position.

性情 sǐng-ts'ing: na-
tural disposi-
tion.

性命 sǐng-mēng: life.

性別 sǐng-p'it: sex;
gender.

1036

小 siú: small; tiny;
petty.

小心 siú-sam: be care-
ful.

小弟 siú-tai: my humble
self.

1038

蘇 so: to revive; ch-
eerful; name
of various
plants.

蘇格蘭 so-kaak-lān:
Scotland.

蘇州 so-chau: Soochow.

性

性

性

小

小

小

蘇

蘇

蘇

1039

嫂 só: elder brother's wife; matron.

大嫂 taai-só: elder brother's wife; madam.

家嫂 ka-só: sister-in-law.

1041

素 sò: commonly; formerly; plain; simple.

樸素 p'òk-sò: simple; unassuming.

素衣 sò i: simple clothing.

1043

鎖 sól: lock; to lock.

鎖住 sól chuê: under lock and key.

鎖匙 sól-shī: a key.

嫂

嫂

嫂

素

素

素

鎖

鎖

鎖

鎖

1040

掃 sò: to sweep; a broom.

掃把 sò-pá: a broom.

掃除 sò-ch'ūē: to clean out; to free from.

1042

訴 sò: to state; to inform; a plaint; plea.

上訴 shéung-sò: to appeal to a higher court.

訴訟 sò-tsung: to file a charge.

1044

索 sòk: to exact; to search; a cord; knot.

索詐 sòk-chà: to extort; to blackmail.

繩索 shing sòk: rope; cord.

掃

掃

掃

掃

訴

訴

訴

索

索

索

1045

桑 song: mulberry tree.

桑果 song tsó: mulberry.

1047

酸 suen: sour; acid; grieved.

酸醋 suen-ts'ò: vinegar.

寒酸 hōn-suen: fallen on hard times.

1049

孫 suen: grandchild; descendant.

孫女 suen-nuī: granddaughter.

外孫 ngoī-suen: daughter's son child.

桑

桑

桑

酸

酸

酸

孫

孫

孫

1046

喪 sòng: mourning; to lament; a funeral.

喪事 sòng sî: funeral affair.

喪禮 sòng lǎi: funeral rites.

喪失 sòng-shat: deprived of.

喪氣 sòng hai: crestfallen; downcast.

喪

喪

喪

喪

1048

宣 suen: to proclaim; to publish.

宣傳 suen-ch'uan: publicity; propaganda.

宣佈 suen-pò: to announce; to promulgate.

宣

宣

宣

1050

選 suén: to choose; to select.

選舉 suén-kuí: to elect; to vote.

選擇 suén-chhak: to choose; to select.

選

選

選

選

1051

損 suén: to wound; to injure; to spoil.

損傷 suén-sheung: to injure; to damage.

損失 suén-shat: loss; damage.

1053

雪 suét: snow; ice; to wipe out.

雪茄 suét-ka: cigar.

雪耻 suét ch'í: to wipe away disgrace.

1055

需 sui: needful; to need; supplies.

需要 sui-iù: the needful; necessary.

必需 pit-sui: necessary; required.

急需 kap sui: to require urgently.

損

損

損

雪

雪

雪

需

需

需

1052

算 suén: to reckon; to calculate; to regard as.

打算 tá-suén: to calculate; to make plans.

算命 suén-méng: to tell fortune.

預算 ué-suén: a budget.

1054

雖 sui: although; even if; supposing.

雖然 sui-lín: although; notwithstanding.

1056

須 sui: ought; necessary.

須要 sui-iù: absolutely necessary.

須知 sui chi: you should know.

算

算

算

算

雖

雖

雖

須

須

須

須

1057

碎 sui: fragment; bit;
petty; to grind.

碎銀 sui ngān: small
change; small
coins.

心碎 sam sui: heartbro-
ken.

碎事 sui sê: trifling
affair.

1059

宿 suk: to lodge; to
stay over night;
old; stale.

寄宿 kai-suk: to lodge.

膳宿 shín suk: board
and lodging.

1061

訊 sùn: to try a case;
to examine.

訊罪 sùn tsui: examine
a criminal.

訊問 sùn-mân: to try;
to investigate;
to inquire in-
to.

碎

碎

宿

宿

訊

訊

1058

歲 sui: year; age;
old.

年歲 nīn-sui: age.

有幾多歲 yǎu kái-toh
sui: how old
are you?

1060

信 sùn: to believe;
faith; sincer-
ity; a letter.

信仰 sùn-yeŋg: to fol-
low; to esteem.

失信 shat-sùn: to lose
confidence.

信用 sùn-yŋg: relia-
ble credit.

信箱 sùn-seung: mail
box.

1062

鬆 sung: loose; slack;
to let go.

放鬆 fòng-sung: to loo-
sen; to ease
off.

鬆身 sung shan: free;
relaxed.

歲

歲

歲

些

信

信

信

鬆

鬆

鬆

1063

送 sùng: to give to;
to escort; to
send.

送禮 sùng lai: to send
present.

送行 sùng hāng: to see
one off.

1065

司 sz: to control; to
preside over;
overseer; a
bureau.

司機 sz-kei: driver.

司理 sz-lei: to manage;
manager of com-
pany.

司令 sz-līng: a com-
mander.

1067

私 sz: clandestine;
private; par-
tial.

私心 sz sam: selfish;
partial.

私見 sz kīn: private
opinion; pri-
vate end.

送

送

送

司

司

司

私

私

私

1064

率 sut, lut: to lead;
to command; in
general; all.

率領 sut-līng: to lead.

率直 sut-chik: without
mincing matters.

統率 tūng-sut: to lead.

速率 ts'uk-lūt: rate
of speed; ve-
locity.

1066

師 sz: division; army;
master; tea-
cher.

師長 sz-cheung: divi-
sional comman-
der; teacher.

師表 sz-piú: a pattern;
model.

1068

思 sz: to think; to
reflect; to
consider.

思想 sz-seung: to think;
to consider;
to speculate.

心思 sam-sz: pensive.

思慮 sz-lui: serious
thought.

率

率

率

師

師

師

思

思

思

1069

絲 sz: silk; fine
thread or wire;
minute.
生絲 shaang sz: raw silk.
絲髮 sz-faàt: silk goods.
絲毫 sz-hō: the least
number or quan-
tity.

1071

死 sz, seí: to die;
death; to kill.
死屍 seí-shí: a corpse.
死路 seí-lô: a death
road; dead end
road.
打死 tá seí: to kill.
病死 pêng seí: death
from sickness.

1073

使 sz, shái: to cause;
to use.
假使間 ká-sz-kaan: sup-
posing that.
使館 sz-koon: legation;
embassy.
公使 kung-sz: an envoy;
minister.

絲

絲

丝

死

死

死

使

使

使

1070

斯 sz: this; these;
any.
斯文 sz-mán: elegant;
refined.
斯時 sz shí: at this
time.

1072

史 sz: history.
歷史 lík-sz: history.
史書 sz shue: histori-
cal book.

1074

事 sz: a matter; af-
fair; work;
duty; business.
事業 sz-íp: calling;
occupation.
公事 kung-sz: official
business.
事實 sz-shát: as a mat-
ter of fact.

斯

斯

斯

史

史

史

事

事

事

1075

士 sî: scholar; officer; gentleman.

教士 kaaü-sî: a missionary.

學士 hôk-sî: B.A. degree.

碩士 shék-sî: M.A. degree.

博士 pòk-sî: a doctor degree.

士

士

1077

他 t'a: other; another; he; it.

他人 t'a-yân: others.

他們 t'a moön: they; them.

他

他

1079

大 taai: great; big; noble.

大人 taai-yân: a grown man; a great man; your honor.

大半 taai poön: more than half; mostly.

大雨 taai ué: heavy rain.

大海 taai hoí: high sea.

大

大

1076

打 tá: to strike; to beat; to whip; to do; to make; to play; to cause.

打敗 tá paai: to defeat.

打勝 tá shing: to win.

打倒 tá-tó: to knock down; down with.

打字機 tá-tsí-kai: typewriter.

打

打

1078

帶 taai: to lead; to bring; girdle; zone.

帶兵 taai ping: to lead soldiers.

帶信 taai sùn: to carry letter.

寒帶 hōn-taai: frigid zone.

熱帶 it-taai: torrid zone.

帶

帶

1080

太 t'aaí: too very; extreme; term of respect.

太過 t'aaí-kwòh: to go too far; out of proportion.

太多 t'aaí toh: too much.

太

太

t'aai

1081 - 1086

t'aam

1081

態 t'aai: behavior;
bearing.態度 t'aai-tô: mien;
behavior.

1083

擔 taam: to carry on
a pole.擔水 taam shui: to car-
ry water.擔任 taam-yâm: to un-
dertake.擔保 taam-pò: to go
security for;
to guarantee.擔心 taam-san: to be an-
xious.

1085

貪 t'aam: covetous;
greedy.貪心 t'aam-san: covet-
ous.貪錢 t'aam ts'in: av-
aricious.貪利 t'aam lei: greedy
for gain.

態

態

態

擔

擔

担

担

貪

貪

貪

1082

貸 t'aai: lend (on in-
terest).借貸 tsè-t'aai: to lend
money.

1084

膽 taam: gall bladder;
courage; bra-
very.電燈膽 tin-tang-taam:
electric
light bulb.大膽 taai taam: bold;
brave.膽小 taam siu: timid;
cowardly.

1086

探 t'aam: to visit;
to search out;
to spy; to
try; to sound.探訪 t'aam-fong: to in-
quire about.偵探 ching-t'aam: detec-
tive; constab-
le.

貸

貸

貸

膽

膽

胆

胆

探

探

探

1087

談 t'aām: to talk;
talk; language.談話 t'aām wā: to talk;
to converse.談論 t'aām lûn: to dis-
cuss.談判 t'aām-p'ònn: nego-
tiation.

1089

淡 t'aām, taam: wa-
tery; weak.冲淡 ch'ung t'aām: di-
lute; tasteless.心淡 sam-t'aām: to lose
interest in.

1091

但 taân: but; however;
still; only.但凡 taân faân: all;
whosoever.

談

談

談

淡

淡

淡

但

但

但

1088

痰 t'aām: phlegm;
mucus.生痰 shaang t'aām: trou-
bled with ph-
legm.吐痰 t'ò t'aām: expect-
orate.

1090

單 taan: single; odd;
alone; only;
bill; receipt;
commercial
document.單獨 taan-tûk: alone;
single.簡單 kuan-taan: simple;
plain.菜單 ts'oi taan: bill
of fare; menu.

1092

蛋 taân: egg; name
of southern tri-
be.雞蛋 kai-taân: hen's
egg.皮蛋 p'ei-taân: pre-
served egg.

痰

痰

痰

單

單

單

單

蛋

蛋

蛋

蛋

蛋

1093

彈 taân, t'aân: bullet;
shell; cross-
bow; to strike;
to play instru-
ment; to accuse.

子彈 tsí-taân: bullet;
shell; cartri-
dge.

彈殼 taân hòk: shell
of a cartridge.

彈琴 t'aân k'âm: to th-
rum the lute.

1095

歎 t'aân: to sigh; to
moan; to praise.

歎氣 t'aân-hei: to heave
a sigh.

歎惜 t'aân-sik: to sigh
regretfully.

1097

達 taât: to reach to;
to see through;
to inform.

達到目的 taât-tò mûk-
tik: to attain
one's destin-
ation or ob-
jective.

轉達 chuén taât: to
communicate.

彈

彈

歎

嘆

達

彈

歎

達

彈

歎

達

1094

炭 t'aân: coal; char-
coal.

炭氣 t'aân-hei: carbonic
gas.

炭紙 t'aân chí: carbon
paper.

1096

答 taáp: to answer; to
respond to.

報答 pò-taáp: to repay;
to requite.

答覆 taáp-fuk: to an-
swer; to re-
ply.

答謝 taáp tsé: to make
a return pre-
sent.

1098

低 tai: to bend down;
to stoop; to
lower; low.

低頭 tai t'aũ: to lo-
wer the head.

減低 kám tai: to lo-
wer the price.

炭

答

低

炭

答

低

炭

答

答

低

1099

底 tai: the underside;
end; finally.底下 tai-há: below; un-
derneath.海底 hoí tai: the bot-
tom of the sea.到底 tò-tai: after all;
finally.

1101

帝 tai: the supreme
ruler; a god;
a ruler; em-
peror.上帝 sheung-tai: God;
gods.帝國主義 tai-kuók chue-
i: imperial-
ism.

1103

弟 tai: younger bro-
ther; a junior.

兄弟 hing-tai: brothers.

弟兄 tai-hing: brothers;
brethren.弟子 tai-tsí: pupil;
disciple.小弟 siú-tai: your hum-
ble servant;
your humble me.

底

底

帝

帝

弟

弟

1100

抵 tai: to push against;
to oppose; to
endure; equal
to; to reach.抵抗 tai-k'òng: to re-
sist; to oppose.

抵禦 tai-ú: to ward off.

1102

第 tai: number; gra-
dation; order;
series; yet;
still.第一 tai-yat: the first;
number one;
the best.次第 ts'í-tai: order;
sequence.

1104

隸 tai: mountain
plum; digni-
fied; servant;
slave; attach-
ed to; joined
to.隸屬 tai-shúk: belong
to; attached
to.

抵

抵

第

第

隸

隸

隸 隸 隸

t'ai

1105 - 1110

t'ai

1105

梯 t'ai: ladder, stair.

木梯 mūk t'ai: a wooden ladder.

樓梯 laū-tai: stair.

1107

體 body; trunk; distance; appearance; to treat with consideration.

全體 ts'uēn-t'ai: the whole body of.

體面 t'ai-mīn: reputation; face.

主體 chue t'ai: subject.

1109

提 t'ai: to raise; to lift; to bring forward.

提起 t'ai-hei: to speak of; to raise.

提倡 t'ai-ch'ung: to promote; to advocate; to introduce.

提醒 t'ai-sing: to warn; to caution.

梯

梯

梯

體

體

體

体

提

提

提

1106

睇 t'ai: to look at; to gaze; to observe.

睇見 t'ai-kīn: to see.

睇書 t'ai shue: to read (silently).

1108

替 t'ai: to substitute for; in the place of; for.

替工 t'ai kung: to take another's place in work.

替代 t'ai-toi: in place of; on behalf of.

1110

題 t'ai: title; theme; to compose; to discuss; forehead.

題目 t'ai-mūk: theme; subject; heading.

題名 t'ai mēng: to nominate.

睇

睇

睇

替

替

替

題

題

題

tak

1111 - 1116

tang

1111

得 tak: to obtain;
to get; to at-
tain; can.

做得 ts6 tak: all right;
can be done.

得意 tak-l: pleased; sa-
tisfied.

得人心 tak yān-sam: to
be popular.

1113

特 tāk: only; alone;
specially; pur-
posely.

特別 tāk-pīt: special;
particular; pe-
culiar.

特性 tāk-sing: peculiari-
ty; individua-
lity.

特色 tāk-shik: distinc-
tive.

1115

燈 tang: lamp; lan-
tern; light.

燈籠 tang-lūng: paper
lantern.

安全燈 on-ts'uen tang:
safety lamp.

得

特

燈

灯

得

得

特

特

燈

灯

1112

德 tak: virtue; good-
ness; conduct;
power.

德行 tak-hāng: moral
deed; upright
conduct.

德國 tak-kwòk: Germany.

1114

吞 t'an: to swallow;
to gulp down;
to appropriate.

吞落 t'an lôk: to swal-
low down.

吞吐 t'an-t'ò: hesi-
tatingly.

1116

登 tang: to ascend;
to mount; to
advance; to
record.

登記 tang-kei: to reco-
rd; to register;
to enroll.

登報 tang pò: to in-
sert in a new-
spaper.

登載 tang tsò: insert;
(as ad in newsp-
aper)

德

吞

登

德

德

吞

吞

登

登

1117

等

táng: a class; degree; to wait; equal to.

上等

sheung táng: first class; best quality.

頭等

t'au táng: first class.

平等

ng-táng: equality; equal.

等候

táng-hau: to wait for.

等

等

等

1119

突

tât: to rush out; to offend; suddenly.

突然

tât-in: suddenly; without warning.

突出

tât-ch'ut: to project.

突

突

突

1121

斗

tau: a peck; a measure; dipper; vessel.

一斗米

yat tau mai: a peck of rice.

斗膽

tau taám: great courage.

斗

斗

斗

1118

騰

t'ing: mount; to rise; to leap; to gallop.

騰躍

t'ing yeuk: to leap; to gallop.

騰

騰

騰

1120

糾

tau: to correct; to examine; to connect; to join; to combine; to associate.

糾正

tau-ching: to correct.

糾紛

tau-fan: complication.

糾

糾

糾

1122

鬥

tau: to wrangle; to fight; to compete; contest.

鬥氣

tau-hei: pugnacious; belligerent.

械鬥

haai tau: to fight with weapons.

鬥

鬥

鬥

鬥

鬥

1123

豆 taû: a trencher;
tray; bean; pea.

豆芽 taû-ngā: bean sprout.

豆腐 taû-foô: bean cake.

1125

透 t'au: to see
through; to
pass through.

浸透 tsâm t'au: to
soak through.

透徹 t'au-ch'it: to
understand
thoroughly.

1127

投 t'au: to throw;
to fling; to
give over.

投票 t'au più: to vote
by ballot;
to bid.

投案 t'au òn: to ap-
pear before
the court.

投機 t'au-kei: to spe-
culate.

豆

豆

豆

透

透

透

投

投

投

1124

偷 t'au: to steal;
to pilfer; by
stealth.

偷走 t'au tsau: to
steal away.

偷閒 t'au haân: to waste
time; to idle.

1126

頭 t'au: head; top;
chief; first.

頭痛 t'au-t'ung: head-
ache.

頭一次 t'au yat-ts'è:
the first
time.

頭緒 t'au-sui: a clue;
way; means.

1128

爹 te: father; daddy.

爹爹 te-te: daddy.

爹媽 te-ma: my papa and
mama.

偷

偷

偷

頭

頭

頭

爹

爹

爹

1129

地 teí: earth; ground;
place.地方 teí-fong: locality;
place.

地圖 teí-t'ò: a map.

地點 teí-tím: location;
terminus;
place.地位 teí-waf: one's place;
position in life.

1131

聽 t'eng, t'ing: to
hear; to lis-
ten; to obey.

聽見 t'eng-kín: to hear.

聽話 t'eng-wá: docile;
obedient.聽講 t'eng kóng: hear-
say.

1133

的 ti: some; few; a
little; com-
parative.有的 yǎu ti: there are
some; there is
a little.

呢的 ní ti: these.

快的 faal ti: quicker;
faster.

地

聽

听

的

地

聽

的

地

聽

聽

听

的

的

1130

頂 t'eng, t'ing: the
top; peak.山頂 shaan téng: moun-
tain peak.屋頂 uk téng: top of
a house; roof.

1132

廳 t'eng: hall; room;
government;
office.客廳 haak-t'eng: re-
ception room;
parlor.飯廳 faan-t'eng: dining
room.

1134

的 tik: clear; true;
genuine.的確 tik-k'òk: real;
really.的當 tik tòng: properly;
satisfactor-
ily.

頂

廳

广

的

頂

廳

的

頂

廳

广

的

1135

敵 tík: enemy; opponent;
to oppose.

敵人 tík-yān: enemy; foe.

敵國 tík kwòk: enemy
country.敵對 tík-tuì: hostile;
to stand up
against.

1137

店 tīm: inn; tavern;
shop.酒店 tsaú-tīm: restaurant;
hotel.管店 koón tīm: hotel
clerk; butler.

1139

甜 t'im: sweet; agree-
able.甜味 t'im meí: a sweet
taste.清甜 ts'ing t'im: fresh
and sweet.

敵

店

甜

敵

店

甜

敵

店

甜

1136

點 tīm: a dot; speck;
comma; to check
off; to light;
how.一點鐘 yat tīm-chung:
an hour; one
o'clock.點名 tīm-mēng: to call
the roll.污點 oo tīm: a flaw;
defect.

1138

添 t'im: also; more;
to add to.添多叻 t'im toh ti: to
add more.添丁 t'im ting: to bear
a son.

1140

典 tín: canon; rule;
record; to
mortgage; to
pledge.字典 tsá-tín: diction-
ary; lexicon.大典 taai tín: a great
celebration.

典禮 tín-láí: ceremony.

點

点

添

典

點

添

典

點

点

添

典

典

1141

電 t'ín: electricity;
lightning.

電話 t'ín-wá²: telephone.

電報 t'ín-pò: telegram.

電燈 t'ín-tang: electric
light.

電影戲 t'ín-yíng hèi:
movie.

長途電話 ch'ieŋ t'ō
t'ín-wá: long dist-
ance telephone.

電

電

電

1143

田 t'ín: field; land.

田地 t'ín-tai: cultivated
field.

本田 wōh t'ín: rice field.

田

田

田

1145

丁 tīng: individual;
a person; male;
adult.

成丁 shīng tīng: to be-
come an adult.

丁憂 tīng-yau: mourn-
ing for par-
ents.

丁

丁

丁

1142

天 t'ín: heaven; sky;
celestial;
day.

好天 hó t'ín: fine wea-
ther.

天氣 t'ín-hèi: atmos-
phere; climate.

天聰 t'ín-ts'ung: in-
telligence;
ability.

天時 t'ín-shí: weather;
season.

天

天

天

1144

填 t'ín: to fill in;
to fill up;
to make good.

填平 t'ín p'ēng: to fill
up.

填債 t'ín ch'ai: to
pay a debt.

填

填

填

1146

訂 tīng, tēng: to ar-
range; to set-
tle; to edit;
to collate.

訂立 tīng-lai: to draw
up.

訂定 tīng-tēng: to con-
clude; to set-
tle.

訂約 tīng yuék: to make
an agreement.

訂

訂

訂

1147

定 t'ing: stable; fixed;
ed; decided; to
decide.

定價 t'ing kà: a fixed
price.

定罪 t'ing tsoi: to sen-
tence; to con-
demn.

指定 chí-t'ing: an order.

1149

庭 t'ing: inner court;
hall.

家庭 ka-t'ing: home;
family.

法庭 faat-t'ing: a law
court.

1151

帖 t'ip: label; card;
document.

回帖 ooī t'ip: card of
acknowledgment.

請帖 ts'eng-t'ip: invi-
tation card.

定

庭

帖

定

定

庭

庭

帖

帖

1148

停 t'ing: to stop; to
rest; to cease;
to delay.

停工 t'ing kung: to
cease work.

停車 t'ing ch'e: to
stop a vehicle;
to stop a ma-
chine.

停戰 t'ing chìn: truce;
armistice.

1150

貼 t'ip: to paste up;
to affix; to
attach to.

貼告示 t'ip kò-shí: to
post up a
proclamation.

津貼 tsun-t'ip: to aid;
to subsidize.

1152

鐵 t'it: iron; firm-
ness.

生鐵 shaang t'it: cast
iron.

鐵板 t'it paán: iron
plate.

停

貼

鐵

鐵

停

停

貼

貼

鐵

鐵

1153

丟 tiu: to throw away;
to cast down;
to lose.

丟開 tiu hoi: to put
aside; not to
mention.

丟去 tiu hui: to throw
away.

丟棄 tiu hei: to reject;
to throw away.

1155

挑 t'iu: to bear a
load; to choose;
to pick out; to
irritate; to
provoke; to
mix up.

挑夫 t'iu-roo: a coolie.

挑選 t'iu-suén: to se-
lect; to choose.

挑動 t'iu tung: to stir
up.

1157

條 t'iu: of thing long
and slender.

條件 t'iu-kín: article;
term of con-
tract.

條例 t'iu-laf: rule; re-
gulation; by-
law.

條約 t'iu-yeuk: a treaty.

丟

挑

條

条

丟

丟

挑

挑

條

条

1154

調 tiú: to change a-
bout; a tune.

調 t'iu: to harmon-
ize; to adjust;
to blend.

調轉頭 tiú chuén t'au:
to turn a-
round.

調換 tiú-oón: to ex-
change posi-
tions.

1156

跳 t'iu: to leap; to
jump; to boun-
ce; to dance.

跳起 t'iu hei: to jump
up.

跳舞 t'iu-mò: to dance.

1158

刀 to: knife; sword.

大刀 tsai to: long-han-
dled sword.

刺刀 ts'è-to: bayonet.

調

跳

刀

調

调

跳

跳

跳

刀

刀

1159

都 to: even; also;
a capital;
city.

我都去 ngōh to huì: I
also go.

京都 king-to: the ca-
pital.

1161

島 tô: an island.

半島 poñn-tô: peninsula.

群島 kwān-tô: archipe-
lago; group of
islands.

1163

到 tò: to reach; to
get; to come;
until; arrive.

到來 tò loī: to arrive.

收到 shau tò: to receive.

到底 tò-tai: finally;
after all.

到處 tò ch'ue: every-
where.

都

都

都

島

島

島

到

到

到

1160

倒 tô: to fall over;
to upset; to
invert; action
accomplished.

跌倒 tīt tô: to fall
down.

打倒 tá-tô: to hit; to
knock down.

得倒 tak-tô: to ac-
quire.

1162

賭 tô: to wager; to
gamble.

賭博 tô-pòk: to gamble.

賭館 tô-koón: gambling
house.

賭輸 tô shue: to wager;
to bet.

1164

道 tô: a path; way;
road; doctrine.

道路 tô-lô: a path;
road.

道理 tô-leī: doctrine;
right princi-
ple; reason.

道德 tô-tak: ethics;
morality.

倒

倒

倒

賭

賭

賭

道

道

道

1165

度 tô: a measure;
standard; de-
gree.

程度 ch'ing-tô: stan-
dard; quali-
fication.

高度 ko tô: height.

熱度 it tô: degree of
heat; temperat-
ure.

1167

導 tô: to lead; to
guide.

指導 chí-tô: to guide;
to inspire; to
point the way.

訓導 fân-tô: to teach
and guide.

1169

土 t'ô: earth; soil.
place; local;
native.

土音 t'ô yam: local
accent.

土人 t'ô yān: native;
aborigine.

度

度
度

導

導
導

土

土
土

1166

盜 tô: to rob; to st-
eal; a robber;
pirate; rob-
bery.

盜賊 tō-ts'aāk: bandit;
robber.

強盜 k'eūng tô: high-
way robber.

盜賣 tō maaf: to sell
property which
has been sto-
len from other.

1168

稻 tô: growing rice.

稻草 tō ts'ô: straw.

稻田 tō t'in rice field.

1170

討 t'ô: to punish; to
extirpate; to
ask for; to
beg.

討賊 t'ô ts'aāk: to ex-
tirpate rob-
ber.

討債 t'ô chaai: to de-
mand payment
of debt.

盜

盜
盜

稻

稻
稻

討

討
討

1171

吐 t'ò: to throw up;
to disclose.吐血 t'ò huèt: to spit
blood.吐口水 t'ò hau-shuí:
to spit; to
eject saliva.

吐

吐

吐

1173

徒 t'ò: disciple; as-
sociate; in
vain; on foot;
banishment.徒弟 t'ò-tai: appren-
tice; pupil.徒勞無功 t'ò lō mō
kung: to
labor in
vain.徒刑 t'ò-yīng: penal
servitude.

徒

徒

徒

1175

圖 t'ò: plan; chart;
map; scheme;
plot; seal.圖樣 t'ò-yeūng: plan;
diagram.圖書館 t'ò-shue-koón:
library.繪圖 kw'ooi t'ò: to s-
ketch; to paint.

圖

圖

圖

1172

套 t'ò: a covering;
case; noose;
trap; to trap.

手套 shau-t'ò: glove.

一套衣服 yat t'ò i-
fūk: a suit
of clothes.

套

套

套

1174

逃 t'ò: to flee; to es-
cape; to abs-
cond.

逃走 t'ò-tsau: to flee.

逃犯 t'ò faân: escaped
criminal.

逃兵 t'ò ping: deserter.

逃

逃

逃

1176

桃 t'ò: peach.

楊桃 yeūng-t'ò: carambo-
la.

櫻桃 ying-t'ò: cherry.

桃

桃

桃

1177

塗 t'ò: to daub; to blot out; mire; dirt.

塗污 t'ò oo: to besmear.

塗改 t'ò koi: to alter.

1179

屠 t'ò: a butcher; to slaughter.

屠場 t'ò-ch'eūng: slaughter house; abattoir.

屠殺 t'ò-shaät: slaughter; to slaughter.

1181

多 toh: many; much.

多數 toh-shò: majority; many.

多半 toh poèn: the larger part.

多少 toh-shiú: a certain quantity.

幾多 keí-toh: how much?; how many?

塗



屠



多



1178

途 t'ò: road; path; journey; career.

途中 t'ò-chung: on the road.

沿途 uēn-t'ò: along the way.

長途 ch'eūng t'ò: long distance.

前途 ts'ín-t'ò: the future; the road ahead.

1180

肚 t'ò: stomach; abdomen.

肚痛 t'ò t'ùng: pain in the abdomen.

腸肚 ch'eūng t'ò: the intestines.

1182

朵 tóh, téu: a bunch; a cluster; a (flower).

一朵花 yat tóh fa: a stem of flower; a flower.

耳朵 ĭ-tóh: lobe of the ear.

途



肚



朵



1183

妥 t'òh: settled; secure; safe; ready.

妥當 t'òh-tòng: properly or validly done.

辦妥 pân t'òh: satisfactorily arranged.

講妥 kóng t'òh: come to an agreement.

1185

待 toí: to behave towards; to wait on; to treat; to await.

寬待 foon toí: to treat liberally.

虐待 yeúk-toí: to maltreat.

等待 táng-toí: to await; to expect.

1187

抬 t'oi: to carry (on a pole); to move; to raise up.

抬抬 t'oi t'oi: to carry a table.

抬二 t'oi huí: to carry away.

抬唔起 t'oi m-heí: can not lift it.

妥

妥

妥

待

待

待

抬

抬

抬

1184

代 toí: a generation; instead of; on behalf of.

代表 toí-piú: representative; delegate.

代理 toí-leí: to act for another; agent.

1186

袋 toí: bag; sack; pouch; purse; pocket.

皮袋 p'ei toí: leather bag.

衫袋 shaam toí: coat pocket.

1188

台 t'oi: terrace; turret; platform; stage; honored.

天台 t'in-t'oi: terrace.

戲台 heí-t'oi: theatrical stage.

講台 kóng-t'oi: speaker's platform.

代

代

代

袋

袋

袋

台

台

臺

台

1189

檯 t'oi, t'oi*: table.

餐檯 ts'aan t'oi*: dining table.

八仙檯 paat-sin-t'oi*: square table for 8 persons.

寫字檯 sé-tsé-t'oi*: writing table.

二檯 i t'oi*: second hand.

1191

當 tong: suitable; competent; to act as; during; when.

當 tòng: just; right; to value; to regard as; to pawn.

應當 ying-tong: ought.

相當 seung-tong: suitable.

1193

湯 t'ong: soup; broth.

肉湯 yùk t'ong: meat soup.

菜湯 ts'oi t'ong: vegetable soup.

檯

枱

當

当

湯

檯

枱

當

当

湯

汤

1190

託 t'òk: to commit to; to entrust with; to charge with.

拜託 paai-t'òk: to ask a favor.

託辭 t'òk ts'í: excuse; pretense.

1192

黨 tóng: faction; party; clan; association.

黨派 tóng-p'ai: party; faction.

工黨 kung t'óng: labor party.

革命黨 kaák-ming tóng: revolutionary party.

國民黨 kwók-mán-tóng: Nationalist party.

1194

堂 t'ong: hall; court; meeting place.

上堂 sheung t'ong: to begin a class; a lecture starts.

禮拜堂 lai-pai-t'ong: church; a protestant chapel.

託

黨

党

堂

託

托

黨

党

堂

堂

1195

糖 t'ōng: sugar; sweet.

白糖 paāk t'ōng: refined granulated sugar.

黃糖 wōng t'ōng: brown ungranulated sugar.

1197

暫 tsaām: temporary; temporarily; for the present.

暫時 tsaām-shī: temporarily; for a while.

暫住 tsaām chuē: to lodge temporarily.

暫緩 tsaām oôn: to delay a little.

1199

慘 ts'aām: cruel; inhumane; distressing.

慘刑 ts'aām yīng: cruel punishment; torture.

慘狀 ts'aām chōng: wretchedness; miserable condition.

慘極 ts'aām kīk: very pitiful.

糖

糖

糖

暫

暫

暫

慘

慘

慘

1196

賊 ts'aāk: thief; robber.

賊頭 ts'aāk t'aū: leader of the robbers.

小賊 siú ts'aāk: a petty thief.

1198

參 ts'aam: to take part in; to consult.

參觀 ts'aam-koon: to visit; to look over.

參與 ts'aam-uē: to participate in.

參謀 ts'aam-maū: military adviser; military staff.

1200

蠶 ts'aām: silk worm.

蠶食 ts'aām shīk: gradual encroachment.

賊

賊

賊

參

參

參

參

蠶

蠶

蠶

蠶

tsaàn

1201 - 1206

ts'aät

1201

贊 tsaàn: to assist;
to aid; to
second.

贊助 tsaàn chôn: to aid.

贊成 tsaàn-shing: to
approve; to
motion.

1203

雜 tsaáp: mixed; con-
fused; miscell-
aneous.

雜貨 tsaáp fòh: miscel-
laneous goods.

雜費 tsaáp fài: sundry
expenses.

複雜 fuk-tsaáp compli-
cated; com-
plex.

1205

集 tsaáp: to collect;
to gather;
an assembly.

集會 tsaáp ooi: to as-
semble; to meet;
meeting.

集議 tsaáp i: to gather
for discussion.

集股 tsaáp kó: to col-
lect capital
for business.

贊

贊
貝

贊

雜

雜

雜

集

集

集

1202

殘 ts'aän: withered;
to injure; to
ruin; cruel.

殘花 ts'aän fa: wi-
thered flower;
faded flower.

殘忍 ts'aän yän: re-
morseless;
cruel.

殘殺 ts'aän shaät: to
massacre.

1204

習 tsaáp: to practise;
a custom; ha-
bit.

學習 hôk-tsaáp: to lear-
n by practice;
to apprentice.

習俗 ts.áp tsúk: habit
and custom.

習染 tsaáp yän: cor-
rupted by bad
example.

1206

擦 ts'aät: to brush;
to polish; a
brush.

擦牙 ts'aät ngā: to
brush teeth.

殘

殘

殘

習

習

習

擦

擦

擦

1207

刷 ts'aät: to clean;
to brush; a
brush.

印刷 yàn-ts'aät: to
print.

1209

濟 tsai: to aid; to
help; to re-
lieve.

救濟 kàu-tsai: to res-
cue; to relieve.

經濟學 king-tsai-hòk:
economics.

1211

妻 ts'ai: wife.

妻子 ts'ai-tsí: wife;
wife and chil-
dren.

刷

濟

洛

妻

刷

刷

濟

濟

妻

妻

1208

擠 tsai: to press;
to press upon;
to push.

擠擁 tsai-yung: to
crowd upon;
crowded.

1210

際 tsai: intercommuni-
cation; limit;
boundary.

國際 kwòk-tsai: inter-
national.

國際法 kwòk-tsai-faät:
international
law.

1212

齊 ts'āi: even; equal;
all; a class.

不齊整 pat ts'āi-ching:
uneven; un-
tidy; defi-
cient.

齊心 ts'āi-san: of one
mind; unanim-
ous.

一齊 yat-ts'āi: all to-
gether.

擠

擠

際

際

齊

齊

擠

擠

際

際

齊

齊

1213

則 tsak: rule; law;
then.

則可 tsak hók: then it
is alright.

1215

尋 ts'am: to seek; to
ask for; or-
dinary.

尋死 ts'am sǐ: to try
to commit sui-
cide.

尋訪 ts'am fóng: to in-
quire about;
to search.

1217

增 tsang: to add to;
to increase.

增多 tsang-toh: to add
to.

增見識 tsang kìn-sik:
to enrich
knowledge.

則

則

則

尋

尋

尋

增

增

增

1214

侵 ts'am: to invade;
to usurp.

侵略 ts'am-leúk: to en-
croach upon;
to invade.

侵犯 ts'am-faân: to
trespass.

侵佔 ts'am-chím: to
invade and
occupy.

1216

親 ts'an: personal;
close to; re-
lative.

親手 ts'an-sháu: with
own hands; per-
sonally; in
person.

親愛 ts'an-oi: dear; be-
loved; to love
dearly.

親戚 ts'an-ts'ik: rela-
tive; kindred.

1218

曾 tsang, ts'āng: to
increase; great;
past; finished;
done.

曾祖 tsang-tsó: great
grandfather.

曾孫 tsang-suen: great
grandchild.

未曾 mef-ts'āng: not yet.

曾經 ts'āng-king: alrea-
dy.

侵

侵

侵

親

親

親

曾

曾

曾

1219

層

ts'ang: a layer;
stratum; story
of house; de-
gree.

一層

yat ts'ang: a
layer; a
story(of a
house)

層次

ts'ang-ts'z: order;
series; gra-
dation.

層

層

層

1221

走

tsau: to run; to
go hurriedly;
running.

走狗

tsau-kaü: a running
dog for another
people.(as poi-
nting at a per-
son.

走私

tsau-sz: to smuggle.

走

走

走

1223

就

tsau: now; then;
forthwith; to
submit to; to
take up.

就來

tsau-loi: will
come at once.

就職

tsau chik: to take
up office.

就醫

tsau i: to go to
the doctor.

就

就

就

1220

七

ts'at: the numeral
seven.

七月

ts'at-uêt: July.

七手八腳

tsat shau paät
keük: too many
cooks spoil
the broth;
many persons
do the same
job.

七

七

柒

七

1222

酒

tsau: spirit; liquor;
wine.

酒色

tsau-shik: wine
and licentious
pleasure.

酒精

tsau-tsing: pure
alcohol.

酒

酒

酒

1224

袖

tsau: sleeve; cuff.

衫袖

shaam-tsau: sleeve
of a coat.

袖

袖

袖

ts'au

1225 - 1230

tséng

1225

秋 ts'au: autumn.

秋季 ts'au-kwai: the autumn season.

秋天 ts'au-t'in: autumn.

1227

借 tsè: to lend; to borrow; supposing.

借錢 tsè ts'in: to borrow money.

借款 tsè foón: to make a loan.

1229

斜 ts'è, ts'è: oblique; slant; uneven.

斜紋 ts'è mán: twilled.

斜角 ts'è kòk: oblique angle.

秋

借

斜

秋

秋

借

借

斜

斜

1226

姐 tsé: elder sister.

大姐 taai-tsé: my elder sister.

小姐 siú-tsé: young lady; miss.

姐夫 tsé-foo: sister's husband.

1228

謝 tsê: to give thanks; to take leave; to decline; to perish.

多謝 toh-tsê: thank you; many thanks.

謝客 tsê haak: to decline a visitor.

1230

井 tséng, tsing: well; deep pit.

井水 tséng shuí: water from the well.

姐

謝

井

姐

姐

謝

謝

井

井

1231

請 ts'êng, ts'ing:
to request; to
invite; to en-
gage.

請假 ts'êng kà: to ask
for leave.

請坐 ts'êng ts'oh: pl-
ease be seated.

請願書 ts'êng-uên shue:
a petition.

1233

獎 tseûng: to praise;
to encourage.

獎品 tseûng-pán: prize.

獎券 tseûng nuèn: prize
coupon.

1235

匠 tseûng: mechanic;
worker; arti-
san.

木匠 mùk tseûng: car-
penter.

石匠 shèk tseûng: stone-
cutter.

請

請

請

獎

獎

獎

匠

匠

匠

1232

將 tseûng, tseung:
military com-
mander; sign of
future tense;
will; shall.

將來 tseung-loī: in the
future.

將到 tseung tò: ap-
proaching; about
to come.

將死 tseung sí: about
to die.

將

將

將

1234

醬 tseûng: condiment;
sauce.

豆醬 tau tseûng: bean
paste.

醬油 tseûng-yaū: soy
sauce.

醬

醬

醬

1236

像 tseûng: likeness;
image; idol.

神像 shān tseûng: idol.

遺像 wai tseûng: por-
trait of the
deceased.

像

像

像

1237

象 tseūng: elephant.
 象牙 tseūng-ngā: ivory.
 象棋 tseūng-k'eī: chess.

1239

搶 ts'eūng: to take
 by force; to
 rob; to ravish.
 搶劫 ts'eūng k'ip: to rob;
 to plunder.
 搶去 ts'eūng hui: to
 seize away;
 to take away
 by force.

1241

詳 ts'eūng: to dis-
 cuss; to judge;
 minutely; de-
 tailed.
 詳細 ts'eūng-sai: min-
 utely in de-
 tail.
 詳悉 ts'eūng sik: cle-
 arly unders-
 tand; to know
 in detail.

象

象

搶

搶

詳

詳

1238

槍 ts'eung: spear;
 lance.
 長槍 ch'eung ts'eung: a
 long spear.
 槍法 ts'eung faat: art
 of spear fight-
 ing.

1240

牆 ts'eūng: wall.
 牆壁 ts'eūng-pik: wall.

1242

卽 tsik: that is;
 which is; now;
 near.
 卽刻 tsik-haak: immedi-
 ately.
 卽速 tsik ts'uk: quick-
 ly; speedily.
 卽日 tsik-yāt: today;
 the same day.

槍

槍

牆

牆

卽

卽

1243

積 tsik: to pile up;
to store; to
gather; to ac-
cumulate; to
hoard.

積分 tsik-fan: score;
point.

積蓄 tsik-ch'uk: to
save; to ac-
cumulate;
the savings.

1245

席 tsik: a mat; feast;
banquet; meet-
ing.

酒席 tsau-tsik: a ban-
quet; a feast.

出席 ch'ut-tsik: to at-
tend a meeting.

1247

尖 tsim: pointed;
sharp; clever;
point; tip.

尖刀 tsim to: sharp-
pointed knife.

尖頂 tsim téng: pointed
top.

積

積

績

席

席

席

尖

尖

尖

1244

績 tsik: to spin; to
twist; merit.

功績 kung-tsik: meri-
torious act.

成績 shing-tsik: ac-
complishment;
work done;
result.

1246

籍 tsik: list; regis-
ter; record.

入籍 yâp-tsik: to be-
come natura-
lized.

戶籍 ô-tsik: a census;
record of re-
sidence.

籍貫 tsik-koön: place
of birth.

1248

漸 tsim: to degress;
to imbue.

漸漸 tsim-tsim: gradu-
ally.

績

績

績

籍

籍

籍

漸

漸

漸

ts'im

1249 - 1254

ts'in

1249

簽 ts'im: to sign; to endorse.

簽名 ts'im mēng: to sign one's name.

簽字 ts'im tsz: to affix one's signature.

牙簽 ngā-ts'im: tooth-pick.

1251

賤 ts'in: low; mean; ignoble.

賤相 ts'in seung: low type of countenance; ignoble appearance.

貧賤 p'in-ts'in: poor and mean.

1253

淺 ts'in: shallow; easy; simple.

淺水 ts'in shui: the water is shallow.

攔淺 kòk-ts'in: to run aground.

簽

簽

簽

賤

賤

賤

淺

淺

淺

1250

剪 ts'in: to cut off; to shear; to remove; shear.

剪刀 ts'in-to: scissors; shears.

剪頭髮 ts'in t'au-faät: to cut the hair.

1252

千 ts'in: a thousand; many; all.

千萬 ts'in maän: an immense number; very many; ten million.

千金 ts'in-kam: your daughter.

1254

前 ts'in: in front; before; first; to go forward.

前日 ts'in-yät: day before yesterday.

前途 ts'in-t'ö: the future.

前進 ts'in-tsün: to go forward; to make progress.

剪

剪

剪

剪

千

千

仟

千

前

前

前

1255

錢 ts'in, ts'in: mon-
ey; cash

有錢 yau ts'in: wealthy.

錢財 ts'in-ts'oī: wea-
th.

1257

淨 tsing, tsêng: pure;
spotless;
neat; clean.

洗淨 sai tsêng: to wash
clean.

淨水 tsêng shuí: pure
water.

1259

清 ts'ing: clear; pure;
to clear off.

清水 ts'ing shuí: clear
water.

清閑 ts'ing-haān: quiet
leisure.

清早 ts'ing-ts'o: early
morning.

錢 淨 清

錢 淨 清

錢 淨 清

1256

精 tsing: essence; vi-
tality; excel-
lent; fine;
semen.

精神 tsing-shān: mind;
spirit; ener-
gy.

精力 tsing-lík: vigor;
energy.

精神病 tsing-shān-pêng:
mental disease.

1258

靜 tsing: quiet; pea-
ceful; retiring.

靜思 tsing sz: to think
quietly.

靜候 tsing hau: to aw-
ait; quietly.

1260

青 ts'ing, ts'eng:
color of na-
ture; green;
blue; black.

青色 ts'ing shik: co-
lor of leaves.

青年 ts'ing-nān: youth-
hood; spring
time of life.

青春 ts'ing-ch'un: early
life; youth.

精 靜 青

精 靜 青

精 靜 青

1261

情

ts'ing: feeling;
emotion; af-
fection; lust.

情人

ts'ing-yān: lover;
sweetheart.

情形

ts'ing-yīng: as-
pect; state;
condition.

愛情

oi-ts'ing: affec-
tion; love.

人情

yān-ts'ing: favor;
indulgence.

情

情

情

1263

接

tsip; to receive;
successive; to
connect; to
splice.

接手

tsip shaú: to take
over a post.

接濟

tsip-tsai: to sup-
port; to help.

接吻

tsip-mān: to kiss.

直接

chik-tsip: direct;
at first hand.

接

接

接

1265

切

ts'it, ts'ai: to
carve; to cut;
earnest; ur-
gent.

一切

yat-ts'ai: all en-
tire.

透切

t'au-ts'it: to the
point; thorough.

切實

ts'it-shât: verily;
truly; real.

切

切

切

1262

晴

ts'ing: clear;
cloudless.

天晴

t'in ts'ing: the
weather has
cleared.

雨晴

uē ts'ing: rain
has ceased.

晴

晴

晴

1264

節

tsit: joint; verse;
festival; mo-
deration.

時節

shī-tsit: period
of time; sea-
son; celebra-
ting day.

節制

tsit-chai: to con-
trol; moderate;
balanced.

節

節

節

1266

焦

tsiu: scorched;
dried up; an-
xious.

焦點

tsiu-tin: focus.

焦慮

tsiu-lu: anxious;
worrying thought.

焦

焦

焦

ts'iu

1267 - 1272

tsô

1267

瞧 ts'iu: to look at;
to glance at;
to see.

瞧不起 ts'iu pat hei:
to despise.

1269

早 tsó: morning; ear-
ly; previous;
before.

早晚 tsó-maän: morning
and evening;
sooner or la-
ter.

遲早 ch'i-tsó: sooner
or later.

早婚 tsó fan: early
marriage.

1271

組 tsó: cord; girdle;
to organize;
section.

組織 tsó-chik: to or-
ganize.

改組 koi tsó: to reor-
ganize.

瞧

早

組

瞧

瞧

早

早

組

組

1268

租 tso: to rent; to
lease; rental;
tax.

租屋 tso uk: to rent a
house.

租賃 tso-yám: to let
out; to take
on lease.

收租 shau tso: to col-
lect rental.

租界 tso-kaal: foreign
concession.

1270

祖 tsó: ancestor; foun-
der.

祖國 tsó-kwòk: father-
land.

祖父 tsó-soô: grandfa-
ther.

1272

做 tsô: to do; to act;
to make; to be.

做官 tsô koon: to be
an official.

做生意 tsô shaang-i: to
engage in bu-
siness.

租

祖

做

租

租

祖

祖

做

做

1273

造 tsô: to create;
to originate;
to build; to
make.

造船 tsô shuēn: to
build ships.

造謠言 tsô iū-īn: to
institute
false report;
to spread
rumor.

造

造

1275

操 ts'o: to hold to;
to manage; to
drill.

操心 ts'o-sam: anxious;
concerned.

體操 t'ai-ts'o: physi-
ca; drill.

操場 ts'o-ch'eūng: drill
ground.

操

操

1277

醋 ts'ò: vinegar.

白醋 paâk ts'ò: white
vinegar.

黑醋 hak ts'ò: black
vinegar.

醋

醋

1274

粗 ts'o: coarse; rou-
gh; rude; care-
less.

粗口 ts'o-haú: obscene
language.

粗俗 ts'o-tsūk: vulgar;
uncouth.

粗

粗

1276

草 ts'ó: grass; plant;
vegetation.

青草 ts'ing ts'ó: green
grass.

草地 ts'ó tēi: meadow;
lawn.

草木 ts'ó-múk: grass
and tress; ve-
getation.

草

草

1278

左 tsónh: the left; as-
sistant.

左右 tsónh-yaú: near to;
assistant; ab-
out; left and
right.

左輪 tsón lūn: revolver.

左

左

1279

座 tsôh: couch; seat;
throne; arti-
cle for large
buildings.

座位 tsôh-wai: a seat.

上座 sheung tsôh: the
seat of honor;
seat above
the salt.

1281

坐 tsôh: to sit; to
ride; a seat.

請坐 ts'eng ts'ôh: plea-
se sit down.

坐監 ts'ôh kaam: to be
in prison.

1283

栽 tsoi: to plant; to
set out.

栽花 tsoi fa: to set out
flowers.

栽培 tsoi-p'ooi: to cul-
tivate; to as-
sist; to rear.

座

座

坐

坐

栽

栽

1280

錯 ts'ôh: mistake;
error; wrong.

做錯 tsô ts'ôh: done
wrong; mistake.

錯處 tao ch'ua: error;
offense.

錯過 ts'ôh-kwôh: fault;
mistake; to
lose (oppor-
tunity).

1282

災 tsoi: calamity; af-
fliction.

災難 tsoi-naân: calamity;
suffering.

水災 shui tsoi: flood.

1284

再 tsoi: again; repeat-
ed.

再講 tsoi kóng: to re-
peat.

再犯 tsoi faân: to re-
peat an offense.

再分 tsoi fan: to subdi-
vide.

錯

錯

災

災

再

再

1285

在 ts'oi: to be; to be present; living at; on; in.

在內 ts'oi noi: included.

現在 in-tsoi: at present.

在場 ts'oi ch'eung: to be present.

1287

菜 ts'oi: vegetable; herb; food in general.

生菜 shaang-ts'oi: lettuce.

白菜 paik-ts'oi: white vegetable.

1289

財 ts'oi: property; wealth; valuables.

財物 ts'oi mat: property; effects; valuables.

財政 ts'oi-ching: finance.

財產 ts'oi-ch'aan: property; estate.

在

在

在

菜

菜

菜

財

財

財

1286

採 ts'oi: to pluck; to select.

採花 ts'oi fa: to pluck flowers; to nip flower.

採用 ts'oi-yung: to select for use.

1288

賽 ts'oi: to contest; to rival; exhibit.

賽球 ts'oi kau: a ball game.

賽跑 ts'oi p'au: a foot race.

賽馬 ts'oi ma: horse race.

比賽 pei-ts'oi: a match; contest.

1290

才 ts'oi: ability; talent; power; genius.

人才 yān-ts'oi: talent; natural power.

才能 ts'oi-nang: ability; talent; genius.

才學 ts'oi-hok: learning; attainments.

採

採

採

賽

賽

賽

才

才

才

1291

材 ts'oi: material;
stuff.

材料 ts'oi-liú: mater-
ial.

藥材 yeûk-ts'oi: medi-
cine; drug;
medical herb
or plant.

1293

作 tsòk: to make; to
do; to act; to
be; to become.

作文 tsòk mǎn: to write
an essay; to
compose.

作對 tsòk-tuì: to be an
enemy.

著作家 chuè-tsòk ka:
an author; a
writer.

1295

倉 ts'ong: granary;
storehouse.

貨倉 fòh-ts'ong: a ware-
house.

穀倉 kuk ts'ong: gran-
ary; barn.

材

作

倉

材

作

倉

1292

裁 ts'oi: to cut to a
pattern; to
lessen; to cal-
culate; to plan;
to decide.

裁縫 ts'oi-fung: a tai-
lor.

裁撤 ts'oi ch'it: to
disband; to
dismiss.

裁判 ts'oi-p'ònn: to
judge; to decide.

1294

昨 tsòk, tsòk: yester-
day; recently;
lately.

昨日 tsòk-yít: yesterday.

昨晚 tsòk-mǎn: last
night.

1296

蒼 ts'ong: azure; the
sky.

蒼天 ts'ong-t'in: the
blue sky.

蒼蠅 ts'ong-yīng: fly;
(flies).

裁

昨

蒼

裁

昨

蒼

ts'ōng

1297 - 1302

ts'uēn

1297

藏 ts'ōng: to conceal; to store up; to hoard.

隱藏 yán-ts'ōng: to conceal.

家藏 ka ts'ōng: family treasure.

1299

寸 ts'uèn: an inch.

尺寸 ch'èk-ts'uèn: measurement; dimension.

1301

存 ts'uēn: to preserve; to keep; to continue.

保存 pó-ts'uēn: to preserve; to conserve.

存款 ts'uēn foón: balance on hand; deposit.

藏

寸

存

藏

寸

存

1298

村 ts'uēn: village; hamlet.

鄉村 heung-ts'uēn: country village.

村人 ts'uēn yān: villager; rustic; peasant.

1300

全 ts'uēn: all; complete; perfect.

完全 uēn-ts'uēn: complete; perfect.

全球 ts'uēn k'āu: the whole world.

全體 ts'uēn-t'ái: whole body or group.

1302

泉 ts'uēn: a spring; fountain.

泉水 ts'uēn shuǐ: spring water.

黃泉 wōng-ts'uēn: Hades; world of the dead.

村

全

泉

村

全

泉

1303

拴 ts'uēn: to fasten;
to tie up.

1305

最 tsuī: very; most;
excellent;
best.

最好 tsuī hó: the best.

最先 tsuī sin: first;
first of all.

最少 tsuī shiú: the
least.

1307

醉 tsuī: drunk; in-
toxicated.

飲醉 yám tsuī: to get
drunk.

醉酒 tsuī-tsau: antoxi-
cated.

拴

最

醉

拴

最

醉

拴

最

醉

1304

絕 tsuēt: to cut off;
to sever; to
destroy; to
stop; the most.

絕路 tsuēt ló: dead
end road; death
road.

絕命 tsuēt mēng: to
cut life short;
death.

1306

嘴 tsuī: lip; spout;
bill of bird;
mouth.

嘴唇 tsuī-shūn: lip.

1308

罪 tsuī: fault; sin;
crime; punish-
ment.

罪惡 tsuī-òk: crime; sin.

罪過 tsuī-kwòh: fault;
offense; mis-
demeanour.

死罪 sǐ tsuī: death sen-
tence.

定罪 tēng tsuī: to fix
a punishment.

絕

嘴

罪

絕

嘴

罪

絕

嘴

罪

1309

聚 tsui: to gather;
to assemble.

聚集 tsui-tsaáp: assem-
bly; meeting.

聚賭 tsui tó: to assem-
ble for gambling.

1311

催 ts'ui: to urge; to
hasten; to
press on.

催促 ts'ui-ts'uk: to
urge; to impel;
to force.

催眠術 ts'ui-mīn-shūt:
hypnotism.

1313

娶 ts'ui: to take a
wife; to marry
a girl.

娶親 ts'ui ts'an: to
take a wife.

娶妾 ts'ui ts'ip: to
take a con-
cubine.

聚

聚

催

催

娶

娶

1310

序 tsui: series; in
order; a pre-
face.

次序 ts'è-tsui: order;
series; in
order.

秩序 tīt-tsui: order.

1312

取 ts'ui: to take; to
appropriate;
to receive.

取利 ts'ui lei: to de-
rive interest.

取決 ts'ui-k'uet: to de-
cide.

1314

趣 ts'ui: interesting;
pleasant; ex-
citing.

趣味 ts'ui-mei: flavor;
of pleasant
flavor; inter-
esting.

無趣 mō ts'ui: not in-
teresting; flat.

序

序

取

取

趣

趣

趣

1315

隨 ts'ui: to follow;
to comply with.

隨便 ts'ui-pín: as one
wishes; in
accordance
with one's
convenience.

隨行 ts'ui hāng: to ac-
company.

隨員 ts'ui uēn: retinue;
valet.

隨

隨

隨

1317

俗 tsūk: common; ple-
bian; collo-
quial; vulgar.

世俗 shai tsūk: the
world; custom
of the world.

俗語 tsūk uē: a proverb;
common saying.

俗話 tsūk wā: proverb;
common saying.

俗

俗

俗

1319

續 tsūk: to continue;
to join onto;
to connect; to
succeed to.

手續 shau-tsūk: proce-
dure; process.

續假 tsūk kà: to ex-
tend one's
leave.

續

續

續

1316

足 tsuk: the foot;
enough; com-
plete.

手足 shau-tsuk: hands
and feet;
brothers.

失足 shat-tsuk: to slip;
to blunder.

足

足

足

1318

族 tsūk: tribe; clan;
class.

宗族 tsung-tsūk: fami-
ly; clan.

種族 chung-tsūk: race;
tribe.

族

族

族

1320

速 ts'uk: haste; quick;
speedy.

速記 ts'uk kèi: short-
hand.

速度 ts'uk tô: velocity;
speed.

速

速

速

1321

遵 tsun: to obey; to conform to.

遵守 tsun-shau: to observe; to obey.

遵命 tsun mêng: to obey a command.

1323

進 tsùn: to advance; to proceed; to enter; to offer.

進行 tsùn-hāng: to advance; to make headway.

進步 tsùn-pô: to make progress.

進兵 tsùn ping: advance of troops.

1325

宗 tsung: ancestor; origin; sort.

宗旨 tsung-chí: purpose; the leading idea.

宗教 tsung-kaà: religion.

遵

遵

進

進

宗

宗

1322

津 tsun: to pass over; ford; overflow; saliva.

津口 tsun hau: the mouth of a creek.

津貼 tsun-t'ip: subsidy; to help with money.

1324

盡 tsùn: to exhaust; all; end; entire.

盡力 tsùn lík: with all one's strength; with all one's ability.

用盡 yung tsùn: to use up.

1326

總 tsung: united in one; altogether; whole; all; total.

總數 tsung shò: the total.

總統 tsung-t'ung: president.

總論 tsung lún: general introduction.

津

津

盡

盡

尽

總

總

總

总

總

總

1327

從 ts'ung: to follow;
follower; at-
tendant; second;
to agree with;
to obey; from.

隨從 ts'ui-ts'ung: at-
tendant; re-
tinue.

從前 ts'ung-ts'in: for-
merly.

從軍 ts'ung kwan: to
join the mili-
tary service.

1329

資 tsz: property; wea-
lth; fee.

資本 tsz-poón: capital.

資本主義 tsz-poón chue-
i: capitalism.

郵資 yau tsz: postage
money.

1331

字 tsz: letter; char-
acter; symbol;
word; name.

字母 tsz-mó: alphabet;
vowel.

草字 ts'ó tsz: the run-
ning hand word.

生字 shaang tsz: unfami-
liar or uncom-
mon character or
word.

從

從

資

字

從

從

資

資

字

字

1328

聰 ts'ung: to unders-
tand; quick;
smart; intelli-
gent.

聰明 ts'ung-mōng: intelli-
gent; bright.

聰敏 ts'ung-mǎn: clever;
intelligent.

1330

子 tsz: boy; son; pos-
terity; seed;
sir; lipm to
lan.

子孫 tsz-suen: son and
grandchild;
descendant.

子弟 tsz-tái: pupil;
young men in
the clan.

孝子 haau tsz: filial
piety; son of de-

1332

自 tsz: from; self;
personally.

自由 tsz-yaü: freedom;
liberty.

自治 tsz-chí: self-go-
vernment; self-
rule.

自然 tsz-in: naturally;
matter of fact.

自從 tsz-ts'ung: since.

聰

聰

子

自

聰

聰

聰

子

子

自

自

1333

此 ts'z: this; now;
here.此處 ts'z ch'uè: this
place; here.因此 yan-ts'z: on this
account; there-
fore.此次 ts'z ts'z: this
time.

1335

刺 ts'z: to prick; to
stab; to dig
into; a thorn.刺傷 ts'z sheung: to
wound with a
pointed wea-
pon.行刺 hāng-ts'z: to as-
sassinate.

1337

辭 ts'z: to decline;
to refuse; to
resign; speech;
language.辭職 ts'z chik: to re-
sign from one's
post.辭別 ts'z-pīt: to take
leave.

此 此 刺 辭 辭

此 刺 辭

此 刺 辭

1334

次 ts'z: a time; turn;
second; next.下次 hā ts'z: the next
time.

一次 yat ts'z: once.

1336

廁 ts'z: a privy; rest
room; lavatory.廁所 ts'z-shōh: privy;
water-closet.水廁 shuī ts'z: water-
closet.

1338

磁 ts'z: magnetic;
iron ore.磁石 ts'z-shêk: lode-
stone.

次 廁 磁

次 廁 磁

次 廁 磁

1339

似 ts'z: like; similar; to resemble; as; as if.

似乎 ts'z-foō: as though; as if; similar to.

好似 hó-ts'z: very alike; for instance.

1341

段 tuēn: part; piece; section; paragraph.

一段 yat tuēn: a section; part; division.

一段新聞 yat tuēn san-mān: a paragraph of news.

1343

斷 tuēn: to determine; assuredly.

斷 t'uēn: to cut off; to break.

斷定 tuēn-tīng: to decide; to settle; definite.

斷送 tuēn-sūng: to give up in despair.

斷絕 t'uēn tsuēt: to cease; to cut off.

似

似

段

斷

斷

似

似

段

段

斷

斷

1340

短 tuēn: short; brief; few.

長短 ch'eūng tuēn: detail; good point and bad point; measurement.

短處 tuēn ch'uè: defect; shortcoming.

短命 tuēn mōng: to die young.

1342

團 t'uēn: a lump; cake; cluster; to gather around.

團結 t'uēn-kīt: closely united; inseparable; co-operation.

團聚 t'uēn-tsuī: to unite.

團體 t'uēn-t'ai: unity; union; community; organiza.

1344

奪 tuēt: to take by force; to take away.

奪去 tuēt huī: to take away by force.

奪回 tuēt ooi: to get back by force.

短

團

團

奪

短

短

團

團

奪

奪

t'uèt

1345-- 1350

t'ui

1345

脫 t'uèt: to strip;
to remove; to
escape; to
avoid.

脫帽 t'uèt mō: to lift
or remove the
hat.

脫離 t'uèt lei: to de-
part; to dis-
associate with.

脫險 t'uèt hín: out of
danger.

脫

1347

對 tuí: to respond;
a pair; opposi-
te to; facing.

對頭 tuí-t'au: hostile;
enemy.

對手 tuí-shau: a match
for; an equal.

對答 tuí-taap: to re-
ply or give an
answer.

對

1349

推 t'ui: to push; to
decline; to a-
void; to infer.

推辭 t'ui ts'ē: to re-
fuse; to decline.

推測 t'ui-ch'ak: to con-
jecture; to inf-
er.

推想 t'ui-seung: infer-
ence; deduction.

推舉 t'ui-kui: to nomin-
ate.

对

推

脫

脫

對

对

推

推

1346

堆 tui: heap; mass;
pile; to heap.

草堆 ts'ó tui: a stack
of straw.

堆塞 tui-sak: to block
up; to obs-
truct.

堆

堆

堆

1348

隊 tuí: group; squad;
company.

隊伍 tuí-ng: a forma-
tion of troops;
in pairs; file.

出隊 ch'ut tuí: to go
out to battle.

收隊 shau tuí: to with-
draw; to re-
treat; to re-
turn to quar-
ters.

隊

隊

隊

1350

腿 t'ui: thigh; leg;
ham.

大腿 taaf-t'ui: the
thigh.

火腿 foh-t'ui: cured
ham.

腿

腿

腿

1351

退 t'ui: to retire;
to withdraw.退回 t'ui-ooi: to re-
turn; to turn
back.退還 t'ui-waän: to re-
turn unac-
cepted.告退 kò t'ui: to re-
sign; to with-
draw.

1353

獨 tük: only merely;
single.獨立 tük-laap: to be in-
dependent.獨裁 tük-ts'oi: arbitr-
ary; dictator-
ial.

1355

頓 tün: to arrange;
to knock; to
bow; suddenly.整頓 ching-tün: to set
in order; to
improve.

退

獨

独

頓

退

退

獨

獨

頓

頓

1352

讀 tük: to read aloud;
to study.讀書 tük shue: to read;
to study.讀熟 tük shük: to stu-
dy enough to
be able to re-
cite.

1354

毒 tük: poison; virus;
to hate.

毒藥 tük yeük: poison.

中毒 chung tük: to take
poison by ac-
cident; poison-
ed.服毒 fuk tük: to take
poison.毒打 tük tá: a cruel
beating.

1356

東 tung: the east;
eastern; host;
master.東方 tung-fong: the east;
Orient.

東京 tung-king: Tokyo.

東家 tung-ka: head of
house or firm.

讀

讀

毒

東

讀

讀

毒

毒

東

東

1357

冬 tung: winter.
 冬天 tung-t'in: winter.
 冬至 tung-chì: winter
 solstice.

1359

凍 tung: cold; icy.
 凍水 tung shuí: cold
 water.
 凍死 tung sî: to die of
 cold.

1361

洞 tung: to see throu-
 gh; to per-
 ceive; a cave;
 cavity.
 洞悉 tung sik: to know
 thoroughly.
 山洞 shaan tung: a cave;
 cavern.

冬

冬

凍

凍

洞

洞

洞

洞

1358

懂 tung: to under-
 stand.
 懂得 tung tak: to under-
 stand.
 不懂人事 pat tung yān-
 sî: slow wit-
 ted; unrea-
 sonable.

1360

動 tung: to move; to
 influence; to
 affect.
 動產 tung ch'ān: mova-
 ble property.
 行動 hāng-tung: beha-
 vior; conduct.
 運動 wān-tung: physical
 exercise; to
 influence.
 動身 tung shan: to start.

1362

通 t'ung: through; to
 reach; to com-
 municate; all;
 general.
 通用 t'ung yung: in com-
 mon use.
 通知 t'ung-chi: to in-
 form.
 通信 t'ung sun: to cor-
 respond.
 通過 t'ung-kwòh: to pass.

懂

懂

動

動

通

通

t'ung

1363 - 1368

t'ung

1363

桶 t'ung: cask; tub;
pail; chest;
box.水桶 shuǐ t'ung: pail;
bucket.

1365

疼 t'ung: ache; pain;
to feel a pain.疼爱 t'ung-òì: to love
deeply.

1367

同 t'ung: altogether;
with; united.同志 t'ung-chí: comrade;
common pur-
pose.同時 t'ung-shí: at the
same time.同事 t'ung-sê: colleague;
co-worker.同學 t'ung-hôk: school-
mate.

桶

疼

同

桶

疼

同

桶

疼

同

同

1364

統 t'ung: to lead and
command; to
rule; the
whole; all.統一 t'ung-yat: to uni-
fy.統計 t'ung-kai: general
total; statis-
tics.

1366

痛 t'ung: pain; ache;
illness.忍痛 yán t'ung: to bear
pain.受痛 shau t'ung: to suf-
fer pain.

1368

筒 t'ung: pipe; tube.

信筒 sùn t'ung: mail box.

統

痛

筒

統

痛

筒

統

痛

筒

1369

銅 t'ūng: copper;
brass.

黃銅 wōng-t'ūng: brass.

銅鑼 t'ūng lōh: brass
gong.

1371

於 uē: in; at; with;
from; by; throu-
gh.於是 uē-shī: then; there-
upon; accord-
ingly.

1373

娛 uē: to enjoy; to
rejoice; to
give pleasure;
to entertain.娛樂 uē-lōk: amusement;
entertainment.娛樂場 uē-lōk ch'eūng:
recreation
ground.

銅

銅

銅

於

於

於

于

娛

娛

娛

1370

童 t'ūng: boy; girl;
virgin.童子 t'ūng-tsé: a lad;
boy.小童 siú-t'ūng: a
small boy.

1372

餘 uē: surplus; re-
mainder.有餘 yāu-uē: more than
sufficient.餘力 uē līk: spare ener-
gy.

1374

魚 uē, uē: fish in
general.

魚雷 uē-luī: torpedo.

沙甸魚 sha-tin-uē: sar-
dine.

童

童

童

餘

餘

餘

魚

魚

魚

魚

1375

如 uē: as; like; if.

如果 uē-kwōh: if; if really.

如意 uē-i: as you wish.

如何 uē-hōh: how then?; why?.

1377

與 uē: with; together; give; grant; particle of query.

與又 uē-k'âp: also; together with.

1379

預 uē: to prepare; to provide against.

預防 uē-fōng: to guard against.

預先 uē-sin: beforehand; in advance.

預言 uē-în: prophecy; to predict.

如

如

如

與

與

與

与

預

預

豫

預

1376

雨 uē: rain; shower; to rain.

落雨 lōk uē: to rain.

雨衣 uē-i: raincoat.

1378

語 uē: word; saying; to converse.

古語 k'ô uē: archaism.

隱語 yán uē: cryptic language.

語法 uē faät: grammar.

1380

遇 uē: to meet; to happen; to occur.

遇見 uē-kìn: to happen to meet.

遇事 uē sî: when something happens.

遇險 uē hím: to encounter danger.

雨

雨

雨

語

語

語

遇

遇

遇

1381

冤 uen: to oppress;
to wrong; act
of injustice.

冤枉 uen-wóng: a wrong;
injustice.

冤仇 uen ch'au: a grud-
ge.

1383

完 uēn: finished; to
finish; to com-
plete.

完滿 uēn-moón: to end;
culminate; full;
satisfactory.

完備 uēn-péi: well equ-
ipped; all
ready; pre-
pared.

1385

圓 uēn: round; cir-
cular; a dol-
lar.

圓圈 uēn-huen: a ring;
circle.

圓形 uēn yīng: circular.

冤

冤

完

完

圓

圓

1382

怨 uèn: indignant
with; to re-
gret; to grum-
ble; to com-
plain.

怨恨 uèn-hân: to hate.

怨言 uèn-ín: grum-
bling com-
plaint.

1384

園 uēn: garden; or-
chard; park.

花園 fa-uēn: flower gar-
den.

菜園 ts'oi uēn: vegetable
garden.

菓園 kwók uēn: an orchard.

1386

原 uēn: source; cau-
se; origin;
plain.

原本 uēn-poón: origin;
original;
really.

原價 uēn ká: original
cost; cost.

平原 p'īng-uēn: a plain.

怨

怨

園

園

原

原

1387

元 uên: first; original; dollar.

紀元前 kei-uên ts'in: before Christ; B.C.

元首 uên-sháu: the head; leader; ruler.

元帥 uên-shuì: commander in chief; generalissimo.

一元 yat uên: one dollar.

元

元

1389

沿 uên: following; to follow along; to continue.

沿路 uên lô: all along the road.

沿岸 uên ngón: along the shore; coastal.

uen hoi yat
taai: all
along the
coast.

沿

沿

沿

1391

軟 uên: weak; feeble; yielding; soft; pliable.

軟弱 uên-yeúk: weak; feeble.

柔軟 yau-uên: soft; pliable; meek.

軟

軟

軟

軟

1388

員 uên: an official; a person of some position.

委員 wai-uên: specially deputed official.

員

員

員

1390

遠 uên: far; distant; remote.

好遠 hó uên: very far.

遠見 uên kín: to see from afar; farsighted.

遠東 uên-tung: the Far East.

遠

遠

遠

1392

院 uên, uên*: hall; building; establishment.

孤兒院 koo-í uên: orphanage.

大理院 taai-leí-uên: supreme court.

立法院 laap-faht-uên: legislative department.

院

院

院

uên

1393 - 1398

uêt

1393

原願 uên: willing; to desire; wish for; to long for.

自願 tsz uên: of one's own free will.

原願 uên ì: willing; favorably inclined.

請願 ts'êng uên: a petition.

願

願

願

1395

乙 uêt: to mark; stem; curved.

甲乙 kaap uêt: the first and second.

乙

乙

乙

1397

越 uêt: to pass over; to exceed.

越南 uêt-naâm: Indo-China.

越界 uêt kaai: to pass beyond the territory.

越軌 uêt-kwai: out of the beaten track; out of legal activity.

越

越

越

1394

縣 uên: governmental district.

縣長 uên-cheung: district magistrate.

縣城 uên shing: district city.

縣

縣

縣

1396

月 uêt: moon; a month.

月光 uêt-kwong: moonlight.

賞月 sheung uêt: to worship the moon on the 15th of the 8th month.

月

月

月

1398

閱 uât: to peruse; to look over; to inspect.

閱報室 uât pò shat: a reading room.

閱歷 uât-lîk: experience; to undergo.

閱

閱

閱

1399

屋 uk: house; dwelling; abode.

屋主 uk chué: landlord; owner of the house.

房屋 fōng-uk: houses; dwellings.

1401

話 wá, wá*: language; speech; word; to speak.

會話 ool-wá*: conversation.

不成話 pat shing wá: nonsense.

話別 wá pít: to bid farewell.

1403

懷 waaí: bosom; affection; to cherish.

懷孕 waaí yán: to become pregnant; conception.

懷念 waaí-ním: to think of; in remembrance.

屋

話

懷

怀

屋

話

懷

屋

話

懷

1400

華 wá: beauty; elegance; splendor.

華洋 wá yeung: China and foreign nations.

華文 wá mán: the Chinese language.

華盛頓 wá-shing-tún: Washington.

1402

畫 wá: picture; drawing; painting.

畫 waák: to draw; to paint; to plan; a stroke.

畫家 wá ka: an artist.

水彩畫 shuí-ts'oi wá: water-color painting.

一畫 yat waák: a stroke or mark (in writing).

1404

壞 waaf: to spoil; to ruin; to destroy; spoiled.

學壞 hók waaf: to learn evil.

壞處 waaf ch'ùè: bad points.

華

美

畫

画

壞

坏

華

美

畫

画

画

壞

坏

waāk

1405 - 1410

waāng

1405

或 waāk: perhaps; un-
certain; or.
或者 waāk-ché: perhaps;
it may be that.
或可 waāk hōh: probably;
it may be possi-
ble.

1407

灣 waan: bay; a curve.
海灣 hoi-waan: a bay.
轉灣 chuēn waan: to turn
a corner.

1409

環 waān: ring; orna-
ment; to en-
circle.
耳環 ĭ-waān: earrings.
環繞 waān-iū: to encir-
cle; to sur-
round.

或

灣

灣

環

環

或

灣

環

或

灣

環

1406

劃 waāk: graining
tool; to carve;
to cut out; to
mark.
劃地界 waāk tēi-kaai:
to lay out the
boundary.
劃分 waāk fan: to di-
vide; to dis-
tinguish be-
tween.

1408

還 waān: to return;
to repay; still.
還債 waān chaai: to repay
a debt.
還錢 waān ts'īn: to re-
pay money.
還手 waān-shau: to re-
taliate; to
strike back.

1410

橫 waāng: crosswise;
perverse; at
the side.
橫行 waāng hāng: per-
verse con-
duct; prevail-
ing.
橫財 waāng ts'oi: wind-
fall; good
luck.

劃

劃

還

還

橫

劃

還

橫

劃

還

橫

waät

1411 - 1416

wai

1411

挖 waät: to excavate;
to dig; to scoop up; to
gouge.

挖井 waät tséng: to
dig a well.

1413

毀 wai: ruin; to des-
troy.

毀滅 wai mīt: to ex-
terminate.

毀棄 wai heì: to cast
away.

1415

慰 wai: to comfort;
to soothe;
to caress.

安慰 on-wai: to com-
fort; to pl-
ease.

慰問 wai-mán: to in-
quire after
health.

慰勞 wai-lō: to com-
fort those
who labor.

挖

挖

挖

毀

毀

毀

慰

慰

慰

1412

威 wai: majesty; pomp;
awful; pretty;
authoritative-
ness.

威嚴 wai-in: majestic
and stern.

威風 wai-fung: awe-in-
spiring reputa-
tion.

發威 faät wai: to show
sternness.

1414

委 wai: to delegate;
to give over.

委員 wai-uēn: deputy;
delegate; s-
pecial com-
mission.

委任 wai-yām: to appoint;
to delegate.

委託 wai-t'òk: to en-
trust.

1416

喂 wai: to feed; to
suckle.

喂奶 wai naai: to suckle;
to feed with
milk.

威

威

威

委

委

委

喂

喂

喂

喂

喂

1417

為 wai: to be; to do;
to make.為 wai: because; the
reason of; by
means of.行為 hāng-wai: conduct;
behavior.為人 wai yan: to be a
man.為國 wai kwok: for one's
country.

為

為

1419

違 wai: to oppose;
to disobey.違背 wai-pooi: to dis-
obey; to vio-
late.違令 wai ling: to dis-
obey order.違禁 wai-kam-pán: cont-
rabad goods.

違

違

1421

偉 wai: great; gigan-
tic; powerful;
strong; mighty.偉人 wai-yān: great man;
hero.偉大 wai-taaf: great; gi-
gantic.

偉

偉

1418

圍 wai: to surround;
to enclose.圍牆 wai-ts'eūng: a
boundary wall.圍攻 wai kung: to be-
seige.

圍

圍

1420

維 wai: to connect;
to fasten.維持 wai-ch'i: to aid;
to maintain.維新 wai-san: to re-
form; to mo-
dernize.

維

維

1422

位 wai, wai: seat;
throne; site.高位 ko wai: high po-
sition.好位置 hó wai-chì:
a good or ad-
vantagous po-
sition or
site.幾多位 kei-toh wai:
how many per-
sons?

位

位

1423

衛 wai: to defend; to preserve; to guard.

衛生 wai-shaang: health; hygiene.

衛兵 wai ping: a body guard.

1425

溫 wan: warm; gentle; benign.

溫和 wan-wōh: mild; benign.

溫習 wan-tsaap: to review (lesson).

溫暖 wan-nuēn: warm; lukewarm.

1427

運 wân: to transport; to turn; turn of destiny or fate.

運貨 wân foh: to transport goods.

運費 wân fai: freight.

運動會 wân-tung-ooi: athletic meet.

運動 wân-tung: to exercise; to canvass.

衛

衛

溫

溫

運

運

1424

胃 wai: stomach; digestion.

胃口 wai-hau: appetite.

開胃 hoi wai: to stimulate the appetite; hearty appetite.

1426

雲 wān: cloud.

浮雲 fau wān: passing cloud; drifting cloud.

雲集 wān tsaap: to assemble in crowd.

1428

混 wân: confused; mixed; disorderly; to confound; to mix.

混亂 wân-luēn: in disorder; in confusion.

混合 wân-hōp: mixture.

胃

胃

雲

雲

混

混

1429

榮

wīng: glory; splendor.

榮華

wīng-wā: glory and prosperity.

榮譽

wīng-uê: honor; honored; renowned.

1431

鍋

wōh: pot; boiler; pan; caldron.

煖鍋

nuēn wōn: heater for wine or food.

1433

禍

wōn: calamity; woe; misfortune.

惹禍

yē wōn: to bring misfortune on oneself.

禍根

wōn kan: the seed of misfortune.

榮

榮

鍋

禍

榮

榮

鍋

禍

禍

禍

1430

永

wīng: eternal; forever.

永遠

wīng-uēn: eternally; forever.

永生

wīng-shaang: eternal life; never die.

永久

wīng-kau: permanence; perpetuity.

1432

和

wōh: peace; in harmony; peaceful; together.

和平

wōh-p'ing: peaceful; calm; mild.

和氣

wōh-hei: cordial; affable.

和約

wōh-jēuk: peace treaty.

調和

t'iu-wōh: to mix properly.

1434

獲

wōk: to obtain; to catch; to seize; to arrest.

獲利

wōk lei: to make profit.

獲罪

wōk tsui: to commit an offense.

永

永

永

和

和

和

獲

獲

獲

1435

黄 wōng: yellow; imperial.

黄豆 wōng-tāu: soy bean.

黄昏 wōng-fan: twilight; eventide.

黄河 wōng-hōh: The Yellow River.

1437

蝗 wōng: locust.

蝗虫 wōng-ch'ūng: common locust.

1439

旺 wōng: brilliant; vigorous; prosperous.

旺月 wōng uet: prosperous month of the year.

黄

黄

蝗

蝗

旺

旺

1436

王 wōng: king; prince; ruler.

王位 wōng wai: throne; rank of king.

1438

往 wōng: to go; to proceed; formerly.

往来 wōng-loī: intercourse.

往往 wōng-wōng: frequently; generally.

1440

也 yǎ: also; a particle.

也曾 yǎ-ts'āng: already.

王

王

往

往

也

也

王

往

往

也

yam

1441 - 1446

yan

1441

音

yam: sound; tone;
communication;
news.

土音

t'6 yam: local pro-
nunciation;
dialect.

收音機

shau-yam-kei:
radio.

音信

yam-sùn: news; ti-
dings.

1443

飲

yám: to drink; to
swallow.

飲茶

yám ch'ā: to drink
tea.

飲湯

yám t'ong: to take
soup.

請飲

ts'eng yám: to in-
vite to a ban-
quet.

1445

因

yan: because; cau-
se; reason; to
rely on; for.

因為

yan-wai: because;
on account of.

因何

yan hōh: why? where-
for?

因病

yan pēng: because
of illness.

音

音

音

飲

飲

淮

飲

因

因

因

1442

陰

yam: shade; dark;
female; nega-
tive principle.

天陰

t'in yam: the sky
is cloudy.

陰涼

yam leūng: shady and
cool.

1444

任

yân: to sustain;
be responsible;
an office;
trust.

任意

yâm-ì: as one pl-
eases; volun-
tary.

信任

sùn-yâm: to have
confidence in.

任用

yâm-yung: to em-
ploy; to engage.

1446

恩

yan: kindness; g-
race; favor.

恩人

yan-yân: benefac-
tor; patron.

恩惠

yan-wai: grace;
bounty.

陰

陰

陰

陰

任

任

任

恩

恩

恩

1447

印 yàn: a seal; to print.

蓋印 k'òì yàn: to seal; to stamp.

印度 yàn-tò: India.

1449

引 yǎn: to lead; to guide; to induce; to quote; a preface.

引誘 yǎn-yǎu: to entice; to induce.

引起 yǎn héi: to arouse; to elicit.

引導 yǎn-tò: to lead; to instruct.

引渡 yǎn-tò: to extradite.

1451

一 yât: the numeral one; a unit; unity.

一定 yât-têng: certainly; decidedly.

一帶 yât-taai: nearby; all along.

一樣 yât-yeung: similarly; alike.

印

印

引

引

一

一

引

壹

弋

一

1448

人 yān: man; person; human.

人工 yān kung: wages; salary; labor.

人格 yān-kaak: personality; disposition.

人命 yān mēng: a life.

黑人 hak yān: negro.

1450

入 yâp: to enter; to put into; to receive.

入門 yâp-moôn: to enter a door; to make a beginning.

入手 yâp-shau: at the outset; elementary.

入場券 yâp-ch'eung-huèn: admission ticket.

1452

日 yât: the sun; a day; daily.

日用 yât yung: daily expense; necessities.

日曆 yât-lîk: calendar.

日本 yât-poón: Japan.

人

人

入

入

日

日

日

yau

1453 - 1458

yau

1453

憂

yau: grieved; depressed; anxious; sad.

憂愁

yau-shaū: sad; depressed.

憂心

yau-sam: heavy heart; anxious.

1455

休

yau: to rest; to desist; to put away; to move.

休業

yau fɛ: to suspend business.

休戰

yau chìn: truce; armistice.

1457

油

yau: oil; grease; paint; to oil.

豬油

chue yau: lard.

生油

shaang yau: peanut oil.

電油

tín yau: gasoline.

憂

憂

憂

休

休

休

油

油

油

1454

優

yau: to excel; abundant; leisure.

優待

yau-toi: to treat with great kindness.

優等

yau táng: the best class.

優美

yau-měi: excellent.

1456

由

yau: from; by; to permit.

由你

yau nǎi: as you please.

由來

yau-loi: cause; origin; reason.

1458

遊

yau: to saunter; to roam; to travel.

遊戲

yau-hei: sport; amusement.

交遊

kaau yau: social intercourse.

遊街

yau-kaai: parade.

優

優

優

由

由

由

遊

遊

遊

yaü

1459 - 1464

yaü

1459

柔 yaü: pliant; tender; mild.

柔弱 yaü-yeük: effeminate; soft.

1461

游 yaü: to float; to swim; to travel; to wander.

游水 yaü-shui: to swim.

上游 sheung-yaü: upper course of the river.

下游 hâ-yaü: lower course of the river.

游蕩 yaü-tóng: wandering; to ramble.

1463

友 yaü: friend; companion; friendly.

親友 ts'an-yaü: relative and friend.

交友 kaau yaü: to associate with.

友邦 yaü-pong: friendly country.

柔

柔

柔

游

游

游

友

友

友

1460

郵 yaü: post office; lodge.

郵政 yaü-ching: postal service.

郵票 yaü-p'ü: postage stamp.

郵差 yaü-ch'aa: postman.

1462

有 yaü: to have; to possess; there is; affirmation.

有用 yaü yung: useful; serviceable.

有效 yaü-haü: effective; valid.

有罪 yaü tsui: guilty.

1464

又 yaü: also; yet; again.

又有 yaü yaü: there is also.

又來 yaü loi: to come again.

郵

郵

郵

有

有

有

又

又

又

yaü

1465 - 1470

yeük

1465

右

yaü: the right;
right(as oppo-
site to left).

右手

yaü-shau: the right
hand.

右邊

yaü pin: on the
right hand side;
to the right.

1467

野

yě: something; a
thing; savage;
rude; wild;
waste country.

野獸

yě-shau: wild ani-
mal.

野心

yě-sam: unscrupu-
lous; unscrupu-
lous ambi-
tion.

野外

yě-ngoi: in the
country.

1469

約

yeük: a covenant;
bond; agree-
ment; appoint-
ment.

大約

taaf-yeük: about;
roughly; pro-
bably.

失約

shat yeük: to fail
to meet an ap-
pointment; to
fail in an a-
greement.

右

右

右

野

野

野

約

約

約

1466

爺

yē: sir; gentleman;
term of res-
pect.

老爺

lǎo-yē: sir.

1468

夜

yē: night; late.

夜晚

yē-maän: in the
night.

夜學

yē hòk: night sch-
ool.

1470

若

yeük: if; suppo-
sing; like;
as to.

若果

yeük-kwón: if; sup-
posing.

若然

yeük-in: if this is
the case.

爺

爺

爺

夜

夜

夜

夜

若

若

若

1471

弱 yeûk: weak; feeble;
infirm.

弱點 yeûk tím: weak point;
weak side.

氣力衰弱 hèi lík shui-
yeûk: fail-
ing stren-
gti.

1473

秧 yeung: shoot of
(rice) plant;
young plant.

秧秧 wāh-yeung: rice
seedling.

插秧 en' aap yeung: to
transplant
seedling.

1475

洋 yeŭng: foreign;
ocean; vast.

洋人 yeŭng-yān: a for-
eigner.

太平洋 t'aaí-p'íng-
yeung: The Paci-
fic Ocean.

弱

弱

弱

秧

秧

秧

洋

洋

洋

1472

藥 yeûk: drug.

藥水 yeûk-shuí: liquid
medicine.

藥房 yeûk-fōng: modern
drug store.

1474

央 yeung: the middle;
center; to en-
treat.

中央 chung-yeung: the
center; middle.

中央政府 chung-yeung
chìng-fóo: the
central go-
vernment.

1476

羊 yeŭng: sheep; go-
at.

綿羊 mīn-yeung: sheep.

山羊 shaan-yeung: goat.

羊毛 yeung-mō: wool;
fleece; woo-
len.

羊城 yeung-shēng: a name
for Canton.

藥

藥

藥

藥

央

央

央

羊

羊

羊

1477

楊 yeung: poplar; aspen; willow.

楊柳 yeung-lau: the willow.

楊梅 yeung-moi: arbutus; strawberry.

1479

揚 yeung: to display; to publish; to raise.

揚名 yeung ming: to become famous.

揚子江 yeung-tsz-kong: The Yangtze River.

1481

樣 yeung: manner; sort; kind; model; pattern.

同樣 t'ung-yeung: of the same kind.

樣本 yeung-poón: sample copy.

楊

楊

楊

揚

揚

揚

樣

樣

樣

1478

陽 yeung: positive or male principle; the sun; male; membrum virile.

陽電 yeung tin: positive electricity.

太陽 t'ai-yeung: the sun.

1480

養 yeung: to nourish; to rear; to bear.

養育 yeung-yuk: to rear; to bring up.

教養 kaau-yeung: to raise and instruct.

養病 yeung peng: to nurse one's health.

1482

讓 yeung: to give away; to yield; to resign.

讓位 yeung-wai: to give place; to abdicate.

退讓 t'ui-yeung: to yield; to retire.

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yik

1483 - 1488

ying

1483

益

yik: advantage; benefit; profit; to increase.

有益

yā yik: beneficial.

益處

yik ch'ue: advantage; benefit.

1485

英

ying: excellent; valiant; brave.

英雄

ying-hūng: hero; knight.

英國

ying-kwòk: England.

英文

ying-mān: the English language.

1487

影

ying: image; shadow.

影相

ying-seung: to photograph.

影響

ying-heung: to affect; effect; influence.

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1484

疫

yik: pestilence; epidemic.

疫症

yik-ching: epidemic; pestilence.

1486

應

ying: right; proper; ought.

應

ying: to respond; echo; to fulfill.

應該

ying-koi: ought; should.

應用

ying yung: practical; useful.

1488

形

ying: appearance; form; to give form.

形容

ying-yung: to describe; appearance.

形勢

ying-shai: feature; configuration; condition.

疫

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ing

1489

仍 yīng: still; yet.

仍然 yīng-lín: still; after all.

仍在 yīng tsòf: still in existence.

1489 - 1494

1491

營 yīng: military post; camp; to do business.

營房 yīng-fōng: barrack.

營業 yīng-lp: to do business; business; trade.

1493

認 yīng: to recognize; to confess.

認識 yīng-shik: to know; to recognize.

認真 yīng-chan: truly; really.

認錯 yīng ts'òh: to admit the wrong or mistake.

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1490

迎 yīng: to receive a guest; to meet.

迎接 yīng-tsíp: to receive; to entertain.

失迎 shat yīng: to fail to receive a guest at the door.

1492

蠅 yīng: fly species.

烏蠅 oo-yīng: house fly.

蠅虎 yīng-foó: the jumping spider.

1494

肉 yūk: flesh; meat; pulp of fruit.

牛肉 ngau-yūk: beef.

肉丸 yūk uán: meat ball.

迎

迎

迎

蠅

蠅

蠅

肉

肉

肉

1495

玉 yūk: jade stone;
gem.

玉石 yūk-shêk: jade stone.

玉器 yūk-hei: jade arti-
cle.

1497

擁 yūng: to crowd; to
crush; to em-
brace.

擠擁 tsai-yūng: to crowd;
crowded.

1499

勇 yūng: bravery; dar-
ing; courage.

勇敢 yūng-kóm: bravery;
courage.

勇氣 yūng-hei: brave spi-
rit; valor.

玉

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1496

育 yūk: to bear; to
nurture; to
rear; to foster.

教育 kaaü-yūk: educa-
tion; to teach.

體育 t'ai-yūk: physical
training.

1498

容 yūng: to contain;
to endure; de-
meanor; look.

容貌 yūng-maaü: looks;
visage; ap-
pearance.

容忍 yūng-yán: patient;
forbearing.

1500

用 yūng: to use; to
employ; ex-
penses.

用人 yūng yān: to em-
ploy people.

育

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